Gettysburg Compiler

96TH YEAR | GETTYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, JANUARY 3, 1914 | NO. 20

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED

ALONG THE LINES OF INDIVIDUAL HAPPENINGS.

Comings and Goings, Social Events and Other Items of Interest.

—Dr. Ira Stoner of Baltimore was a recent visitor at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Stoner

—Dr. and Mrs. Rufus B. Weaver have returned to Philadelphia after a week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. J. Weaver.

—Mrs. Penrose Myers has returned from a month's visit in Cincinnati, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs Lane Schofeld of that city, who will spend some time here.

—J. Barley Kendlehart has returned to Harrisburg after spending several days with his aunts, the Misses Kendlehart, on West Middle street.

—Miss Esther Ring has returned from an extended visit with relatives in Washington, D. C.

—Dr. and Mrs. C. E. Treibley and children of Washington, D. C., are spending some time with Mrs. Treibley's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Ring.

—Prof H. Milton Roth spent the past week in Pittsburgh attending the meeting of the State Educational Association.

—Miss Ruth McIlhenny of West Chester, has been spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs W. A. McIlhenny on Lincoln avenue.

—Miss Elizabeth Rummel has returned from a week's visit with her brother in Baltimore.

—Miss Zita Ramer is visiting friends in Philadelphia Lancaster and Harrisburg.

—Miss Reba Miller and Edgar Miller have returned from a visit with friends in Cumberland, Md.

—Miss Alma Little is spending some time with her sister, Mrs. John G. K[illegible] in Pittsburgh.

—Rufus M. Weaver, Esq., has returned to Washington after spending the holidays with his parents at their home on Baltimore street.

—Mrs. Clara Beatrice and Mrs. J. W. Benner of Chambersburg street are visiting at the home of Rev. and Mrs. W. H. Hetrick in Westminster.

—Miss Helen Kendlehart has returned from a week's visit with friends in New York City.

—Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Shoads and Miss Alice Shoads have returned to the home of Mrs. Shoads on E. High street after spending some time in Baltimore.

—Mr. and Mrs. Paul A. Martin and family have returned from a short visit with relatives in Reading.

—Harold Spangler visited friends in Lewisberry during the holidays.

—Chase E. Fahnoy of Philadelphia has been spending the past week with relatives in town.

—Mr. and Mrs. Flynn and son of Centralia, Rev. Fr. Mark Stock of Carlisle, Joseph Stock of Pittsburgh, and Simon Stock of Mt. St. Mary's College, have been spending the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Stock.

—Mrs. John Shirey, after spending several days with her parents, has returned to her home in Reading accompanied by her sister, Miss Ruth Plank.

—Mrs. Paul Kepple of Vandergrift is spending several weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Hamilton.

—Mr. and Mrs. U. F. White have returned to Cape Charles, Va., after a week's visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Troxell.

—Miss Justine Hartley has returned from spending her vacation with relatives in East Berlin.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Lippy and family were visitors in Philadelphia this week.

—Misses Sallie and Annie Skelly of this place attended the golden wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. George Skelly at their New Franklin home.

—Wm. P. Devine of Hanover, slipped on steps of Hotel O'Bold and strained one of the ligaments of his right leg.

Leaves Forestry Board.

Dr. Joseph T. Rothrock has resigned as a member of the State Forestry Commission after serving 29 years. His resignation has been accepted by Governor Tener.

Dr. Rothrock, who is 74 years old, desires more time for his private work.

More than a quarter of a century ago Doctor Rothrock, while serving as a professor of botany in the University of Pennsylvania, advocated a forestry system in this State.

During the second administration of Governor Robert E. Pattison, in 1895, the State Forestry Commission was formed and Doctor Rothrock was made the first commissioner.

During the administration of Governor Samuel W. Pennypacker, Doctor Rothrock ceased to be a commissioner but was made secretary of the commission, and he was a member of the group which purchased forest lands for the State, converting them into reservations.

Store Sold.

Ex-County Treasurer Jacob G. Sionaker has sold his hardware store, the "Gettysburg Supply House," to J. Herman Bream. An inventory of the store was taken this week and Mr. Bream takes possession of store Jan. 3. Mr. Sionaker rents the store and house to Mr. Bream and will move to property on Hanover street which Mr. Bream will vacate.

College Moves Forward.

A campaign for new buildings to the value of $130,000 was authorized at the winter meeting of the Board of Trustees of Gettysburg College in Harrisburg, on last Tuesday. The Board accepted and approved the plans of President Wm. A. Granville, recommending a campaign for a Science Hall, at a cost of $75,000, additions and repairs to Stevens Hall at cost of $10,000, engineering shop $10,000 and infirmary $5,000. It was decided to ask the General Education Board — Rockefeller Foundation — for one-fourth of the money or $32,000. Dr. Granville will be in charge of the committee to raise the money.

The Building Committee to go ahead with new buildings and improvements was named as follows: Dr. Wm. A. Granville, Dr. A. E. Wagner, George Neff, Esq., H. C. Picking and B. F. Clough.

The committee named for the infirmary was Dr. George B. Kunkel of Harrisburg, Dr. Chas. Baum, Philadelphia, and Dr. Fred. Bloomhardt, Altoona.

The Board is to be congratulated on the new program and its recommendation that "the style of architecture of Pennsylvania Hall be copied as far as practicable in any new college buildings, all to form part of a harmonious and comprehensive plan for future expansion."

The resignation of Dr. John A. Himes as Graeff professor of English Literature and Political Science was accepted with appropriate resolutions of regret. He has occupied this chair 40 years.

Henry Robinson Shipherd of Harvard University was elected to succeed Dr. Himes, to take chair next September. Prof. Shipherd graduated from Harvard in 1908, and has been on the faculty of that institution from 1910-1914 and was recommended by his university as highly qualified for an English professorship.

M. Stuard Macdonald, M.D., of Cornell University, was elected Professor of Economics and Political Science, the new course in Commerce and Finance, and to start next September. He is a Canadian by birth and received his degree for post-graduate work at Cornell, and comes recommended in highest terms.

The college year was reduced from 36 to 35 weeks and the tuition fees will be slightly increased from $80 to $100 for year. The faculty resolution forbidding hazing was approved. The Athletic Council was increased from three to six. John F. Lapp, the member from Board of Trustees, Harry J. Stahler, additional alumni member, and Clyde A. Fasick additional student member. The chair held by Professor Sanders was changed to William Bittinger Professor of Philosophy and Education and the chair of Dr. Granville will be known as "President."

Prominent Educator.

Prof. Albert S. Cook, Superintendent of Schools in Baltimore county, Md., and whose wife was a Miss Earnshaw of this place, is prominently mentioned for superintendent of schools in Washington and District of Columbia. The latter position is regarded as one of the most important offices in the public schools of the country and carries a $6000 salary. Prof. Cook, for 13 years Superintendent of the Baltimore county schools, has built up a reputation as the leading county educator in his State. Prof. Cook was a member of the class of 1885 of Gettysburg College and graduated from Princeton.

Mrs Stover Recovering.

Mrs. Simon P. Stover of McKnightstown is slowly recovering from injuries received in an automobile accident and her condition is such now that complete recovery is looked for. The accident took place when her son, Dr. James G. Stover of Bendersville, was conveying his father and mother from McKnightstown to his home on road near Arendtsville the automobile ran into a gutter, upset and the three were thrown out. Dr. Stover and his father Simon P. Stover, escaped uninjured but his mother received injuries that confined her to bed for days and at one time her condition was critical.

York Springs Fire.

On Monday evening, Dec. 29, York Springs had a fire which destroyed the storage house and wagon shed of E. J. Myers, entailing a loss of several hundred dollars. A bucket brigade kept the fire from spreading to nearby buildings. Lamps burning in an oats spouter in building destroyed is supposed to have caused the fire.

Pastor Robbed.

On last Sunday night the home of Rev. G. M. Diffenderfer, D.D., of Carlisle, was entered by robbers and all the eatables in the house were stolen and a small sum of money. Among the articles taken was an old dish, prized as an heirloom. The robbers were apparently frightened as they were finishing their work. The house was robbed eight years ago.

A Predicament

Misses Sarah and Martha Lott of Route 4, Gettysburg, were driving through a fording of Marsh Creek recently when the buggy was washed away and the horse walked out of the stream and they were left sitting in the buggy in three feet of water. When the water began to move the buggy, their cries for help brought several neighbors to help them out of the unpleasant predicament.

—January meeting of Parent-Teachers Association will meet next Friday, Jan 9

THE NEW CURRENCY LAW

GIVEN TO THE COUNTRY BY DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

President Woodrow Wilson Makes Speech When he Signs Bill.

President Woodrow Wilson made the country the Christmas gift of a new currency law by putting his signature to the new law which passed both Houses of Congress. The Senate adopted the bill on Dec. 23 and the same day the President put his signature to it.

The National Bank Act became a law in 1863 over fifty years ago. It was a war measure and built upon the fact of a great national debt. This debt began to disappear years ago and for sixteen past years the Republican administrations have faced the problem of an absolute need of a new currency law. There was an attempt made in the Aldrich bill but it was constructed under the influence of the money trust and it never became a law.

Democracy in the great fight for the presidency with Woodrow Wilson, as standard bearer promised in its platform a new currency law. Democracy has fulfilled its promise in the passage of the present law, a law so good that many Republicans voted for it. In the Senate the vote was 43 to 25 in its favor. It is a law so good that many great bankers have pronounced it to be eighty and ninety per cent. all right, and only the operation of the law can show whether it will need trimming or additions.

President Wilson upon signing the bill addressed a delegation of Senators and Congressmen, saying:

"I need not tell you," said the President to the assembled group, "that I feel a very deep gratification at being able to sign this bill, and I feel that I ought to express very heartily the admiration I have for the men who have made it possible for me to sign this bill. There have been currents and counter-currents but the stream has moved forward. I think that we owe special admiration to the patience, leadership, skill and force of the chairmen of the two committees; and behind them have stood the committees themselves, exercising a degree of scrutiny and of careful thought in this matter which undoubtedly has redounded to the benefit of the bill itself. Then there has grown, as we have advanced with this business and the great piece of business which preceded it, evidences of team work that to my mind have been very notable indeed. Only constructive action, only the action which accomplishes something, fires men with the enthusiasm of co-operation, and I think that at this session of Congress we have witnessed an accumulating pleasure and enthusiasm on the part of the membership of both houses in seeing substantial and lasting things accomplished.

LIFTED ABOVE PARTISANSHIP.

"It is a matter of real gratification to me that in the case of this bill there should have been so considerable a number of Republican votes cast for it. All great measures under our system of government are of necessity party measures, for the party of the majority is responsible for their origination and their passage; but this can not be called a partisan measure. It has been relieved of all intimation of that sort by the cordial co-operation of men on the other side of the two houses who have acted with us and have given very substantial reasons for acting with us. So that I think we can go home with the feeling that we are in better spirits for public service than we were even when we convened in April.

"As for the bill itself, I feel that we can say that it is the first of a series of constructive measures by which the Democratic party will show that it knows how to serve the country. In calling it the first of a series of constructive measures, I need not say that I am not casting any reflections on the great tariff bill which preceded it.

SUPPLEMENTS TARIFF ACTION.

"The tariff bill was meant to remove those impediments to American industry and prosperity which had so long stood in their way. It was a great piece of emancipation for the a hundred mills of American commerce and American industry which are certainly to follow.

"Then there came upon the heel of it this bill which furnishes the machinery for free and elastic and not controlled credits put at the disposal of the merchants and manufacturers of this country for the first time in 50 years. I was refreshing my memory on the passage of the national bank act which came in two pieces, as you know in February of 1863, and in June of 1863; it is just 50 years ago since that measure suitable for that time was passed, and it has taken us more than a generation and a half to come to an understanding as to the readjustments which were necessary for our own time. But we have reached those readjustments. I myself, have always felt when the Democratic party was criticised as not knowing how to serve the business interests of the country that there was no use of replying to that in words. The only satisfactory reply was in action. We have written the first chapter of that reply.

"We are only favored by the circumstances of our time. We come at the end of a day of contest, at the end of a day when we have been scrutinizing the processes of our business—scrutinizing them with critical, and sometimes with hostile, eye. We have slowly been coming to this time which has now, happily, arrived when there is a common recognition of the things that it is undesirable should be done in business and the things that it is desirable should be done. What we are proceeding to do now it to organize our peace, is to make our prosperity not only stable, but free to have an unimpeded momentum.

"It is so obvious that it ought not need to be stated that nothing can be good for the country which is not good for all the country. Nothing can be for the interest of the country which is not in the interest of everybody; therefore the day of accommodation and of concession and of common understanding is the day of peace and achievement of necessity. We have come to the beginning of that day. Men are no longer resisting the conclusions which the nation has arrived at as to the necessity of readjustments of its business. Business men of all sorts are showing their willingness to come into this arrangement, which I venture to characterize as the constitution of peace. So that by common counsel and by the accumulating force of co-operation we are going to seek more and more to serve the country.

EYES OPENED TO FRIENDLINESS.

"I have been surprised at the sudden acceptance of this measure by public opinion everywhere. I say surprised, because it seems as if it had suddenly become obvious to men who had looked at it with too critical an eye that it was really meant in their interest. They have opened their eyes to see a thing, which they had supposed to be hostile, to be friendly and serviceable—exactly what we intended it to be, and what we shall intend all our legislation to be. The men who have fought for this measure have fought nobody. They have simply fought for those accommodations which are going to secure us in prosperity and in peace. Nobody can be the friend of any class in America in the sense of being the enemy of any other class. You can only be a friend of one class by showing it the lines by which it can accommodate itself to the other class. The lines of help are always the lines of accommodation.

"It is in this spirit, therefore, that we rejoice together to-night, and I cannot say with what deep emotions of gratitude I feel that I have had a part in completing a work which I think will be of lasting benefit to the business of the country."

New Parcel Post Orders.

Two official orders, widening the scope of the parcel post, have been received by Postmaster Beales. The one, effective Jan. 1, changes the weight limit from 20 to 50 pounds in the first and second zones, and from 11 to 20 pounds in the other zones, and the other, to be inaugurated March 16 permits mailing of books, which have been considered third class mail in the past, but which after the change will be sent by parcel post as fourth class mail, and at a much cheaper rate than at present.

With the new order will come a change in zones, including additional territory to be covered under certain rates. A table is now being prepared giving the proposed changes. The weight changes effective on and after Jan. 1, are as follows:

From 20 to 50 pounds in the first and second zones, and from 11 to 20 pounds in the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth zones. The changes in the weight limit have been anticipated for a long time, but the order placing books on the parcel post schedule come as a big and agreeable surprise. Publishers are now making their shipments principally by express because to mail books requires great expenditures.

The present rate for books is one cent for every two ounces. The new order will permit shipment of books in 50 pound lots at parcel post rates The new schedules will also include lower rates for packages weighing more than four ounces in the third, fourth, fifth and sixth zones.

In the third zone the rate will be six cents for the first pound and two cents for each additional pound; in the fourth zone, seven cents for the first pound and four cents for each additional pound; in the fifth zone, eight cents for the first pound and six cents for each additional pound; in the sixth zone, nine cents for the first pound and eight cents for each additional pound.

Holiday Weddings.

CASHMAN—HULICK—Warren E. H. Cashman, son of Mr and Mrs. Ephraim H. Cashman, of near Pines church, Straban township, and Miss Hazel A. Hulick, daughter of Mr. and Mrs Wm N. Hulick, of New Oxford, were united in marriage at the Lutheran parsonage, in New Chester, on Saturday evening, Dec 20, by Rev E. E. Dietterich.

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PAXTON—PETERS—On Tuesday evening, December 23, the Rev. E. Victor Roland, pastor of the Lutheran Church of the Redeemer, of Harrisburg, united in marriage Maurice T. Paxton, of Goodyear, and Miss Nora Mae Peters, of Aspers. The ceremony was performed at the home of Mrs Ellie Landis and was witnessed by a few intimate friends. They will reside at Goodyear

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HULL—DORWART.—At the Eagle Hotel, McSherrystown, on Christmas Day, Miss Mary Theresa Dorwart, daughter of the proprietor, became the bride of LeRoy Hull, son of Mr. and Mrs. U. B. Hull of New Holland, Lancaster county. The ceremony was performed at half past ten by Rev. C. W. Baker. The attendants were Miss Erla Hull, sister of the groom, as maid of honor, and John Dorwart, brother of the bride as best man; Pauline Stump, flower girl.

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BENNER—HORNER.—At the home of the Rev. Seth Russell Downie, Taneytown, Mervin H. Benner and Miss Effie W. Horner, both of Adams county, were married on Christmas morning by Rev. Downie.

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ABELS—FISHER.—William A. Abels, of Hanover, and Mrs. Daisy I. Fisher of Kingsdale, this county, were married in St. Matthew's Lutheran parsonage, Hanover, on Wednesday evening, December 24, by Rev. A. M. Heilman. Mr. and Mrs. Abels have gone to housekeeping in a home near Blue Garter, McSherrystown.

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BUCHER—ALEXANDER.—At Trinity Reformed parsonage, Waynesboro, on Wednesday, Dec. 24, James Harrison Bucher of this county, and Miss Blanche Alexander of Frederick county, Md., were married by Rev. F. F. Bahner, D.D.

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MILLER—WOLLET.—Jacob W. Miller of Philadelphia, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob D. Miller, of this place, and Miss Olga Margaret Wollet, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Wollet, of Hanover, were married Saturday evening, Dec. 20, by Rev. A. H. Irvine.

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REED—STICK.—Harry W. Reed, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Reed of Hanover, and Miss Eva R. Stick, daughter of Charles Stick of Union township, were married at St. Paul's Lutheran parsonage, Hanover, by Rev. Wm. I. Reicay, Wednesday, Dec. 24.

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MILLER—WHERLEY.—On Dec. 23, Dr. T. J. Barkley married at the Reformed parsonage Miss Edna E. Wherley of near Gettysburg, and Paul E. Miller of near Littlestown.

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ACKERMAN—BOUSE.—Frank Ackerman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Ackerman of McSherrystown, and Miss Nora May Bouse, of York, were married in St. Mary's Church, McSherrystown, Dec. 23, by Rev. L. Aug. Reudter. They were attended by Miss Edna Ackerman, sister of the groom, as bridesmaid, and Augustus Miller as best man.

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WIRE—CROUSE.—Miss Mabel Margaret, the third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob S. Crouse, of Westminster, was married to Leroy Crumbling Wire, of Sells Station, on Wednesday, Dec. 24, in the Reformed parsonage at Litlestown, by Rev. F. S. Lindaman. They will reside at Sell's Station.

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RIGGIN — MCCONNOR. — Miss Lillian McConnor of New York, and Gordon E. Riggin, Esq., of Fort Wayne, Ind., were married in New York on Friday. The bride is a daughter of Captain and Mrs. P. S. McConnor of Carlisle St., and a sister of Mrs. Norman S. Heindel. Mr. Riggin is formerly from Chrisfield, Md. He is a graduate of St. John's College and the Law Department of the University of Maryland.

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GETTEL—RINEHART.—On Dec. 24, at the home of the bride, Miss Anna M. Rinehart daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rinehart of New Oxford, and Harry C. Gettel of Baltimore, were married by Rev. Dr. Korn.

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KIRKHOFE—KIRKCHUEF—On Sunday evening, December 21, at the United Brethern parsonage, Hanover, Pa., the pastor Rev. S. A. Crabill, united in marriage Lewis H. Kirkhoff, of Union Mills, Md., and Miss Gertrude E Kerchuff, of near Littlestown, Pa.

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LAUGHMAN—RUBENSTINE—Temp. Laughman, Berwick township, and Miss Daisy Rubenstine of Union township, were married by Squire V. H. Lilly in his office, McSherrystown, on Wednesday, December 24

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During the month of December there was celebrated at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Spangler in Fairfield, the golden wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Wertz of Hanover, the silver wedding anniversary of their daughter and husband, Mr. and Mrs. I. Arthur Spangler and the second anniversary of their granddaughter and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence M. Wolfert. There was a fourth generation present in a granddaughter 11 months old.

Masonic Banquet.

The annual Masonic banquet was held on Monday evening, Dec. 29, at the Hotel Gettysburg. After the elaborate menu had been given attention Hon. Wm. T. Ziegler acted as toastmaster and following toasts were responded to: "Good Samaritan Lodge," by the retiring Grand Master, I. Harry Holtzworth; "Free Masonry and Good Citizenship," by Dr. A. E. Wagner; "Our Youngest Brother," by Rev. T. C. Hesson; "Grand Lodge of Pa.," by Robert Caldwell, and "Free Masonry Sonia of the Mason and Dixon Line," by Capt. J. K. P. Scott. The evening concluded with singing "Auld Lang Syne."

Teacher Resigns.

Miss Mary E. Robinson, teacher of the Intermediate School, Littlestown tendered her resignation to the School Board. The resignation has been accepted, and Mrs. Geo. R. Julius, the substitute teacher, will take charge of the school until a teacher can be procured.

PEACE MEMORIAL BILL

GIVES FULL AUTHORITY TO COMMISSION AS TO MEMORIAL.

Full Text of the Bill as Presented to the Congress of the U. S.

The exact language of the bill introduced in the House of Repreesntatives of Congress by Congressman Swagar Sherley of Louisville, Ky., on Dec. 20, for the formation of a Gettysburg Peace Memorial Commission is very broad, giving full authority to the commission of determining the nature and character of an appropriate peace memorial, so that a Hall of History if approved by the commission as an appropriate memorial, would come under their power to erect.

The following is a copy of the bill.

A BILL

To create the Gettysburg Peace Memorial commission charged with the duty of locating the memorial on the Gettysburg battle field to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of that battle July first, second, third, and fourth, nineteen hundred and thirteen.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that a commission is hereby created, to be known as the Gettysburg Peace Memorial Commission, charged with the duty of determining and procuring a suitable location and the erection thereon of an appropriate memorial on the battle field of Gettysburg, to commemorate the reunion of the veterans of the Union and Confederate armies on the fiftieth anniversary of that battle, July first, second, third, and fourth, nineteen hundred and thirteen.

Sec 2. That in the discharge of its duties the said commission is authorized to employ the services of such artists, sculptors, architects, and others as it shall deem necessary.

Sec 3. That said commission shall consist of the Secretary of War; John P. Nicholson, chairman of the Gettysburg National Military Park Commission; and Andrew Cowan, Eli Torrance, John C. Black, and Thomas S. Hopkins representing the Union veterans, and Hilary A. Herbert, William Hodges Mann, E. McIver Law, and A. J. West, representing the Confederate veterans.

Sec. 4 That whenever a vacancy or vacancies upon said commission shall occur such vacancy or vacancies shall be filled by the President of the United States.

Sec. 5. That said commission shall submit an annual report to the Congress giving a detailed statement of the work of the commission during the preceeding year.

Sec. 6. That the members of said commission shall be paid their actual expenses incident to the authorized work of the commission.

Sec. 7. That for the purpose of the erection of the said memorial and the expenses incident thereto there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of $500,000, or as much thereof as may be necessary.

Additional Deaths.

DAVID CHRONISTER and his wife, Mrs. Leah Chronister, of near East Berlin, died on last Tuesday night, Dec. 30, within an hour of each other. The husband had been ill for some time and was about 80 years old. He died, first, before midnight, and an hour later the wife died from pneumonia, aged about the same as her husband. A daughter was ill with pneumonia in the house at the same time. The double funeral was held on Friday, Jan. 2, services by Rev. W. A. Miller of East Berlin, and Rev. P. M. Spangler of York, interment in Red Run Cemetery. Three sons and four daughters survive. George Chronister living in this county, and the rest in York county.

REBECCA SHEELY, widow of Noah Sheely, died at her home near Cashtown on Tuesday, Dec. 30, from pneumonia, aged 78 years. The funeral was held on Friday with interment at Arendtsville. Her maiden name was Miss Rebecca McIlvaine. Her husband died in 1907 and she leaves nine children, Mrs. Mary Pelott of Cashtown, Mrs. C. A. Stonesifer of Philadelphia, Edward Sheely, Harriet Sheely, Robert Sheely, Andrew Sheely, Misses Phoebe, Alice, Hettie Sheely at home. She is survived by two brothers and two sisters, Luther McIlvaine of York, Montier McIlvaine of Indiana, Mrs. Sarah Flood of Kansas, and Mrs. Mary Bear of Missouri.

JOSEPH R. HYKEMAN died at his home at Mt. Rock on Monday, Dec. 29, aged 63 years, 2 months and 24 days. The funeral was held on Friday, Rev. Fr. Kohl celebrating the high mass of requiem at Conewago Chapel, interment in the Chapel Cemetery. He leaves a wife and five children, Basil, Bart and Miss Rose Hykeman at home, Mrs. Alexander Neidigh of Mt. Rock, and Mrs. Clem Neidigh of Irishtown. A sister survives, Mrs. Moses Palmer of Harrisburg.

RICHARD and ROBERT MUMMERT, twin sons of Mr. and Mrs. John Mummert of Biesecker Station, died last week about a month old. The bodies were placed in one casket and buried in the Abbottstown Cemetery.

—President Granville attended the mid-winter meeting of the Board of Trustees in Harrisburg on Monday and Tuesday.

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If unable to visit our store during this very interesting time use the telephone or mails. We will make most careful selection and send by Parcel Post PAID.

Christmas Gift Suggestions

From Adams County's Dry Goods Department Store. Stocked to the Limit With Useful and Ornamental Goods.

We will take Christmas Saving Fund checks same as cash for any purchases. Buy early to avoid discomforts of a crowd and to get a better choice.

A Dress Pattern

Of Gingham, Flannelette, Linene, Madras, Percale, or any other cotton fabric is always acceptable. Come here for a choice.

Kimino Patterns of Figured Crepe.

Kimono Patterns of Figured Flannelette.

Pretty enough to please the most fastidious taste.

Umbrellas

This has been for years a Christmas Umbrella store, and we are again fully stocked with the newest in handles, and the very best covers.

SPECIAL.

$1.00. Fine Gloria cover, tape edge, with newest straight handle, exceptional value.

$1.50 Elegant quality Gloria, with straight handles embellished. This is a $2.00 value.

$2.50. Silk covers of a superior quality, newest trimmed handles.

$3.00, $4.00 to $5.00. Finest Silk Umbrellas, black and colors, with Sterling and Gold plate embellishment on fine and new style handles.

MEN'S UMBRELLAS.

Great assortment new handles. Silk and Gloria. $1.00 $1.50. $2.00 up. Same values as those quoted for ladies. Also Suit Case Umbrellas for men.

Hosiery

Ladies' Silk Hose. Special values in Black, Tan, White, Pink, Blue, Onyx and Niagara brands. 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50. The $1.00 and $1.50 kind will be boxed.

Lisle Hose, in Black, Tan and white. Gauze and heavier weight, regular made, 25c and 50c.

Ladies' and Childrens' Hose, all sizes, in great variety, colors are White and Black, 10c and 15c.

Children's "Buster Brown" Rib Hose all sizes, never-wear-outs, 25c.

Aprons

Aprons suitable for every member of the family.

At 25c. Round and Fancy Aprons in four or five different styles, as well as large Lawn Aprons that cover the skirt.

At 50c. Fancy Swiss and Lawn, Embroidered and Lace Ruffles, also Nurses and Waitresses Aprons.

At $1.00. Beautifully trimmed fancy Aprons in several designs and at every between price.

Amoskeag Ginghams, full and large, on band, 25c.

Same quality large bib Apron with straps, 33c and 50c.

Knit Goods &c. For Infants Use

Baby Sweaters $1.00 and $1.25.
Sacques, 25c, 50c to $1.00.
Booties, 10c, 15c, 25c.
Leggings, 25c.
Drawer Leggings, 50c.
Mittens, 10c, 15c, 25c.
Knit Caps, 25c and 50c.
Bibs, 5c, 10c, 15c, 25c.

Hand Made Coach and Cart Robes. White Eiderdown with ribbon trimming, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50.

Goat Skin Cart and Coach Robes, $4.00, $5.50 to $7.00.

Sweaters

Bradley and other makes in new this season's styles, all wanted colors.

Sweater Coats for Men, Women and Children make an excellent gift.

Misses and Children's Sweaters, 50c to $2.00.

Ladies' All Wool Sweaters $1.50, $4.50 to $9.00.

Men's Cotton and Mixed Sweaters 50c and $1.00.

Many of our Sweaters have the large collar now so much desired. Then too remember there is a difference in fit and style and wear.

Knit Goods For Grown Ups

Ladies' and Misses Aviation Caps, Eiderdown Wool, very elastic, all colors, 50c and 85c.

Virginia Knit Wrap, wraps around the body and takes the place of a Sweater, much easier taken off, $1.50.

Bradley Mufflers 25c and 50c.

Short Skirts, cotton and wool knit, 25c, 50c to $2.00.

Knit Shawls and Scarfs, 50c and $1.

Many other things in this line.

Art Embroidery—Embroidery & Crochet Threads—Stamped & Printed Goods

All require the loving hand to finish.

Cushion Tops, newest patterns of printing on Crash, Art Tick &c., 25c an 50c.

Tinted Stamped Squares and Round Tops 25c and 50c.

Stamped Crash Laundry Bags 50c.

Tinted Patterns in Table Tops 25c.

Cushion Cords, Cushion Fringe, Embroidery Crashes, Hucks, &c.

Stamped on White Linen Guest Towels, Huck and Turkish for Embroidered Initial.

Pin Cushion Tops, stamped.
Drinking Cup Cases.
Face Cloth Cases.
Comb and Brush Cases.
Soap Cases.
Tooth Brush Cases.
All the above 25c and 50c.

Pillow Cases to Embroider. Linen and Hill Muslin.

"Golden Fleece" Yarns.

Slipper Soles.

D M C Threads—every character.

Fancy Ribbons—Initial, &c.

A regular Art Embroidery Store.

Furs

Please the average woman more than anything else. We never have had the pleasure of showing a better line of New Shapes and Fashionable colors, including Imitation Black Fox and Lynx and Gray Kitt. Wear guaranteed at one-third the price of the genuine. Brown Opossum and Natural Animal Furs of Fashionable colors. White Thibit and Imitation Fox.

Children's and Misses' Fur Sets ranging in price from $1.00 to $10.00 per set.

A Tailored Suit

Still a fair selection from about 50 Suits, at a great saving over regular season prices.

Large and odd sizes for stout women.

Ladies and Misses Coats

A wonderful selection at reduced prices. Ladies' Persianna Plushes, Chinchillas, Cut Velours and Zybalines splendidly made and stylishly cut. Misses and Children's Coats in jaunty styles.

Dresses

Ladies' Serge, Poplin and Silk Dresses. Children's Dresses. Everything you may want in Children's and Misses Ready to Wear Goods.

Kimonos

Kimonos, short and long, Crepe and Flannelette. Would be greatly appreciated by an invalid friend. $1.00, $1.50 $1.75, $2.25.

Blanket Bath Robes $5.00.

Waists

Our stock of Waists is full of Christmas suggestions in both Tailored and Lingerie, Silk and Lace covered. Some new Spring Waists ahead of time for Christmas selling.

Skirts

Dress Skirts, worsteds, $3.00 to $6.75 with a style only attained by the best dressmaker. Newest shapes and materials.

Petticoats

Think over the many things you will likely find in any city Ready to Wear Department, and you will find it in ours. We cannot go into details but here are

Petticoats in Heatherbloom at $1.50, $2.00 and $3.00.

Imitation Heather at 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25.

Satteen 75c, $1.00, $1.25 to $3.00.

Black Silk Taffeta $3.00 to $4.50.

Colored Silk Taffeta $1.95, $3.50 to $5.00.

Special Colored Silk Taffeta, high colors, $1.95.

Messalines, $4.50, $4.75, $5.75. Some with Silk Jersey Tops, "Eppo" and "Anna Held," Black and colors.

Black Jersey Top, with Messaline ruffle, "Eppo" $4.00 to $6.00.

Extra size Petticoats in all the different grades.

Rain Coats

Great assortment of "Bestyette" goods, in prices ranging from $2.50 to $16.50.

Prices from $5.00 up all guaranteed.

Children's Rain Coats and Capes, 6 to 12 years, $3.00 to $4.50.

Capes $1.50 $2.50, $3.00.

Fancy Goods — A Thousand Things — And Then Some

Fancy Bead Bags

The kind our grandmothers used to carry, only much prettier, various sizes and colors. $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00.

Fine Gold and Silver Beaded Bags, very handsome, $2.00, $3.00 to $5.00.

Gun Metal Steel Bags, for persons in mourning, $5.00.

Leather Bags. A handsome gift in the newest shapes and sizes. Seal, Morocco and other leathers. Black and various colors, leather lined with a coin purse inside. Gilt, Silver or Oxidized mountings. A great assortment and special values. 50c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00.

Fancy Combs

All sizes Side and Back Combs in amber, shell and grey, 10c, 15c and 25c.

Side and Back Comb Sets, new shapes with brilliants, $1.00 per set, single pieces 50c.

Auto and Fancy Face Veils, 25c, 50c and $1.00.

Fancy Articles

At 25c and 50c, boxed singly for gift giving.

Belt Pins, Black, Silver, Gilt and Oxidized.

Made Belts, Fancy and Elastic, New Widths.

Fancy Beltings—Elastic Beltings.

Fancy Veil Bars and Bar Sets.

Fancy Hat Pins.

Cuff Buttons, Brooches, and many other articles of this character.

Cute Hug Me Kiddies, 25c, 50c and $1.00.

Tubby Dogs and Fi Fi Cats 48c & 98c

Silk Collar Bags, 75c.

Doll Head Pin Cushions, 50c, 59c, 75c, $1.00.

Fancy Silk Cushions, various shapes, 40c, 59c, and 75c.

Silk Work or Fancy Bags, 35c and 59c.

Ladies' and Men's Traveling Slippers, each pair in a case, $1.00.

Fancy Bureau Rods, Silk Covered Coat Hangers, Crochet or Work Bag Sets, 59c and 75c.

And a thousand other fancy articles.

Tourist & Traveling Cases

Folding Cases, useful article for the suit case or bag cretonne and silk covered, rubber lined with compartments for wash cloth, comb and brush, tooth brush, soap, &c., 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50 up to $3.00.

Silk and Cretoned covered rubber lined Wash Cloth and Soap Holders, 25c and 50c.

Hair, Cloth & Hat Brushes

"Keep Clean" Hair Brushes 75c and $1.00.

Guaranteed Dressing Combs 25c, 50c

Colonial Ivory

Hand Mirrors and Brushes, $1.00 $1.50 and $2.00.

Ivory Vanity Boxes, Shoe Horns, Button Hooks, Nail Files, Cuticle Knife, Manicure Shears, &c., 25c a piece.

Silk & Mull Scarfs

Great variety of colors, sizes and qualities. Prices 50c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00. Each one from $1 up will be boxed if desired.

Ladies Neckwear

Our stock is now complete, selected with gift giving in mind, with full assortment of all the most desirable things. Lace Jabots, Irish Crochet in all shapes, Ties, Bows and Dutch Collars, Plauen Collar and Cuff Sets and many others. Each one will be boxed for gift giving, 25c, 50c, 75c, and $1.00 up.

Ruffings and Ruchings by the yard, 25c and 50c per yard.

Neck Ruffs of Chiffon and Lace $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.50.

A Dress Pattern in a Xmas Box

Makes a very acceptable gift. One of the most sensible gifts for relative or close friend. We have every color both in silk or wool goods that you would likely want. We will give you just the quantity you want and pack it nicely in a Christmas box.

A Silk Waist Pattern Boxed

You cannot go wrong for wife, mother, daughter or near friend. We offer any number of styles ranging in price from 50c a yard up. New patterns in Mercerized Madras and others.

White Dress Fabrics in sheer and the heavier kinds for dresses and waists.

When in doubt as to what to buy your friends you will surely find what will settle the vexing question in this department.

Gifts for Father, Brother, Sister and the Housekeepers

Gloves

Everybody wants Gloves, especially Winter Gloves.

Men's Lined, Silk Lined and Plush Lined Tan and Grey Reindeer, $1.00.

Men's Dress Moche and Cape Gloves $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.

Men's Wool Knit Gloves 25c and 50c.

Men's Wool Gauntlets 50c.

Boy's Leather Cowboy and Scout Gauntlets 50c.

Boy's Wool Lined Cape Gloves, 1 clasp, $1.00.

Boy's Cape, unlined, $1.00.

Shirts

Correct patterns, full made—and they fit.

20 styles and patterns, Monarch and Avondale at $1.00.

56 styles Coat and Negligee R. & M. "Fashion" a $1.00 value at 50c.

Blue and Grey Flannel Shirts $1.00 and $1.25.

20 styles Boys' R. & M. Shirts, full cut, 50c.

10 styles Boy's Blouse Waists, 50c.

Men's Outing and Muslin Night Shirts 50c, 75c and $1.00.

Men's Madras and Outing Pajamas $1.00.

Working Shirts, "Jumbo" brand, 50c.

Purses

Men's Coin Purses, Folding and Tight Wad Bill Books, various shapes and sizes, 25c up.

Suspenders

In fancy Christmas boxes, "President," "Common Sense," "Easy" and "Shirly" 25c, 50c and $1.00.

Suspender Sets, Arm Bands and Hose Supporters in Christmas boxes, 75c and $1.00.

Neckwear

Over 100 patterns and styles newest shapes, New Flowing Ends and Straight Four-in-Hands, boxed, 25c and 50c.

Paris Hose Supporters

In boxes, a useful and acceptable present.

Men's Hose

Every kind of good sock in all the wanted colors and fancies at from 10c to 25c.

Men's Silk Plaited Hose, black and colored, 50c.

Men's Silk Hose, black, 50c and $1.

Comfort at Home for Men

House Coats and Smoking Jackets, Kenyon and Peerless makes, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00 to $7.00.

Robes for the bath room or for lounging, comfort all through, $2.50, $4.00 to $5.00.

We advise your early inspection as duplicates or reorders may disappoint.

Kid or Fabric Gloves

An attractive present when boxed in a Christmas box, and if you do not know the size we will exchange after Christmas.

Women's and Misses Centemeri Kid in three grades, Black and Colors, Capitol $1.00, Walton $1.50, Florine $1.85.

Women's and Misses' one Clasp Cape Glove, piqué sewed, Brown, Grey and Black, special value $1.00.

Women's Mocha, Tan and Grey, $1 and $1.50.

Women's Lined Cape, Paris points, $1.50.

Ladies' Leather Gauntlets, $1.50.

Misses' Lined Cape $1.00.

16 Button Glace Kid, White, Black and Tan, $3.50. A particularly pleasing gift to the society girl or woman.

"Niagara Maid" Silk Gloves, will outwear any silk glove made, 16 button lengths, White, Black and Tan, $1 special.

Brown and Grey, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

2 Clasp "Niagara Maid" Black, Tan and Brown, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

Women's Wool Fabric Gloves, 2 clasp, finished to look like Mocha and fits like Kid, lined with a fabric that looks and wears like Reindeer Leather. Tan, Black and Grey, 25c and 50c.

Chamoisette 2 clasp, look like a Chamoise glove, wears and washes beautifully. Natural chamoise color and white 50c.

Handkercheiis

Months ago we began to make purchases for Christmas selling. Our great outlet of Handkerchiefs gives us a purchasing capacity the equal of any three or four stores combined. We get first choice from some of the large import stocks and best prices. Should you desire to use the mails we will give the making of a choice our best care. See a partial description below.

When we say linen we mean Pure Linen. Women's Hem Stitched Borders 1-8, 1-4, or 1-2 inch hems 5c, 10c, 12 1-2c and 25c.

Women's Linen, Swiss and Dimity, with Innisfail embroidery in one corner only, others all around, some are lace trimmed, 10c, 12 1-2c and 25c.

Women's Linen and Swiss Embroidered, some in one corner only, others all around, Crochet and Tatting edge, fully 50 styles or patterns at 25c.

Armenia Hand Trimmed and Innisfail Embroidery, Embroidered insets with fancy lace or embroidered edges and many others at 50c.

Women's Linen Initial, Hem Stitched, embroidered with a neat letter, 15c, or 75c per 1-2 doz. boxed.

Fine boxed Linen or Swiss Embroidered, 6 Handkerchiefs at $1.50, $2.50 and $3.00.

Fine Bebe Irish or Duchess edges at $1.00, $2.00, $3.00 a piece.

100 patterns Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs, including initials at 10c and 15c.

Children's Fancy Embroidered 3 in fancy box, 15c.

Handkerchiefs at 5c. Over 200 doz. plain and fancy borders. A great assortment some are initialed.

Men's Linen Initial Hem Stitched, in 1-4 inch hems, neat embroidered letter, 25c, on $1.50 per 1-2 doz. boxed.

Men's Extra Size Linen Hem Stitched 10c.

Men's Hem Stitched Linen, 1-8 and 1-4, 1-2 inch hems, 25c, 35c, 40c and 50c., boxed in purchase of three.

Men's Linen Hem Stitched, exceptional value, 1-4, and 1-8 inch hems, 10c and 12 1-2c.

Boy's size Linen Handkerchiefs 2 for 25c.

Men's Fancy Bordered at 5c, 10c and 15c.

Table Linen & Napkins

We are showing a beautiful line of Table Damask, with Napkins to match. You cannot go wrong to decide on a table length put up in a Christmas box—with prices to suit all—75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 per yard. Napkins to match $2.50, $3.00, $4.00 $5.00 per doz.

Mercerized Damask with Napkins to match, 35c to 50c per yard.

Linen Damask Table Sets, 2 to 3 yds., of fine Damask with 1 doz. Napkins to match, $4.00 and $6.00.

Linen Lunch Cloths 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 at $1.50, $2.00 to $3.00.

Linen Damask Lunch Sets, Hem Stitched and Scallop edges in 36 x 36 and 45 x 45, 1 doz. Napkins to match at $3.00, $4.00, $5.00 per set.

Linen Scarfs, Squares, and Centers, sizes from D'Oylies to 36 x 36 Cloths. Some done in beautiful eyelet embroidery, some round and scalloped edges, by the piece or set. Mexican Drawn Work, Cluny, Plauen and Rennaissance trimmed pieces.

Great variety from special low prices to fine.

Towels

No housekeeper will believe she has all the towels she needs. We have them in every character. The good sturdy kind that father likes for daily use in Hucks and Bath Terries, as well as the more refined and beautiful Damasks. We know that we will give you better value than most stores and a far greater assortment to choose from. 10c, 15c, 25c to $1.25 a piece.

Special values under the new tariff.

Blankets & Bedding

To any housekeeper, next to linens, we suggest a pair or two of our beautiful Wool Blankets.

Full Size, All Wool at $5.00, White, Grey and Scarlet.

White, Grey and Plaid, full size, at $3.50 to $9.00.

Sewing Thread Warp, every between price.

Single Bed Size, Wool, at $2.50, $3.00 to $4.00.

Wool Nap Blankets, every thread cotton but so processed as to appear as wool, and quite as warm, $2.00 to $3.50 per pair.

Army Blankets, $3.40.

Robe Blankets $1.25 and $1.50.

Lamb Fleece filled Comforts from $2.50 to $5.00.

Or if you do not care to invest so much, there is beauty, comfort and service in our Cotton Fleece Bed Comforts, Silkaline or Satteen covered, full size, $1.00, $1.40, $2.00 to $3.00.

Down Quilts, Beautiful, soft warm and comfortable, Satteen covered in beautiful patterns interlined. You cannot make a mistake with one of these. $5.50, $6.50, $7.50.

Bed Spreads, Crochet and Satin finished Marseilles, full sizes, some with cut corners and fringe, some with scallop edges. A full assortment of patterns at each price, $1.00, $1.25, $2.00 up to $5.00.

Hem Stitched Pillow Cases, or Bolster Cases, 50c a piece for Bolster Cases and 25c a piece for Pillow Cases.

The Carpet Department

Offers a great many items suitable for gift giving, for instance, how about replacing that old carpet with a handsome 9 x 12 Axminster Rug, $20.00 to $29.50; 9 x 12 Tapestry Rug, $11.50 to $18.00. Small Rugs in every size and price.

A greater choice here than the combined stocks of any three or four stores in Adams county.

To make housekeeping easy and life longer:

A Sterlin Vacuum Cleaner $9.00.

Duntley Vacuum Cleaner $8.00, $8.00 and $10.00.

Bissell & National Sweepers, $2.50 to $4.00.

Ohio Electric Cleaner, best in the market, $25.00.

Red Star Dustless Mops $1.39.

Wizzard Dustless Mops with 1 qt. can of polish, $1.50.

Wool Fibre Rugs, in carpet sizes, $9.00 to $11.00.

Novelty Rugs in assorted sizes.

Portieres—beautiful Portieres—single and double door, Rope and Tapestry, $2.25 to $8.00.

Lace Curtains. Over 80 styles to select from, and at any price you wish to pay from 40c to $6.50 per pair.

Couch Covers, Tapestry and Rep weaves 50c to $5.00.

G. W. WEAVER & SON

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

AT PRIVATE SALE

The following desirable properties are now offered at Private sale :

The TEN new brick, eight room and bath, HOUSES on N. Stratton St., near Stevens. : : : :

These houses are complete in all respects, front and rear porches, lawns, heat plant, toilet, gas and electric light, hot and cold water, electric bells, and are located in good residence section. Possession April 1, 1914.

—ALSO THE—

Desirable Building Lots, 40x180 feet

lying on both sides of the Fairfield Road, near Seminary Ridge, and in Cumberland township, close to Gettysburg. This Fairfield road is a U. S. road and is always in good condition either for foot or vehicle travel. There are no lots in or near Gettysburg naturally better adapted for building purposes than these, no filling, very little grading required, prices right. Now is the time to buy. There are four corner lots and quite a number of others.

ALSO, THERE ARE FOR SALE

Desirable Building Lots, 40x180 feet

fronting on Springs Road, near Seminary Ridge. While these are not as desirable as the lots on Fairfield Road, they will be sold at lower prices. Apply to

MARTIN WINTER,

Gettysburg, : : : : Penna.

Then and Now on the Farm

THEN:

You wrote a letter and drove to the Post Office.

——Days Intervened——

You drove again to the village.

You received your purchase.

NOW:

A glance at a catalogue or newspaper.

A Bell Telephone call to the store.

The Rural free delivery.

The goods are received and are satisfactory.

How things have changed on the farm!

"Practice the Telephone Smile."

The Bell Telephone Co. of Pa.
John O. Beam, Local Mgr.,
York, Pa.

Several Second Hand Automobiles

for Sale

AND 3 SECOND HAND MOTORCYCLES

All in good shape.

Persons desiring to buy second hand machines would do well to examine these cars.

Either five passenger or two passenger cars--as desired.

CENTRAL AUTO COMPANY

6 York Street, Gettysburg, Pa

BARGAIN HARVEST

...TO...

SHOE BUYERS

You will find on our BARGAIN TABLE shoes of well known lines which we have discontinued.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 and $4.00 shoes at - -	$1.98
Others reduced to - - - -	98c & $1.48
Ladies' La France $3.00 shoes now - - -	$1.98
Children's Shoes, were 50c & $1.00 now - -	19 & 48c

C. B. KITZMILLER.

Medical Specialists In England.

What makes a doctor a specialist? Can any physician or surgeon with money behind him take a house in Harley street or neighborhood and practice as a specialist? He can do so, but it by no means follows that he will be recognized as a specialist by the profession.

To win the professional status of specialist a man must hold or have held a professorship at a medical school or an appointment at a hospital in connection with the disease or group of diseases in which he professes to specialize.

Further, he must conform to certain rules of professional conduct. He must not take a less fee than 1 guinea—2 guineas is the rule in London, and some charge 3 or even more—for a consultation, save in extraordinary circumstances. He must not see a new patient except on the introduction of the patient's own medical man. If called to a case the patient's medical man must be present or the specialist will decline to see the sufferer.—London Tatler.

Public Health.

Diseases and epidemics used to be counted as "acts of God" in the old legal phrase. It has taken modern sanitary science to discover that the most of them result from acts of man and that a good portion of the rest may be controlled by the exercise of man's power over nature. The United States government has been a pioneer among the nations in demonstrating the power of modern sanitation to save life. It sent Waring to Havana. He made it a city of health and laid down his life in so doing. It took a fever smitten tropic wilderness, its noxious jungles steaming under a torrid sun, and the death rate of the Panama canal zone is today an example to the most salubrious regions of the world. The whole history of modern sanitation tends to drive home public responsibility for public health.—St. Louis Republic.

A Fairly Good Reason.

Sir William Meredith, chief justice of Ontario, and Mr. Hellmuth are mutual fathers-in-law, the lawyer's daughter having wedded the son of the knight. During a rather tedious argument on a case which Sir William was hearing Mr. Hellmuth was proceeding to elaborate on a certain point of law which he thought had an important bearing on the issue. But the chief justice thought otherwise. He was impatient. For awhile he listened to the lawyer's argument; then he leaned back with an air of boredom and interrupted with: "Mr. Hellmuth, it seems to me that this is not relevant. What reason is there why I should be compelled to listen to all this?" Mr. Hellmuth's mouth had just a suspicion of a smile around its corners as he answered: "Reason, my lord? Why, $8,000 a year."

Iron Mold Stains.

Iron mold stains spread in any fabric they come in contact with in the wash. To remove them stretch the stained part over a basin nearly full of boiling water so that the steam may penetrate the fabric and apply with a feather a teaspoonful of salt dissolved in a dessertspoonful of lemon juice. When the marks disappear dip the material well into the hot water; afterwards rinse very thoroughly in cold water.—Exchange.

In the Same Boat.

"Sir, would you give me a little assistance?" said the weary wayfarer. "I don't know where my next meal is coming from."

"Neither do I," replied the prosperous looking individual. "My cook left this morning too."—New York Globe.

Thumbs Down.

The turning down of the thumbs in the old Roman games did not signify death. There was no such sign. To signify that the spectators desired the death of the vanquished gladiator the act, with the thumb hidden inside it, was turned down.

A Face and an Offense.

Captain—If I see your face in my house again I shall slap it. Noble Foreigner—Ah, but it ees a punishable offense! Captain—Of course it is. That is why I want to slap it.—Judge.

Quaint Description.

Little Elsie, sitting in a street car opposite a man with twitching eyelids, whispered to her mother, "Mamma that poor man has the hiccups in his eyes."—Boston Transcript.

One Hundred Varieties of Marble.

Although Vermont occupies only a small space on the map when compared with the great area of some of the other states of the Union, yet its mineral resources are very important. This little state leads the world in the production of marble and granite, and the deposits apparently are inexhaustible. The greatest center of the marble industry of the world is in the vicinity of Rutland, Vt., particularly at Proctor and West Rutland, while the greatest center of the granite industry of the world is in and around Barre and Hardwick, Vt.

Although twenty-six states furnish marble, Vermont supplies about 70 per cent of the finer grades suitable for monumental work and statuary. This state furnishes 41 per cent of all the building marble used in this country, and the demand for this kind of stone is increasing. There are about a hundred varieties of marble quarried in Vermont, ranging from the purest white, suitable for statuary, to jet black.—Walter H. Crockett in National Magazine.

MAKE FARMING PROFITABLE.

(Continued from page 2.)

From time immemorial, our Directors of the Poor have been good practical farmers. Their report for the current year will soon be published, and like its predecessors, will show that the farm has been well managed along the old lines and that the poor people committed to their care have been well treated.

These Directors should be prevailed upon to conduct a model farm for the benefit of our farmers, under direction of the State Agricultrual Department. This would bring home to our farmers the immense advantage to be gained by scientific farming. We can not believe that the large sum of one hundred and eighty million dollars per year, expended under the direction of learned men to show farmers how to conduct their business successfully, is being entirely wasted.

Coupled with the facts presented above, that the farmer of Adams, continuing their labors along traditional lines, fail to secure reasonable profits from their efforts, many of them may, upon demonstration of the new methods, cheerfully admit that they are in error, in continuing with the forty per cent. minority, who refuse their confidence to the Commissioners of Agriculture.

This minority can not be converted by mere speeches and printed declarations, they must be shown. They remain unwilling to suspend their work and attend at a railroad station to see the department demonstrators and hear their arguments. They can not afford to lose a day nor waste a dollar to determine, at their own expense, the merits of untried features in farming.

It is quite feasible to devise ways and means to enable our Directors of the Poor to secure another farm and conduct it under supervision of the State Agricultural Department, in such manner as to provide object lessons in successful farming, according to modern, scientific methods. This is a new proposition submitted for consideration. The Directors of the Poor are the proper officials to take charge of this business and supervise it in the interests of the community.

If they have not authority to purchase another farm, they will have but little difficulty in leasing one for ten years at a very low rental. No individual farmer can afford to conduct such experiments at his own expense. The community would have no confidence in his philanthropic work in their behalf. Thousands of book farmers have incurred the ridicule of their neighbors by extravagant expenditures in such demonstrations.

More than fifty years ago Horace Greeley found it necessary to invest large sums of money in his well-directed efforts to make his farm at Chappaqua profitable. His achievements were published in an interesting and instructive volume, entitled "What I Know of Farming." His example has been followed by William Jennings Bryan, who last week announced to a delegation of farm boys from Ohio that he found it necessary to continue lecturing, in order to raise funds to maintain his farm in Kansas. He regards the farm as a sinking fund, but expects ultimately to get more out of it, than he shall have put in.

A slight majority of our voters have refused to follow either of these statesmen as their leader, and our neighbors may refuse to accept their theories.

We need a model farm in this and every agricultural county of the State. If the Directors of the Poor have not authority to acquire the land and conduct the farm, let us proceed to obtain such authority for them through the Legislature. Doubtless the State Agricultural Department will be ready and willing to assist in this enterprise. May not the assistance be confidently invoked of all farm journals and leading newspapers in each agricultural county of the State.

IMPATIENT OBSERVER.

A DANGEROUS MISTAKE

Mothers Should not Neglect Kidney Weakness in Children.

Many children have weak kidneys. An early warning is bed-wetting.

Often followed by backache, headache, languor.

'Tis a mistake to neglect these troubles.

To blame the child for its own distress.

Seek to check the cause.

Save the child from dangerous kidney ills.

Doan's Kidney Pills are especially for weak kidneys.

Gettysburg parents know their worth.

G. W. Bowers, carpenter, Gettysburg, Pa., says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills and have found that they do me more good than any other kidney remedy. One of the younger members of my family had weak kidneys and Doan's Kidney Pills cured her. I advise anyone who has kidney complaint to take this remedy."

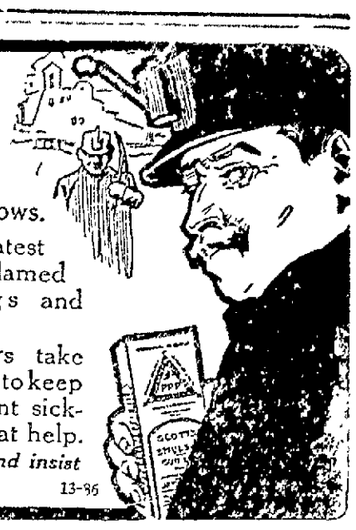
If your back aches—if your kidneys bother you, don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mr. Bowers had—the remedy backed by home testimony. At all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale by all Dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Advertisement.

A Miner's Cough Needs Prompt Attention



because the irritated membranes get no rest and consumption easily follows.

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Thousands of miners take *Scott's Emulsion* regularly to keep up their strength and prevent sickness. You will find it a great help.

Avoid alcoholic substitutes and insist on Scott's. At any drug store. 13-96

SCOTT & BOWNE, BLOOMFIELD, N. J.

THE JANUARY MAGAZINES

LINCOLN'S SENSE OF HUMOR MADE HIM A GREAT LEADER.

The Way to Avoid Disease—The Havoc of Drink in Domestic Troubles—Our Southern Highlanders.

And the politicians are right about Lincoln. He is pre-eminently the greatest of our political leaders. But we accord him this praise not on the ground of a larger moral purpose and a clearer intellect than the other leaders of his day. Other men there were in the great political drama in which his part lay whose devotion was as great as his. There were those who stated the case for freedom as clearly. But the difference is this: All these leaders—honored as they are and as they deserve to be—lost their perspective at one time or another. Lincoln never did. He never took himself too seriously. He never harbored the notion that he was indispensable to the country's progress. He never deceived himself into thinking that the whole American people were passing by when only a brass band was coming up the street. Above every other political leader of his time he had the saving grace of humane imagination, a true sense of humor. It was out of the true sense of perspective which this combination of qualities brought that he was able to realize clearly two truths which were vital to the politics of his own day and which are equally important to our own: first, that waiting is sometimes the highest form of action; and, second, that patience is oftentimes the finest expression of courage. It requires something more than good morals and high thinking to wait and be patient. It is possible only to him who has a human perspective, to him whose morals and intellect are vitalized by a humane imagination. And this endowment comes rarely except to him who rises directly out of the common people. Humanity renews itself by its own children. It is rarely saved from without. One cannot imagine Shakespeare or Lincoln born to the purple.—From "Politicians and a Sense of Humor," by Henry S. Pritchett, in the January "Scribner."

Our Southern Highlanders.

BY HORACE KEPHART

The literary excellence, accuracy and general value of this extremely interesting account of the Appalachian region and the people who live there has been signally attested by the State Historical and Literary Society of North Carolina, which has awarded the Paterson Cup for 1913 to Mr. Kephart.

Until the appearance of this book, only writers of fiction have appreciated the wealth of literary material which is to be found in this vast district, which is as large as England and Scotland, and in which there dwell some three million pure stock Americans who are directly descended from the early Scotch and Dutch settlers of Virginia and Pennsylvania, and who remain to-day untouched by the high power civilization which on all sides surrounds their mountain homes. The book is full of the quaint humor and patois of these unusual people.

Ida M. Tarbell on Strong Drink.

In the January "American Magazine," Ida M. Tarbell writes a fascinating account of the work of the Court of Domestic Relations in Chicago—a court devoted to the work of marital troubles. On the subject of drink as a cause of such troubles Miss Tarbell says:

"The havoc that drink plays in domestic troubles has never been exaggerated. It is by far the most fertile cause of separation. Last year Judge Gemmill put a system into operation by which he hoped to determine approximately the cause of family separation. The conclusion was that in 46 out of every 100 cases it is due to excessive drinking.

"The discouragement lies in the fact that in the case of excessive drinking it leaves nothing to the man which can be definitely touched. The stomach may hold out indefinitely, the character never does. The man generally loses all sense of respect for himself and for others. He becomes a shameless beggar. He lies freely and habitually to his best friends. He sponges and cheats them with uncommon ease. There is little or no help for such men while they are at large."

Adventurers in Cold and Heat.

Melvin A. Hall, the author of "Motoring in Japan," the charming article that appeared in the November "Century," sends a postal card from "8 o'clock 27 minutes N. L. 187 miles north of the arctic circle and end of the northernmost road in the world." He says: "Farthest north ever reached by a motor car. Spent last night in Lapp camp surrounded by 250 reindeer."

Another friendly letter comes from near the equator. Mr. Harry A. Franck, author of "A Vagabond Journey Around the World" and "Zone Policeman 88," writes from the wilds of Peru a cheerful letter describing some of his most recent adventures in which he says:

"I clawed up and down among cactus and wild asses the rest of the day and finally stretched my frame on some 2 x 5 feet of cleared ground in the jungle. Along the middle of the next afternoon, after dragging myself up and down most of the mountains and precipices in the vicinity, I at length discovered an Indian and a trail some seven inches wide and got a stew of guinea pig."—From Centurion Department in January "Century."

Let 14,000 Experts Work for You.

"Not one person out of a thousand even understands exactly how to avail himself of the printed information the government is ready to supply. In addition to sending out matter already printed, however, the Department holds at the service of the people some 14,000 employees ready and anxious to answer individual letters and give specific advice to people how best to manage their agricultural activities. The organization of this vast army of workers is exceedingly interesting. A brief summary of the principal bureaus is given at the end of this paper. It must be remembered that a specialist with a trained staff of assistants stands at the head of each bureau, and that under each general head there may be from five to twenty subdivisions. Each carries on a particular phase of the research.

"It makes, therefore, no difference whether the government has printed a bulletin dealing with the particular subject that interests you, or whether you know the name or number of such a bulletin. A letter or postcard making clear your problem and the matter on which you desire help, if addressed simply to the Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., will at once receive unusual attention."—Surburban Life—The Countryside Magazine for January.

The Way to Avoid Disease.

In the "Department for Better Babies" in the January Woman's Home Companion appears an article entitled "The Importance of Good Health," by Dr. S. Josephine Baker, director of child hygiene in the Department of Health of New York City. Following is an extract which tells the two main causes of disease:

"The way to avoid disease is not only by attempting to kill the germs but by making and keeping the body so strong and well that it will resist all attempts of the bacteria to gain a favorable place for growth. The real lesson of this applies to babyhood, because then may be laid the foundation of strong bodily health and disease-resisting qualities. Fresh air in abundance, nourishing food to increase the bodily strength, and attention to the functions of the body to help elimination of waste products are the three best methods we have of restoring health, no matter what the disease. So they are also, the best method we have of preventing disease, for like three watchful sentinels they stand guard against and repel the invasion of harmful, disease-inciting bacteria. The point to be remembered is that bodily resistence to disease cannot be gained rapidly, and the lack of it is often realized too late. The child who starts life handicapped with low vitality is out-distanced in the race of life almost before it has started."

ELY'S CREAM BALM has been tried and not found wanting in thousands of homes all over the country. It has won a place in the family medicine closet among the reliable household remedies, where it is kept at hand for use in treating cold in the head just as soon as some member of the household begins the preliminary sneezing or snuffling. It gives immediate relief and a day or two's treatment will put a stop to a cold which might, if not checked, become chronic and run into a bad case of catarrh.

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MAKE FARMING PROFITABLE

WHY NOT A MODEL FARM IN EVERY COUNTY.

And Why Should Not the County Farm be Such Model Farm Directed by Experts.

(Contributed.)

To the Editor of the Compiler:

"Good, only citizens in the United States are the farmers but they are about to become rich, through the great crops of wheat, corn, hay or other products, but from practical experience, I am doubtful if farmers will ever become rich by attending strictly to their business, and following the old methods.

In the report of the Hoffman Orphanage, published in the COMPILER December 3, 1913, we find this declaration, which may serve for a basis for estimating the produce grown on an ordinary farm in Adams county:

"On account of unfavorable weather conditions the crops were not as large as expected, but were above the results of the farms surrounding. They consisted of 2400 bushels of ear-corn, 400 bushels wheat, 120 oats, 150 rye, 160 barley, 50 tons hay and 3 bushels of timothy seed. Sweet corn though half a crop amounted to 9764 pounds. From one acre 150 bushels of beans were gathered. There were only 90 bushels of potatoes, about half enough for the use of the Orphanage."

This report is very interesting upon other subjects. The Orphanage has taken charge of 23 little boys intending to maintain them, and educate them in husbandry and prepare them to be good citizen. This charitable work will be extended according to the means supplied for the purpose and the report gives evidence of intention to conduct the farm as a model.

I am confident that no farm in our county can, from itself, supply the means to enable its manager to put it into proper condition and conduct it as a model farm. Money for the purpose must be otherwise obtained.

The writer does not know the acreage of the farm in Mt. Joy township conducted by the Hoffman Orphanage, but believes it to be about 150 acres, which is about the size of the average farm in this county.

Let us briefly calculate the value of the crops reported as above:

2400 bushels of ear-corn is 1200 bushels of shelled corn and at the present high price of 80 cts. per bushel, would, if it might be spared from the farm, bring $960. As a matter of fact, nearly all the crops raised upon the farm will be required to maintain the stock necessary for conducting the plantation.

Four hundred bushels of wheat at 90 cts. per bushel, may be sold for $360.

One hundred and twenty bushels of oats at 50 cts. per bushel, would be worth $60 in the market. Not one bushel of it, however, can be spared from the farm.

One hundred and fifty bushels of rye at 75 cts. per bushel would bring in the market $112.50, but every bushel of it will be needed to feed the animals upon the farm.

One hundred bushels of barley at 80 cts. worth $80, must also be retained as feed for the animals.

Fifty tons of hay, the yield this year of about 40 acres of grass, at $15 per ton, is worth $750, but all of this must also be retained for the cattle and horses.

Three bushels of timothy seed worth $9 will be required for the setting of another crop.

Nearly five tons of sweet corn may have been sold at the cannery for $11 per ton, yielding a revenue of $50, besides a portion being retained for consumption by the small boys.

Sixty bushels of potatoes are worth this year $60, and the beans raised by the boys on one acre were sold for $80.

Thus, we find that the total value of produce raised was about $2500, which is more than the average return from a farm of 150 acres in this county this year.

If the farm is to be continued, and of course it is, the farmer can not dispose of more than $500 worth of the crop; the balance must be kept as feed for the animals and seed for another crop. The net return is very poor compensation for the labor expended in seeding and harvesting and for the wear and tear and depreciation in value of machinery.

It is clear that the Orphanage must depend upon receiving assistance, and there can be no doubt it is deserving of generous help, but, who is to help the ordinary farmer? He struggles along year after year, generation after generation, "Toiling, striving, sorrowing, onward through life he goes."

From the produce of the ordinary farm, yielding as above, a closely-calculating farmer may conclude that ten or fifteen tons of the hay should be sold and that the barley and some of the rye and corn should be spared for ready cash. As a rule, in our county, everything that is marketable, is turned into cash, but, the farm should not be impoverished. The hay, straw and corn fodder are needed in taking care of about 12 cows and six horses, and convert into farm yard manure, the best and cheapest fertilizer available.

Perhaps, five or six steers will be purchased and fattened during the winter spelling for the purpose some of the corn. Not much profit in cash may be expected from fattening steers which may be purchased at $6 per hundred weight and when fattened, and one hundred and fifty pounds added to the weight of each, sold to the butcher at about $7. Usually, the farmer must be content if he gets a fair price for the hay, corn and other crops fed to the steers.

Fifteen or twenty hogs, raised on the farm, will be fattened and butchered, using in sustaining them during the year and fattening them whatever corn and other grain may be available.

From these products, as well as the dairy and poultry returns, of about $500 per year may be obtained in cash—beyond the quantity required in supporting the farmer and his family and help.

The cost of the help on the farm is an item to be considered for a farm of 150 acres can not be cultivated by the farmer alone, unless he have a family of his own, with strong boys and girls, who can render service for nothing, he would have the help of two young men for six or eight months in the year, whose wages of $18 or $20 per month, each, must be paid in cash, when the very day of maturity, or the men will be discriminated. Perhaps, a young woman is also needed to assist the farmer's wife. The maid is generally considered, even such maids must receive some compensation.

Farmers are generally considered as very, very close-fisted. They have every incentive that to continue in the business, they must save every cent they can. They have no other source of revenue, and every day some expense is necessarily incurred in keeping in order the farming implements, cows, harrows, wagons, and machinery, shoeing the horses, &c.

Extra hands must be employed in harvesting the wheat and corn, and for threshing the grain.

Diligence must be exercised constantly that the farmer may have on hand the ready money needed for necessaries, for the people with whom he deals, are as hard pressed as himself for funds, and can not allow credit. Few favors are extended him by merchants and traders, who are alert to allow him the lowest price for anything he may have to sell, and to charge him as much as possible for whatever he must purchase. He is the victim of the great trusts, which fix the prices for his produce and the rates he must pay for agricultural implements, binder twine and other necessaries, and naturally, his temper is tried, because of these impositions, and by the assertions that he is a factor in causing the high cost of living, and that he is likely to become rich because of favorable crops, or other natural causes.

In further consideration of the farmer's income, and whether farming may be made profitable by the continuance of the methods followed by their predecessors, let us take these facts and figures: A farm of 150 acres tillable land in this county may be purchased at $50 per acre, $7500. The cost of stocking it with six horses, $900; 12 cows, $600; a dozen hogs and as many sheep, a proper supply of poultry and the necessary farm implements will bring the first cost up to $2500 more, making the investment $10,000.

If the farmer begin his career April 1st, as is customary, he will at once prepare the land and sow fifteen acres in oats, and hurry along the preparation of 35 acres more to be planted in corn. By the time the corn is planted it must be worked, and such cultivation must be repeated three or four times before July 15, and during the same period the farmer must make the hay when the sun shines, and cure and store away his crop of meadow grass clover and other hay, amounting perhaps to 50 tons, the yield from about 40 acres of his land. During the same period it may be his privilege to assist in harvesting the wheat, rye and barley from 50 acres of the farm; gather in his crop of oats and make his timothy and clover seed. Attention will have been given, also, to the planting and cultivation of a few acres of potatoes and garden truck on the remaining acres.

Then, he must hurry along preparing the land for next year's crop of winter grain, devoting at least a week to hauling out the manure. About this time the corn must be cut off and the grain threshed and marketed. When the land is ready to be seeded, September 25th will have come, which date is by common consent the time to begin sowing the wheat and rye and timothy seed. As soon as this has been done, the corn is to be husked and the fodder stored away, and in the meanwhile many other farm duties must have been attended to, the potatoes taken up, apples picked, &c. Then, preparing to follow the rotation of crops, he begins turning down the sod for next year's crop of corn.

Out-door work for the season will now be practically ended and the farmer will have little more to do until Spring, except to take care of the stock every morning and evening, and all night and day, prepare the fuel for the winter, attend to the butchering, salting and curing the meat. He now has time to assist the wife, who has been busy all the year with household duties, attending to the dairy products and the poultry; taking care of the garden in which she raised the vegetables for use of the family during the year, superintending, if not personally doing the washing and ironing every week and the preparation and serving of three meals every day for the family and the help.

This recital of the farmer's cares and duties, revenues and expenditures applies not only to our county, but to farmers generally, throughout this and other States. Conditions are no better in New York and New England, nor in Maryland, Virginia and the Southern States. Occasionally farmers are beter off in odd counties, like York and Lancaster where the soil has been made very fertile, and fine crops of tobacco are raised; also, in a few counties in New York State and in the State of Maine, where attention is given to the raising of potatoes, and yields of five hundred, six hundred and even seven hundred bushels to the acre are sometimes secured.

The reports that come to us may be correct of occasional fine crops in the Western States. Such reports and the hard conditions here have allured many young people from this county, but we do not hear that many of them, by continuing in the business of farming, have become very prosperous. It is of the conditions which have prevailed here from the earliest times that I am writing, and I submit that even if the estimate of the yield of produce from the average farm in this county, which we are considering, be increased ten per cent, it will not suffice to pay a return of five per cent. upon the money invested and reasonable wages for the labor expended.

What then is the farmer to do to improve his condition? He must work with the instruments he has and along the lines with which he is familiar. He can not afford to diverge from the beaten path and try new methods in farming. It is very clear, however, that, unless he can raise more than 20 bushels of wheat to the acre, and more than 50 bushels of corn, more than 50 bushels of potatoes and more than two tons of hay, he cannot expect to make more than a bare living.

Surely something should be done to enable our farmers to secure better returns for their labor. Something must be done in the interests of the community to make the lands yield more abundantly. Farmers bitterly complain against the accusations that they are accountable for the high cost of living, when it can be shown that they receive for their products only half as much as the consumer must ultimately pay for the same. That, however, is not the real cause of the complaint against them. Are they not accountable, if they having charge of the land, fail to make it yield so abundantly as to contribute properly to the supply needed to sustain the multitudes? The acreage of land is limited; the number of people dependent upon the land for their necessary food steadily increases, and has now reached the round figures of a hundred million in the United States.

The population of country districts has increased but little within the last fifty years, but during the same period its agricultural products, wherever the old methods of farming have been continued, have not been increased in proportion to reasonable requirements. There has been relief supplied from the millions of acres of new land in the West brought under cultivation, upon which immense quantities of wheat and corn are raised at less cost than the same products can be cultivated in the older States. Evidently, the duty of our farmers is to make their lands yield more bushels per acre of these grains, or abandon the competition with the more fertile fields of the West, and cultivate other products to supply the demands of the multitudes.

We are told that the Federal and State Governments expend more than one hundred and eighty million dollars per year in maintaining their agricultural departments, supposed to be for the benefit of the farmers, and that more than forty per cent. of the farmers refuse to receive instruction through their medium. Our Adams county farmers are included in this minority, and are slow in giving their confidence to the departments and their demonstrators. The farmers have an abiding conviction that many of the millions dispersed through the departments are diverted by the politicians to use antagonistic to the best interest of farmers, as for instance, the three millions per annum appropriated for the inspection of meat, which is really for the protection of the Meat Trust. Neither the Meat Trust nor any other Trust is friendly to the interests of farmers.

A few of the farmers subscribe for, and with some care and diligence, peruse farm journals and bulletins, which advocate new methods in farming, and give examples of great success achieved by amateurs. Some wonderful stories are told of persons having plenty of money, who have taken up farming for the fun of it and in the course of ten or fifteen years have made enough money out of old worn-out farms to enable them to purchase nearly all the adjoining territory.

Great things may be achieved through intensive farming. It might be well to break up large farms in this and adjoining counties into patches of ten or twenty acres and induce others to cultivate them, according to these new methods. A modern Moses will be needed, however, to lead the people of this section out of their old ways and traditions into the the new methods, may be made to yield wonderful results.

If he had the necessary capital with business acumen and technical skill, he might indulge in intensive farming, for the land in any portion of this county could be made to yield twice as much per acre as the average crops above stated. If, in combination with neighbors, agencies might be formed for safely marketing country produce at fair prices, he might devote attention to shipping milk, butter, eggs, bacon and other products of the farm.

Portions of the farm might well be spared for market-gardening, including fruits, vegetables and berries or, he might assist in establishing local plants for canning and shipping such produce.

It is true, there are now creameries and other local agencies where these products may be disposed of at nominal prices, but dealing with them only adds to the farmer's labors and annoyances, without materially increasing his revenue.

Lack of these opportunities account for the fact that a large portion of the country products are permitted to waste, instead of being gathered and transmitted to the cities. A suspicion prevails that the agencies that control the markets in the cities prefer to maintain high prices, rather than supply large quantities. This, however, is a subject that should be regulated in the interests of the consumer at the other end of the line.

Forty years of effort by the agricultural departments and their missionary orators have failed to make favorable impression upon the farmers in this region.

Now, if the Hoffman Orphanage farm were supplied with necessary funds, and the State Agricultural Department were induced to provide practical demonstrators to make, maintain and conduct this as a model farm, it would be of great service to the farmers of our county by proving, without direct expense to them, the possibilities of our soil and climate, and the great advantages of raising other products than those to which the farmers of this locality are committed.

But, we have no right to interfere with the management of the Orphanage farm, which is an admirable enterprise in itself, as we have a county farm of our own, and if it be considered unwise to take any chances in converting that into a model farm, the Directors of the Poor will have but little difficulty in obtaining another for the purpose.

It would be better to allow the superintendent to conduct the Orphanage farm with adequate funds supplied to him by the benevolent and prevail upon our Directors of the Poor to make the county farm a model.

(Continued on page 5.)

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PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers at private sale the following real estate:

Tract No. 1, the farm situated 1-2 mile north of Bendersville, known as the G. Peters farm, on the road leading from Bendersville to York Springs, contains about 82 acres, improved with a two story stone house, large bank barn, having two floors, wagon shed and corn crib attached, hog pen and other out buildings, there are two wells of water, one at the house and one at the barn. Opossum Creek runs through the place, there are three large apple orchards on the place, all young trees, this year's crop of apples will amount to five hundred bbls., pears, cherries, peaches and all kinds of small fruits. There are two acres of solid flint rock which is ready sale at Bendersville Station at $1.00 to $1.50 per ton, iron and copper ore has been found lately, also a good slate and stone quarry. The purchaser of the above tract can retain 1-2 purchase money in farm at 5 per cent.

Tract No. 2, containing 20 acres more or less of timberland along G. & H. R. R. in Menallen township. This tract would make an excellent fruit tract especially for peaches, this tract also joins the excellent fruit farm of R. M. Elden.

Any person or persons wishing to visit the above properties can do so by calling on or writing to the undersigned residing at Bendersville Station.

H. J. GULDEN
Aspers, Pa.

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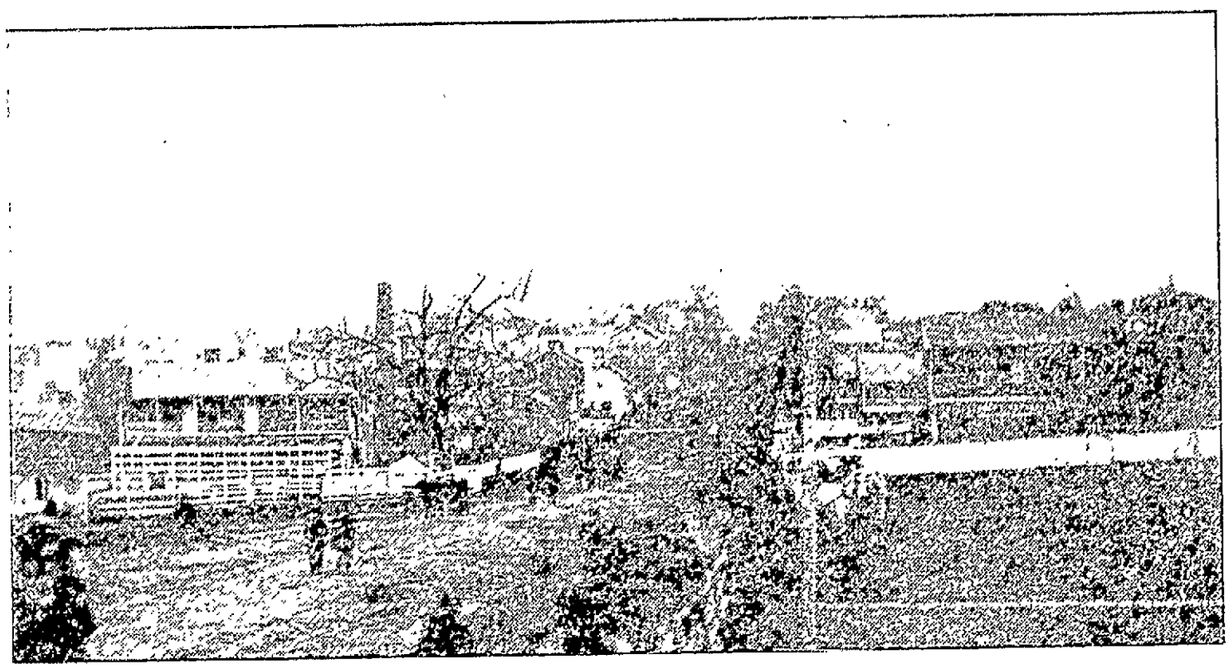


Courtesy of W. H. Tipton

Photo taken by Tyson Bros. from a position in Welty's field, just north of Jennie Wade House. It shows the crowd returning to town after the exercises, November 19th, 1863.

DEATHS AT END OF YEAR

THOSE IN TOWN AND COUNTY WHO HAVE GONE TO REST

Wm. L. McCleary of Town Takes a Fatal Dose of Medicine and Never Awakens.

Mrs. Cyrena A. Collins, widow of William J. Collins, died Dec. 23, at her home in Mt. Joy township from dropsy, aged 54 years, 8 months and 7 days. Funeral was on Dec. 26, services and interment at St. Mark's Church, of which she was a member, Rev. T. J. Barkley officiating. Mrs. Collins was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Appler, both of whom are dead, and in her early life was a school teacher in the county. Her husband died in June 1911. She leaves one children, Leonard U. Collins and Mrs. Maude I. Wolf, living on farms near town, and Mrs. Bessie L. Boyd, who lived with her mother. She also leaves one sister, Mrs. Geo. S. Baker of Gettysburg, and four brothers, J. A. Appler of Gettysburg, Calvin T. Appler of Mt. Pleasant township, Elmer I. Appler of Mt. Joy township and Prof. C. Ross Appler of Melrose, Md.

Gerrald D. Thomas died suddenly on Friday, Dec. 26, at his home at Bendersville, aged 78 years, 11 months and 6 days. The funeral services were held on Friday, Dec. 26, interment at Bendersville, Rev. T. C. Hesson officiating. He leaves a wife and the following children: Mrs. Annie M. Bitner, of Iowa, Frank Thomas of North Dakota, Howard Thomas of Illinois, William Slaybaugh of Biglerville, Cora Robinson of Cumberland county, Mrs. Lillian Hengler of Mt. Pleasant township, Mrs. Margaret Albright and Hiram Thomas of Butler township, and Charles N. Thomas at home. He also leaves two sisters, Mary A. Thomas and Mrs. John [illegible]

Miss Mae Irene Barnitz, aged about [illegible] years, daughter of James W. Barnitz of this place and Mrs. [illegible] Barnitz, New Oxford, and a granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Z. H. Barnitz, died on Tuesday, Dec. 23, at Pine Ridge Summit Sanitarium, Berks county, Pa., from a complication of diseases. Miss Barnitz was well at the West Chester State Normal School, and on account of illhealth was compelled to abandon her [illegible]. She was gifted [illegible] and her body was brought to this place where it was held in state from the home of her grandfather the deceased's death. She is survived by her father, mother and two sisters, Mrs. Edward [illegible] and Miss Bertha Barnitz, at home. The body was taken to New Oxford on Friday, Dec. 26, and the funeral held Friday, Dec. 26, services by Rev. L. Row Ott, interment in the New Oxford Cemetery.

Simon Chronister, a retired farmer, died Monday, Dec. 22, at his home in Bermudian, aged 72 years and [illegible]. He had been ill for some time from gangrene of one of his legs. He was twice married, his second wife was a Miss Cromer, survives together with the following children by both unions: Mrs. A. L. Cleaver, Mrs. Cornelius Wisz, Reading; Philip, Christian, Mrs. Jacob Holter and Mrs. Jere Kinnard, Dover, Pa., Mrs. Wilson Myers, Kralltown, Ohio and Harvey Chronister of near Spring. Funeral services and interment at New Chester Wednesday, Dec. 24, by Rev. W. H. Miller of East [illegible].

Miss Anna L. W[illegible] daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] F. Warner, New Oxford, died [illegible] in the Jewish Hospital, in Philadelphia, Tuesday, [illegible] aged 2 years, [illegible] months and 2 days. [illegible] Funeral services and interment at New Oxford on Wednesday, Dec. 24, by Rev. W. H. Miller of East [illegible].

Miss Anna L. W[illegible] daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] F. Warner, New Oxford, died [illegible] in the Jewish Hospital, in Philadelphia, Tuesday, [illegible] aged 2 years, [illegible] months and 2 days. [illegible] Funeral services and interment at New Oxford on Wednesday, Dec. 24, by Rev. W. H. Miller of East [illegible].

Xavier Church, Rev. Fr. Boyle conducting services. He leaves his mother, Mrs. Harriet McCleary, with whom he lived, one sister, Mrs. George Sipe of Gettysburg, and two brothers, Charles McCleary, who has been ill at his home in Fowlerton, Indiana, for the past two months, and Arthur McCleary of Harrisburg.

George Stover died at his home in Freedom township on Tuesday night, Dec. 23. Dr. Wolmer, coroner of the county made an investigation but found no evidence of death from any violence, indications pointing to apoplexy. Interment was made at Flohr's Church Graveyard.

George Mummert of Hanover, after an illness of three weeks, died on Monday, Dec. 22, aged 66 years, 4 months and 22 days. He is survived by his wife, whose maiden name was Miss Julia Ann Becker, three sons and one daughter, Calvin Mummert, Conowago township, Austin Mummert, Hanover, Harry and Miss Alice Mummert at home. He is also survived by two brothers and two sisters, Mrs. John Tione of Parkville, Mrs. Rebecca Wildasin of Pleasant Hill, Daniel Mummert of Bloomingrove, and Matthias Mummert of Hanover. Funeral on Friday, Dec. 26, services by Rev. M. J. Roth, interment in Mt. Olivet Cemetery, Hanover.

John Cairns died Friday, Dec. 24 at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Joseph C. Pfeffer, at Edgegrove, after an illness of fourteen weeks aged 6[illegible] years, 6 months and 21 days. He is survived by one son, Norman Cairns, of Hanover, and five daughters, Mrs. Amelia Weaver, New Brighton, Pa., Mrs. R. A. Helbridle, Mrs. Howard Hamm and Mrs. Harvey Lippy of Hanover, Mrs. Joseph Pfeffer of Edgegrove. Calvin Cairns of Conley, York county, is a brother and Mrs. Mary Georgis of Chicago, Ill., is a sister of the deceased. Mr. Cairns served as a teamster during the Civil War under Capt. Medley. Funeral was on Monday, Dec. 29, services in charge of Rev. S. P. Mauger, interment in Mt. Olivet Cemetery at Abbottstown.

Edward King, a veteran of the Civil War, died at his home in East Berlin, on Thursday, Dec. 18, after a brief illness from dropsy, aged 76 years, 6 months and 24 days. He is survived by his wife and one daughter, Mrs. Milton Butt of Paradise township, York county, one brother, William King, of near East Berlin, and one sister, Mrs. Rolandrs Altland, of Dillsburg, York county. Mr. King formerly resided in Hamilton township, and moved to East Berlin about two years ago. The funeral was held on Saturday, Dec. 20, interment in Union Cemetery and services conducted in Zwingli Reformed Church by his pastor, Rev. Wm. H. Miller.

Mrs. S. Harris, wife of Edwin S. Harris, died at the home of her brother, Mrs. Amandine Steely in Bendersville, Dec. 26, aged 36 years, 2 months and 7 days. Funeral on Monday, services in the Lutheran Church, Rev. Joseph Arnold officiating, interment in Bendersville Cemetery.

Mrs. Mollie Hess, widow of John W. Hess, a former resident of county, living near Barlow, fell down a flight of stairs at her home in Wilmington, last week, receiving injuries to skull from which she died. Her husband died six years ago. She leaves one daughter, Mrs. Frank Jacobson of Wilmington. She was a sister of Josephus Mills of Barlow and an aunt of Abner S. Mills of this place.

Miss Mary Myers died at her home near Boyerstown, Sunday, Dec. 28, aged 57 years, 2 months and 10 days. She is survived by her parents, Jacob and Sophia Minter, residing near Mt. Pleasant, Mrs. B. F. Lang, and one brother, Alvin Minter, residing on the home farm. The funeral on Tuesday, services in the Lutheran Church at Abbottstown, Rev. [illegible] officiating. Interment in the cemetery at Abbottstown.

Mrs. Percy Stallsmith, wife of Mr. Percy Stallsmith, of near Lilly's Church, died [illegible] Dec. 24, [illegible] years. Funeral on Monday, services in the Lutheran church at Abbottstown, Rev. [illegible] officiating, interment in the church cemetery.

[illegible]

Mrs. Nevada Nace, of New Oxford, died at Mt. Pleasant on Christmas Day, aged [illegible] years, 2 months and 10 days. She is survived by her husband, one daughter, Mrs. [illegible] Lang, and one brother, Alvin Minter, residing on the home farm. The funeral on Tuesday, services in the Lutheran church at Abbottstown, Rev. [illegible] officiating, interment in the cemetery at Abbottstown.

[illegible]

[illegible] years. She had been in ill health during the past few years, and was taken to Mt. Hope for treatment about a year ago. She is survived by one son, Lee P. Noel and a brother, L. H. Felix, both of Hanover. Mrs. Noel formerly resided in New Oxford, moving to Hanover about three years ago. The remains were taken to New Oxford for interment.

Mrs. Jane C. Wherley, widow of the late David W. Wherley, died Dec. 28, after a brief illness from Bright's disease at her home near White Hall, aged [illegible] years, 7 months and 17 days. Her husband died one year ago, Dec. 26, 1912. Surviving are two daughters, Jane R. Spenseller, of Hunterstown, and Mrs. Ella A. Senft at home; and a son, William A. Wherley at home. One sister, Mrs. Rebecca Coshun of Detour, Md., and two brothers, Amos M. Duttera, of near White Hall, and High Constable John A. Duttera, of Hanover. She was a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. James C. Duttera. Funeral was Tuesday, Dec. 30, services and interment at Christ Church near Littlestown, Rev. Dr. F. S. Lindaman officiating.

Anthony T. Nace of Hanover died Dec. 28, aged 71 years and 26 days. The family moved to Hanover five years ago. He leaves a wife who was Miss Lucinda Hoffacker, two sons and four daughters, all living in York county. He is survived by two brothers and two sisters, one of the former John Nace, living near Abbottstown.

Miss Octavia Bream died on Dec. 27 at the home of her brother, Dill Bream, in Bendersville, aged 63 years, 1 month and 25 days. She was a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Bream and leaves three brothers, Edward and Dill Bream of Bendersville, and John Bream of New Cumberland. Funeral was held Thursday morning, Jan. 1, services and interment at the Upper Bermudian Church.

Mrs. Thomas Myers died at her home near Bart's Meeting House, Union township, Sunday, Dec. 28, aged 56 years, 10 months and 10 days. She is survived by her husband, four daughters, Mrs. Emory Sell, Mrs. Ervin Myers, Mrs. Oscar Lemon, residing near Bart's Meeting House, Mrs. Granville Warner, Hanover, and two sons, Claudius Myers of near Piney Creek, Carroll county, Md., and Thomas Myers, Jr., of near Kingsdale. Also by two sisters and six brothers, among latter Daniel Bechtel of near Littlestown. Funeral on Wednesday, Dec. 31, services by Rev. J. Luther Hoffman, interment in the Silver Run Cemetery.

Necrology of Gettysburg 1913.

The necrology of this place for 1913 would seem to be a little higher than usual if one takes the total of all deaths occurring here including the nine veterans during the peace celebration. The percentage of deaths in the town usually runs about eleven and twelve per cent of the population. The deaths in 1912 were 48, which approximately would be twelve per cent. Now if every death was to be counted against the population of the town, 71 deaths would give almost a percentage of eighteen. But in the total it is not fair to include the nine veterans during the celebration. The mortality during that week will ever stand out as one of the wonderful parts of the great event and one which ever redound to the glory of the town and the occasion. Again in the list of those who died here and buried elsewhere, there are only two of the eight which should be charged to this community. Eliminating the number named above the real true necrology of 1913 is reduced to 54, and this would make a percentage of fourteen, which is considered a very good healthy condition for a community.

Jan. 3, Sarah P. Horner.
Jan. 8, Mrs. Mary Ellen Cheney, N. [illegible]
Jan. 10, Jacob A. [illegible]
Jan. 10, Mrs. Anna B. [illegible]
Jan. 16, Mary Ella Fleagle.
Jan. 17, Wm. [illegible]
Jan. 18, Mrs. [illegible]
Jan. 19, Mrs. [illegible]
Jan. 22, Mrs. [illegible]
Jan. 23, Mrs. [illegible]
Jan. 24, Mrs. [illegible]
Jan. 25, Mrs. [illegible]
Jan. 26, Mrs. [illegible]
Jan. 27, Mrs. [illegible]
Jan. 28, Mrs. [illegible]
Jan. 29, Mrs. [illegible]
Jan. 30, Mrs. [illegible]
Jan. 31, Mrs. [illegible]
Feb. 1, Mrs. [illegible]
Feb. 2, Mrs. [illegible]
Feb. 3, Mrs. [illegible]
Feb. 4, Mrs. [illegible]
Feb. 5, Mrs. [illegible]
Feb. 6, Mrs. [illegible]
Feb. 7, Mrs. [illegible]
Feb. 8, Mrs. [illegible]
Feb. 9, Mrs. [illegible]
Feb. 10, Mrs. [illegible]
Feb.

Gettysburg Compiler
Gettysburg, Pa.
SATURDAY, JAN. 3, 1914

WM. ARCH. McCLEAN.....Editor.

HAPPY NEW YEAR.

The Gettysburg Compiler comes out this morning as announced last week with the news of last Saturday and never will come to the usual deliveries on Friday morning and the sixty odd thousand through town. A number of our patrons and friends have accepted the news without modification. We have yet to hear the first word against the change so it can be considered as unanimously adopted. That's very good to hear. Our best wishes for the happiest and most prosperous of New Years.

A COUNTY MODEL FARM.

In another page appears a communication that will repay the closest reading and study. The writer knows whereof he is talking about when on the subject of farming and it is esteemed a pleasure to be able to give our readers such an article. It should bear fruit. The suggestion that the county farm should be made a model farm to be run by the National experts of the State as a part of this agricultural propaganda throughout the State and for instruction to the farmers is a great and good idea and should be incorporated in a law as soon as ever it can be done, if there is no authority in the Agricultural Department to put such a condition into existence. It would hasten the day towards productive farming when the farmer would get the largest possible return from his land. With a model farm in every county and with experts in charge and available at all times for advice, there would be few farmers who would not in a short time take up the new agricultural education for sake of the greater profits to be derived therefrom.

Wilson Praised.

"The Economist," a leading financial journal of the country, in its last issue reviews the Acts of the Wilson Administration and particularly the Currency Act and says:

"The achievements of the special session and the small fragment of the regular session under the quiet guidance of the President are in many respects without parallel in the history of our Government," says the "Economist."

"One need not approve of everything that has been done, nor can one dismiss apprehension as to the effect of the two great acts which have passed Congress, but one must admire the zeal, the labor, the persistency, the fidelity, the purposefulness of the leaders and the rank and file.

"Particularly does President Wilson rise to the commendation of everybody who believes in strong conviction and sincerity in converting such conviction into working fact.

"Who must one award to the Republican party? A year, Year in and year out this question of a change in our financial system was a prominent issue in its counsels; year in and year out it talked and talked, but did nothing.

"It was this somnolency and the refusal of the party to nominate the Presidential candidate that the people evidently wanted that defeated them. It is now an open question whether hereafter there will be a Republican party."

Resolutions of Commendation.

The Young Men's Democratic Society at a meeting Tuesday night, passed resolutions heartily commending President Woodrow Wilson for his successful efforts in bringing about the enactment into law of the several planks of the Democratic platform, adopted by the Baltimore convention, including the tariff and currency laws. A part of the resolution was as follows:

"We commend our representative in Congress, the Hon. A. K. Brodbeck, for his Democratic action in supporting and voting for the various measures; for his uniform advancement of Democratic policies and his untiring efforts in the interests of the district and his constituents. We commend the Hon. A. Mitchell Palmer for his earnest and effective efforts in the interest of the State and Nation. We feel and believe that the efforts of the President and the Democratic majorities of the National Senate and House of Representatives will result in great benefit to all the people of our country, and call attention to the fact that these great constructive measures have been brought about in a period of less than six months. Be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the President of the United States, the Hon. Woodrow Wilson; to Hon. A. K. Brodbeck and to Hon. A. Mitchell Palmer.

Proposed Changes in Civil Service.

[illegible]

1914 Auto License

[illegible]

Red Blood

Is good blood—that is that makes the whole body and gives every organ to perform its functions naturally. There is only one it is HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA which relieves [illegible] pimples, and all blood [illegible]

[illegible] at the automobile department and Chief Clerk Lee and ward [illegible] the officials expect to have checks in the hands of every one who has filed an application by January 1. Now [illegible] as soon as midnight is passed December 31 or driving will be liable to arrest. Employes of the automobile division are working day and night to fill applications.

The 1914 tag will be white figures in a black background different in color arrangement from any Pennsylvania license ever issued. In other respects the new license law passed by the last legislature licenses for motor vehicles with solid tires will have an added aluminum plate on the left hand side. On this plate will be inscribed the weight of the machine for which license is issued. Plates are likewise being issued for all motorcycles. Up to this time motorcyclists have been allowed to paint their license number on their machines, and usually they have placed it vertically on the rear mudguard. The new law specifies a license plate for such machines.

License cards being issued for 1914 are all typewritten, in order to avoid charges of illegibility which have been raised against hand written cards.

License tags this year are all being sent by parcels post, and another new feature is that each package of a pair of tags is insured. In previous years tags were shipped by express although the parcel post was available after December 31 last year, when the bulk of the tags had been sent out.

Completed data for the 1913 registration of motor vehicles of all kinds shows that the total was 131,289, as compared with 92,139 for 1912, an increase of 39,109.

Under the new act, the control of all motor-driven vehicles upon the highways of the State is vested in the State Highway Department. Not only are the licenses issued by the department, but also traffic regulation and the control of the speed at which a car may be operated rest with the department. All forms of motor vehicles are included under the new law which applies to the humble traction engine as well as to the lordly limousine. One important provision of the new act is that fixing the age limit at which a person can operate a machine. No one under 16 years of age can operate any kind of automobile over any of the highways of the State, no exception being made to this rule in any case. The act gives the State Highway Commissioner power to revoke any license of any driver or registration of any car for improper conduct in operating a car.

Town Council

The Town Council that goes out of existence with the end of the year met in the council chambers on Monday evening. Those present were Councilmen J. L. Butt, Esq., Wm. F. Codori and Wm. D. Armor of the first ward, I. D. Keith, Esq., Jacob A. Stock and George Shealer of the second ward and Harry S. Trostle and J. A. Tawney of the third ward. The retiring councilmen are Messrs. Codori, Armor, Stock, Shealer and Tawney.

After all members had expressed themselves briefly upon the parting of the ways the council took up work of disposing of all unfinished work of the year.

Gifts of extra pay of $25 each were voted Policeman Shealer and Emmons and Secretary of Council Kitzmiller in appreciation of the extra services rendered by these three officials during the big celebration.

The matter of the collection of the licenses and fees during the summer was closed with Robt. E. Wible Esq. attorney for the borough. The ordinances provided that the collection of the fees should be part of the duties of the burgess. It was a very busy time with him and in some way it was arranged that the Borough Attorney should collect all licenses during the celebration. Mr. Wible reported that there had been paid to him a total of $5198 during the big time and he asked for an allowance for his services and this was finally fixed by the council at 6 per cent. or a total of $311.88.

The matter of the extension of the sewer on Baltimore street from the lodge of the National Cemetery to the Evergreen Cemetery was taken up for consideration. It was explained that by reason of lateness of season the extension was authorized by the Sewer Committee instead of waiting to bring it before Council. Motion to ratify the building carried by five to two, the latter being Councilmen Tawney and Stock. The cost of the sewer reported to be $71.00 was directed to be paid.

Upon motion of Councilman Butt the cost to renew sewer on Carlisle street, $17.73, was directed to be paid.

Under the new law requiring the Secretary of the Board of Health and Health Officer to be bonded officials, the amount of bond of former was fixed at $500 and latter at $200.

A bill of committee to cooperate with the Fiftieth Anniversary Commission of $17.01 was directed to be paid.

The bill of the Borough Surveyor S. Riley Miller, for services for the past year of $301.68 was directed to be paid. Surveyor Miller's report showed a total of 3,209.3 feet of curb and gutter had been put in by the borough; that property owners had put in 3,482.7 feet of concrete pavements with curb and gutter; that 656.2 feet of concrete pavement without curb and gutter had been built; that the borough had put in 38 feet of [illegible] crossings and 218 feet of [illegible] crossings. The [illegible] curb [illegible] the borough [illegible] or 12.

[illegible]

High School Sports Rules.

The Pennsylvania State Educational Association in session at Pittsburgh adopted a plan for State-wide control over high school athletic events under the following rules:

In this new plan all inter-scholastic events in the State, such as football, basketball and track meets are placed under the jurisdiction of a board of control consisting of six members, two members each from Eastern, Central and Western Pennsylvania. The board will have a paid secretary and is to determine all forfeitures and interpret the rules, make awards as to the official standing of teams, and also hear and determine charges of violations of the rules.

The term "high school" is to be stretched to all academies and preparatory schools that will submit to the prepared regulations. A four-year eligibility rule will prevail and no student over 21 years of age will be allowed to compete. No games shall be played with high schools of this State that are not members of the association. The principal of each school must give his consent to all contests, and either he or his authoriezd representative must accompany the team to all games. Should any one of the schools fail to fill a date $10 shall be forfeited. Each school in the association must pay an annual fee of $2.

Besides being under 21 years of age a student to represent a school must have entered some public school within the first 20 school days of the semester in which the contest occurs, must never have competed for money or have represented a club of which he was not a member, or have been absent from school, except for serious sickness, more than one-tenth of the preceding term. Pupils of the eighth grade are not eligible.

Each student contestant must maintain for the current semester a passing grade in each of three or more studies requiring a minimum of 15 regular high school recitations per week. In his last preceding semester he must meet the same requirements throughout the entire term. The principal of each school must certify the eligibility of all contestants.

No pupil shall be allowed to take part in high school athletics more than four school years or eight semesters, nor for more than four seasons. Post-graduates are not eligible. The time spent by pupils in athletic sports below the high school shall not be counted as part of the four years.

No person shall enter a contest under an assumed name, and any member of a high school team who participates in an athletic contest as a member of any other similar team the same season shall be ineligible to compete for the remainder of that esason.

Other than regularly employed teachers, paid coaches will be prohibited. No person who has enrolled as a student in any institution of college standing and has done work which may be counted toward a degree in that institution shall be eligible as a member of any athletic team in this association. All the major officials in athletic contests, participated in by teams connected with schools in this association, shall be regularly licensed teachers in the public schools of the State or persons whose names have been furnished and approved by the board of control.

No student shall be eligible to play football unless he has been examined by a regular physician and his physical condition pronounced satisfactory, and such certificates must be on file with the principal at the time he certifies the eligibility of his players, also the written consent of the parent or guardian of the student.

Sealer of Weights, Etc.

The County Commissioners are having a picnic all their own in balloting for some one to fill the new office created by the last Legislature, Sealer of Weights and Measures. The impression prevails that the salary provided by the law of $1000 and expenses is going to make a very good position for the work required. Among the duties to be performed will be to visit the seven or eight hundred places of business in the county where commodities are sold by weight or measure and inspect and see to it that all weights and measures are standard and destroy such as are not.

The County Commissioners were not in a hurry to select a sealer, but three weeks ago began the balloting. There have been about twenty-five applications for the position, one-half by written application and the other half verbally.

On the first balloting day the following each received one vote: Harry Martin, George Raffensperger, Horace W. Kline, T. F. Rhodes, Luther Rice and Bell Weaver. At the second session of balloting the vote was one each for Martin, Raffensperger and Kline, and at the session on Tuesday of this week, the same result was reached. Although twelve ballots have been taken and the end is not yet in sight.

Narrow Escape from Drowning.

Miss Leah Jacobs, residing with her father, Samuel Jacobs, at East Berlin, had a narrow escape from being totally burned one day last week. While assisting in butchering Miss Leah's dress took fire from the blaze in a little [illegible] stove. Fortunately the [illegible] of her clothing [illegible] Leah, Severely burned [illegible] and limbs but [illegible] was in mourning.

If You Are A Trifle Sensitive

[illegible]

Proclamation

[illegible] Judges of the Peace and Aldermen in the different Boroughs and Justices in the County of Adams—Greeting:

KNOW YE, that in pursuance of a precept to me directed under the hand and seal of the Honorable S. McC. Swope, President of the General Courts of Common Pleas, in the 51st Judicial District, consisting of the County of Adams and Fulton, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of Capital and other offenders therein, and of the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and W. Howard Hicks and Jesse Stringer, Esqs., Judges of the same Co. of Adams. You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your own proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations and other remembrances, before the Judges aforesaid, at Gettysburg, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden in the County of Adams aforesaid on the Fourth Monday of January next, being the 26th day at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, then and there to do those things to which your offices appertain.

GIVEN under my hand at Gettysburg, this 10th day of Dec., in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

G. R. THOMPSON, Sheriff.

List of Jurors

GRAND JURORS.

List of Grand Jurors drawn December 16, 1913, for the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, to be held at Gettysburg, in and for the County of Adams, the Fourth Monday of January, A. D., 1914.

Adams, W. S., fruit grower, Menallen Twp.
Bigham, Wm., farmer, Freedom Twp.
Bachman, J. B., auctioneer, Union Twp.
Baumer, Oliver, gent, Gettysburg 1st ward
Barnes, E. H., porter, Gettysburg, 3d ward
Fleck, M. D., carpenter, New Oxford Bor.
Goodchildren, J., Berwick Twp.
Hale, George, farmer, Franklin Twp.
Holtzworth, J. A., Evergreen, Gettysburg, 2d ward
Hartle, Harry, farmer, Reading Twp.
Kinsey, H. L., farmer, Conewago Twp.
Krug, John E., farmer, Oxford Twp.
McCaughin, Isaac, farmer, Menallen Twp.
Musselman, J. E., banker, Gettysburg 3rd ward
Orner, E. S., butcher, Arendtsville Bor.
Oyler, J. Peter, farmer, Straban Twp.
Rose, John J., farmer, Freedom Twp.
Stock, A. K., cigarmaker, Littlestown Bor.
Showers, G. W., farmer, Menallen Twp.
Shambrook, D. C., farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Tate, John W., farmer, Tyrone Twp.
Wherley, Henry, farmer, Mt. Joy Twp.
Wisler, Samuel M., farmer, Highland Twp.
Wavel, Wm., laborer, Gettysburg 3rd ward.

PETIT JURORS.

List of Petit Jurors drawn Dec. 16, 1913, for the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, to be held at Gettysburg, in and for the County of Adams the Fourth Monday of January, A. D., 1914.

Bell, Robert, farmer, Straban Twp.
Bucher, Harry G., farmer, Franklin Twp.
Bucher, Charles W., farmer, Mt. Joy Twp.
Bathe, Samuel, farmer, Germany Twp.
Berger, Peter, farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Bowers, Harry, merchant, Littlestown Bor.
Baldwin, Joseph, farmer, Menallen Twp.
Carbaugh, Wm. H., mfg., Oxford Twp.
Chronister, Emanuel, farmer, Hamilton Twp.
Crist, W. C., farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Deardorf, Z. M., farmer, Berwick Twp.
Fair, G. W., restaurant, York Springs Bor.
Bracher, Henry J., farmer, Conewago Twp.
Eichelberger, Clayton, farmer, Straban Twp.
Kline, Wm., contractor, Littlestown Bor.
Frock, T. E., laborer, Gettysburg 2nd ward
Gates, J. H., farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Gardner, John W., laborer, Huntington Twp.
Hoover, Jacob M., clerk, New Oxford Bor.
Houck, H. R., farmer, Butler Twp.
Holtzworth, H., Evergreen, Gettysburg 2nd ward
Hefer, Chas., cigarmaker, Abbottstown Bor.
Hines, Prof. Harry, gent, Gettysburg 3d ward.
Kinsie, James, farmer, Franklin Twp.
Stofer, John, cigarmaker, Littlestown Bor.
Kindle, Irwin, farmer, Union Twp.
Krouse, Wm., farmer, Menallen Twp.
Orr, David G., farmer, Straban Twp.
Mehring, J. Frank, gent, Littlestown Bor.
Myers, John L., farmer, Hamiltonban Twp.
Myers, Adam J., waiter, Gettysburg 3d ward.
Rudisill, H., farmer, Berwick Twp.
Rice, Wilbright, farmer, Biglerville Bor.
Rife, Clayton, farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Rice, John F., laborer, Hamiltonban Twp.
Slank, Webster, laborer, Huntington Twp.
Shryock, Harry, laborer, Fairfield Bor.
Straley, James G., farmer, Mt. Joy Twp.
Sunday, Wm., gent, East Berlin Bor.
Staverly, Levis, cigarmaker, Littlestown Bor.
Smith, R., engineer, McSherrystown Bor.
Shriver, Eugene C., laborer, Gettysburg, 1st ward.
Sangley, John C., farmer, Hamiltonban Twp.
Stringer, Percy, clerk, Gettysburg, 3rd ward.
Winebrenner, T. J., clerk, Gettysburg 3rd ward.
Watson, W. H., farmer, Cumberland Twp.
Weybright, Oliver, farmer, Franklin Twp.
Zimmerman, J. B., farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.

LICENSES

The following applications for Retail Licenses have been filed in my office with the requisite number of sureties, and will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Adams County, on Friday the 9th day of January, 1914.

TAVERN.

Chas. E. Abbott, Abbottstown Boro.
Jacob G. Wisler, Arendtsville Boro.
Aaron Sellers, Bendersville Boro.
Frank Bushey, Biglerville Boro.
R. E. Spangler, East Berlin Boro.
Walter J. Rudisill, East Berlin Boro.
Geo. J. Kobel, East Berlin Boro.
J. A. Burg, Mary, Gettysburg, 1st ward.
Amos J. Collins, Gettysburg 1st ward.
Wm. Heish, Adam Heim Estate, Gettysburg 2nd ward.
Peter M. Bream, Gettysburg 2nd ward.
John D. Kurtz, Gettysburg 2nd ward.
Wm. H. Broom, Gettysburg 3rd ward.
Mrs. Elise Baumgardner, Gettysburg 3rd ward.
Geo. W. Rifle, Littlestown Boro.
John D. Myers, Littlestown Boro.
Mrs. Martha J. Oyler, Littlestown Boro.
Howard J. Musmacker, McSherrystown Boro.
Joseph F. Eline, McSherrystown Boro.
C. S. Weaver, McSherrystown Boro.
Chas. T. Hersh, New Oxford Boro.
Geo. F. Grove, New Oxford Boro.
Chas. A. Hamilton, York Springs Boro.
Michael W. Hoke, York Springs Boro.
Abner B. Kurtz, Franklin Twp.
Frank G. Hemler, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Chas. Strawbridge, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Harry F. Jacobs, Oxford Twp.
S. V. Bushman, Reading Twp.
Frank McThomas, Straban Twp.
John Roberts, Cumberland Twp.

RESTAURANT.

Peter F. Eberhart, East Berlin Boro.
Oliver Rhodes, Gettysburg, 2nd ward.
Rudolph J. Fuhrs, Gettysburg 2nd ward.
B. H. Kline, McSherrystown 1st ward.

WHOLESALE.

John Herbst, Gettysburg 1st ward.

BOTTLERS.

Thos. Kinsie, Mary, Gettysburg 2nd ward.
Wm. H. Overmyer.

NOTICE.

[illegible]

All Year Poultry Show. Admission Free

[illegible]

Another Christmas Club
...AT...
The Gettysburg National Bank

You will need money next Christmas, so why not join our club and until the next Holiday Season you will have saved a snug little lump that has not caused you the least inconvenience to accumulate?

Small weekly payments that you will never miss, at the end of the year will constitute a fund that will render your Christmas shopping easy.

Over 300 Christmas Checks were distributed this year to the members and they amounted to $8,000. The 1914 club promises to be bigger and better than ever.

Call at the bank and we will be glad to explain to you our plan.

It does not cost you a cent to join and there are several classes of payments, so that you may select the one that best suits your purse.

The Savings Fund opens on DEC. 29th.
Hundreds Were Made Happy in 1913.

Why not be one of the happy ones when next Christmas rolls around? MAKE YOUR CHRISTMAS A MERRY ONE.

The Gettysburg National Bank
Gettysburg. - - - - Penna.

Dougherty & Hartley

AS THE NEW YEAR
1914

with its Procession of Days moves forward, there will be the same almost countless needs for clothes and items of wearing apparel, for Ladies, Misses, Children and Men, and for the many household necessities, the bedding, carpet, table linens, etc. The renewing and replenishing must go with the years and our big line of Dry Goods is the opportunity we offer you for the care of those needs.

SERVICE

in the past is the promise of the kind and quality of the dependable service we will ever aim to give you, an up-to-date service at the most reasonable prices. With this renewing promise, we send To all our Friends, Customers and Patrons Very Best Wishes for

:-: A Happy New Year :-:

Dougherty & Hartley

NEW : YEAR : RESOLUTION

Why : not : Resolve : to : Buy : Your Supplies : of

Groceries — Paints and Oils
Hardware — Building Supplies
Queensware — Farm Implements

from the

GETTYSBURG DEPARTMENT STORE

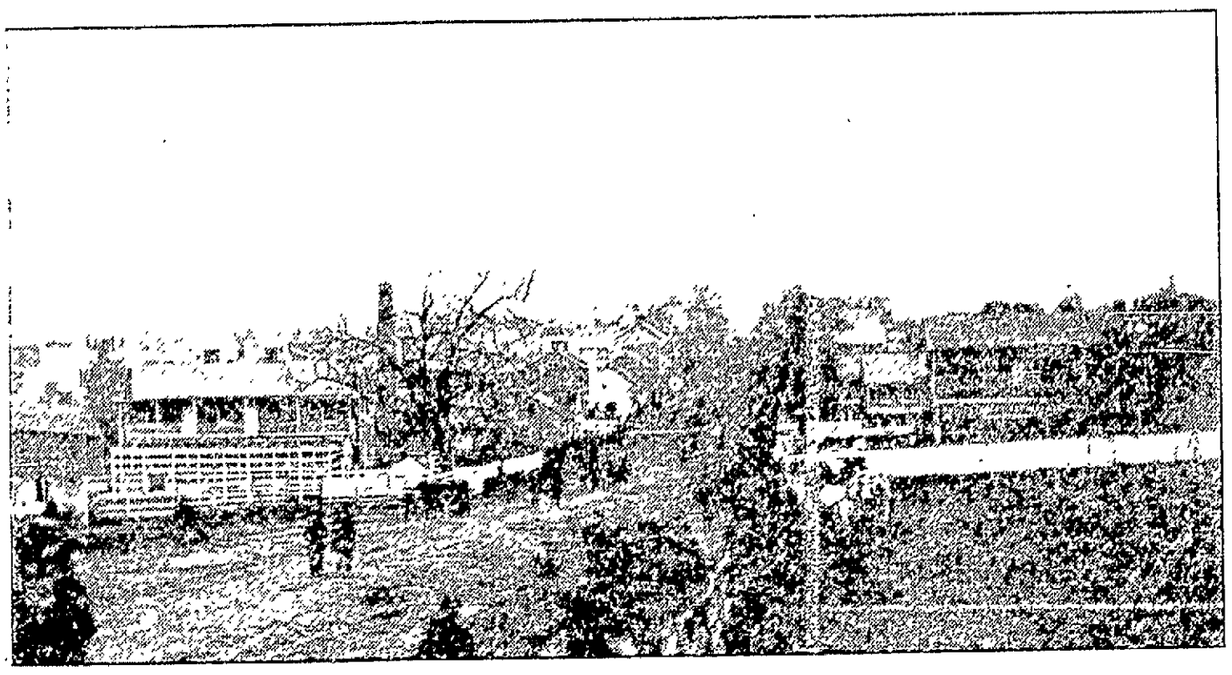
Our Constant Aim
Will be to maintain the finest Stock in town in our line with our well known Standard of Efficiency of Service.

With Best Wishes
to all Our Patrons and Friends for a
Happy New Year

Gettysburg Department Store

SUBSCRIBE For The COMPILER.

NewspaperARCHIVE®



Courtesy of W. H. Tipton

Photo taken by Tyson Bros. from a position in Welty's field, just north of Jennie Wade House. It shows the crowd returning to town after the exercises, November 19th, 1863.

DEATHS AT END OF YEAR

THOSE IN TOWN AND COUNTY WHO HAVE GONE TO REST

Wm. L. McCleary of Town Takes a Fatal Dose of Medicine and Never Awakens.

Mrs. Cyrena A. Collins, widow of William J. Collins, died Dec. 23, at her home in Mt. Joy township, from dropsy, aged 59 years, 8 months and 8 days. Funeral was on Dec. 28, services and interment at St. Mark's Church, of which she was a member, by Rev. T. J. Barkley officiating. Mrs. Collins was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Appler, both of whom are dead, and in her early life was a school teacher in the county. Her husband died in June 1911. She leaves one children, Leonard U. Collins and Mrs. Maude I. Wolf, living on farms adjoining to Mrs. Collins, and Mrs. Bessie L. Boyd, who lived with her mother. She also leaves one sister, Mrs. Geo. S. Baker of Gettysburg, and four brothers, J. A. Appler of Gettysburg, John T. Appler of Mt. Pleasant township, Elmer I. Appler of Mt. Joy township, and Prof. C. Ross Appler of Melrose.

Abraham D. Thomas died suddenly on Tuesday, Dec. 23, at his home at New Rock, aged 78 years, 11 months and 6 days. The funeral services were held on Friday, Dec. 26, interment at Laudermilk. Rev. T. C. Hesson officiated. He leaves a wife and the following children: Mrs. Annie M. Bitner of Iowa, Frank Thomas of North Dakota, Edward Thomas of Illinois, William Slaybaugh of Biglerville, Mrs. Cora Robinson of Cumberland township, Mrs. Lillian Heisler of Mt. Pleasant township, Mrs. Margaret Albaugh and Hiram Thomas of Butler township, and Charles N. Thomas at home. He also leaves two sisters, Mrs. Mary A. Thomas and Mrs. John Lawver.

Miss Martha Barnitz, aged about 30 years, daughter of James W. Barnitz, cashier of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank, New Oxford, and a granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Z. H. Gilland, died on Tuesday, Dec. 23, at the Ridge Summit Sanitarium, Franklin county, Pa., from a complication of diseases. Miss Barnitz was graduated at the West Chester State Normal School, and on account of ill health was compelled to abandon her work last June. She was gifted in music, musical circles and was a young lady of charming personality who was held in high esteem by a large circle of friends who deplore her untimely death. She is survived by her father, and two sisters, Mrs. Frances and Helen Barnitz, at home. The body was taken to the home in New Oxford and the funeral held Friday, Dec. 26, services by Rev. L. Dow Ott, interment in the New Oxford Cemetery.

Amos Christman, a retired farmer, died Monday, Dec. 22, at his home in Bermudian, aged 72 years and 3 days. He had been ill for some time with gangrene of one of his legs. He was twice married, his second wife, who was a Miss Cromer, survives together with the following children born both unions: Mrs. A. L. Cleaver of Mrs. Cornelius Wise, Reading township, Christian, Mrs. Jacob Holtzer and Mrs. Jere Kirwan, Dover, D., Mrs. Wilson Myers, Kralltown, Charles and Harvey Christman of near Mt. Pleasant Springs. Funeral services and interment at New Chester Wednesday, Dec. 24, by Rev. Wm. H. Miller of East Berlin.

Miss Anna L. Warner, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. John F. Warner of New Oxford, died very suddenly in the Jewish Hospital in Philadelphia, on Tuesday, Dec. 23, from pneumonia. She was taken sick two days before she was admitted to the hospital, on the same day on which death occurred. Miss Warner is survived by the following brothers and sisters: Mrs. J. H. Wilson, Mrs. Harry M. Bell, Miss Sue Warner and Charles N. Warner, all of this place. The remains were taken to New Oxford where funeral services were held and interment made.

[illegible] died at his home in Tyrone township, aged 81 years, 8 months and 10 days. He had been blind for a number of years and was a member of the Church of God. The funeral was held Christmas morning at 10 o'clock, services and interment in the church cemetery, Rev. Mr. Myers officiating. He leaves two sons, Harvey and Oliver Myers, at home, and one daughter, Mrs. Harry Myers, near Biglerville.

Mrs. Mary Ann Bankard died at her home in Littlestown on Christmas morning, aged about 75 years. She was a member of the Lutheran church and her husband died about 30 years ago. She is survived by the following children: Mrs. Ida Rebecca Myers, Mrs. Mary Ann Myers, Mrs. Sarah Ann Myers, Mrs. Ella Kate Myers, Mrs. Emma Bankard, Mrs. Lillie Bankard, Mrs. Ella Bankard, Mrs. Ella Bankard, Mrs. Ella

Gettysburg Compiler
Gettysburg, Pa.
SATURDAY, JAN. 3, 1914

WM. ARCH. McCLEAN.....Editor.

HAPPY NEW YEAR.

The Gettysburg COMPILER comes out this week as announced last week with a day of issue Saturday and later will go up to the rural delivery on Friday morning and the same afternoon through town. A number of our patrons and friends have approved the change without qualification. We have yet to hear the first word against the move so it can be considered as unanimously adopted. Then's you and pray our best wishes for the happiest and most prosperous of New Years.

A COUNTY MODEL FARM.

On another page appears a communication that will repay the closest reading and study. The writer knows what he is talking about when on the subject of farming and it is esteemed a pleasure to be able to give our readers this article. It should bear fruit. The suggestion that the county farm should be made a model farm to be run by the agricultural experts of the State as a part of the agricultural propagandum of the State and for instruction to the farmers is a great and good idea and should be incorporated in a law as speedily as can be done. If there is no authority in the Agricultural Department to put such a condition into existence. It would hasten the day towards intensive farming when the farmer will get the largest possible return from his land. With a model farm in every county and with experts in charge and available at all times for advice, there would be few farmers who would not in a short time take up the new agricultural education for sake of the greater profits to be derived therefrom.

Wilson Praised.

"The Economist," a leading financial journal of the country, in its last issue reviews the Acts of the Wilson Administration and particularly the Currency Act, and says:

"The achievements of the special session and the small treatment of the regular session under the quiet guidance of the President are in many respects without parallel in the history of our Government," says the "Economist."

"One need not approve of everything that has been done, nor can one dismiss apprehension as to the effect of the two great acts which have passed Congress, but one must admire the zeal, the labor, the persistency, the fidelity, the purposefulness of the leaders and the rank and file.

"Particularly does President Wilson rise to the commendation of everybody who believes in strong conviction and sagacity in converting such conviction into working fact.

"What must one award to the Republican party? A year. Year in and year out this question of a change in our financial system was a prominent one in its counsels: year in and year out it talked and talked, but did nothing.

"It was this somnolency and the retreat of the party to nominate the Presidential candidate that the people evidently wanted that defeated them. It is now an open question whether hereafter there will be a Republican party."

Resolutions of Commendation.

The Young Men's Democratic Society at a meeting Tuesday night, passed resolutions heartily commending President Woodrow Wilson for his successful efforts in bringing about the enactment into law of the several planks of the Democratic platform, adopted by the Baltimore convention, including the tariff and currency laws. A part of the resolution was as follows:

"We commend our representative in Congress, the Hon. A. R. Brodbeck, for his Democratic action in supporting and voting for the various measures; for his uniform advancement of Democratic policies and his untiring efforts in the interests of the district and his constituents. We commend the Hon. A. Mitchell Palmer for his earnest and effective efforts in the interest of the State and Nation. We feel and believe that the efforts of the President and the Democratic members of the National Senate and House of Representatives will result in great benefit to all the people of our country, and call attention to the fact that these great constructive measures have been brought about in a period of less than nine months. Be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the President of the United States, the Hon. Woodrow Wilson; to Hon. A. R. Brodbeck and the Hon. A. Mitchell Palmer.

Proposed Changes in Civil Service.

[illegible]

1914 Auto Licenses

[illegible]

Red Blood

Is good blood—blood that nourishes the whole body and enables every organ to perform its functions naturally. Many people owe it to HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA which relieves scrofula, eczema, psoriasis, and all blood humors.

side at the office of the Department, but the officials expect to have pledges in the hand of every one who has filed an application by January 1. New licenses must be sent as soon as midnight is passed December 31 or drivers will be liable to arrest. Employes of the automobile division are working day and night to fill applications.

The 1914 tag will be white figures in a black background, different in color arrangement from any Pennsylvania license ever issued. In other respects the new license law moved the last Legislature licenses for motor vehicles with solid tires will have an added aluminum plate on the left hand side. On this plate will be inscribed the weight of the machine for which license is issued. Plates are likewise being issued for all motorcycles. Up to this time motorcyclists have been allowed to paint their license number on their machines, and usually they have placed it vertically on the rear mudguard. The new law prescribes a license plate for such machines.

License cards being issued for 1914 are all typewritten, in order to avoid charges of illegibility which have been raised against hand written cards.

License tags this year are all being sent by parcels post, and another new feature is that each package of a pair of tags is insured. In previous years tags were shipped by express, although the parcel post was available after December 31 last year, when the bulk of the tags had been sent out.

Completed data for the 1913 registration of motor vehicles of all kinds shows that the total was 131,239, as compared with 92,139 for 1912, an increase of 39,100.

Under the new act, the control of all motor-driven vehicles upon the highways of the State is vested in the State Highway Department. Not only are the licenses issued by the department, but also traffic regulation and the control of the speed at which a car may be operated rest with the department. All forms of motor vehicles are included under the new law which applies to the humble traction engine as well as to the lordly limousine. One important provision of the new act is that fixing the age limit at which a person can operate a machine. No one under 16 years of age can operate any kind of automobile over any of the highways of the State, no exception being made to this rule in any case. The act gives the State Highway Commissioner power to revoke any license of any driver or registration of any car for improper conduct in operating a car.

Town Council

The Town Council that goes out of existence with the end of the year met in the council chambers on Monday evening. Those present were Councilmen J. L. Butt, Esq., Wm. F. Codori and Wm. D. Armor of the first ward, I. D. Keith, Esq., Jacob A. Stock and George Shealer of the second ward and Harry S. Trostle and J. A. Tawney of the third ward. The retiring councilmen are Messrs. Codori, Armor, Stock, Shealer and Tawney.

After all members had expressed themselves briefly upon the parting of the ways the council took up work of disposing of all unfinished work of the year.

Gifts of extra pay of $25 each were voted Policeman Shealer and Emmons and Secretary of Council Kitzmiller in appreciation of the extra services rendered by these three officials during the big celebration.

The matter of the collection of the licenses and fees during the summer was closed with Robt. B. Wible, Esq., attorney for the borough. The ordinances provided that the collection of the fees should be part of the duties of the burgess. It was a very busy time with him and in some way it was arranged that the Borough Attorney should collect all licenses during the celebration. Mr. Wible reported that there had been paid to him a total of $5195 during the big time and he asked for an allowance for his services and this was finally fixed by the council at 6 per cent. or a total of $311.88.

The matter of the extension of the sewer on Baltimore street from the lodge of the National Cemetery to the Evergreen Cemetery was taken up for consideration. It was explained that by reason of lateness of season the extension was authorized by the Sewer Committee instead of waiting to bring it before Council. Motion to ratify the building carried by five to two, the latter being Councilmen Tawney and Stock. The cost of the sewer reported to be $71.00 was directed to be paid.

Upon motion of Councilman Butt the cost to renew sewer on Carlisle street, $17.73, was directed to be paid.

Under the new law requiring the Secretary of the Board of Health and Health Officer to be bonded officials, the amount of bond of former was fixed at $500 and latter at $200.

A bill of committee to co-operate with the Fiftieth Anniversary Commission of $17.01 was directed to be paid.

The bill of the Borough Surveyor S. Miley Miller, for services for the past year of $501.68 was directed to be paid. Surveyor Miller's report showed a total of 3,209.9 feet of curb and gutter had been put in by the borough; that property owners had put in 2,827 feet of concrete pavements with curb and gutter; that 656.2 feet of concrete pavement without curb and gutter had been built; that the borough had put in 36 feet of concrete alley crossings and 218.5 feet of concrete crossings. The length of [illegible] and some curb [illegible] borough [illegible] to date 1 foot or 13 [illegible]

[illegible]

NEW TOWN COUNCIL.

The New Town Council will convene [illegible] for the transaction of the business of the municipality. Every member of the General Assembly could [illegible] in the congratulatory [illegible] of the Commonwealth [illegible] of $17 [illegible] in the [illegible] and finances [illegible] successful.

[illegible] Town Council will be composed [illegible] Jacob A. Stock and Chas. B. Bond [illegible] Town Board of the last [illegible] Hill, Esq., George E. Stock and Calvin Gilbert of the second ward and Harry S. Trostle, O. G. Baughman and Jacob A. Barbara of the third ward.

High School Sports Rules.

The Pennsylvania State Educational Association in session at Pittsburgh adopted a plan for State-wide control over high school athletic events under the following rules:

In this new plan all interscholastic events in the State, such as football, basketball and track meets are placed under the jurisdiction of a board of control, consisting of six members, two members each from Eastern, Central and Western Pennsylvania. The board will have a paid secretary and is to determine all forfeitures and interpret the rules, make awards as to the official standing of teams, and also hear and determine charges of violations of the rules.

The term "high school" is to be stretched to all academies and preparatory schools that will submit to the prepared regulations. A four-year eligibility rule will prevail and no student over 21 years of age will be allowed to compete. No games shall be played with high schools of this State that are not members of the association. The principal of each school must give his consent to all contests, and either he or his authoriezd representative must accompany the team to all games. Should any one of the schools fail to fill a date $10 shall be forfeited. Each school in the association must pay an annual fee of $2.

Besides being under 21 years of age a student to represent a school must have entered some public school within the first 20 school days of the semester in which the contest occurs, must never have competed for money or have represented a club of which he was not a member, or have been absent from school, except for serious sickness, more than one-tenth of the preceding term. Pupils of the eighth grade are not eligible.

Each student contestant must maintain for the current semester a passing grade in each of three or more studies requiring a minimum of 15 regular high school recitations per week. In his last preceding semester he must meet the same requirements throughout the entire term. The principal of each school must certify the eligibility of all contestants.

No pupil shall be allowed to take part in high school athletics more than four school years or eight semesters, nor for more than four seasons. Post-graduates are not eligible. The time spent by pupils in athletic sports below the high school shall not be counted as part of the four years.

No person shall enter a contest under an assumed name, and any member of a high school team who participates in an athletic contest as a member of any other similar team the same season shall be ineligible to compete for the remainder of that season.

Other than regularly employed teachers, paid coaches will be prohibited. No person who has enrolled as a student in any institution of college standing and has done work which may be counted toward a degree in that institution shall be eligible as a member of any athletic team in this association. All the major officials in athletic contests, participated in by teams connected with schools in this association, shall be regularly licensed teachers in the public schools of the State or persons whose names have been furnished and approved by the board of control.

No student shall be eligible to play football unless he has been examined by a regular physician and his physical condition pronounced satisfactory, and such certificates must be on file with the principal at the time he certifies the eligibility of his players, also the written consent of the parent or guardian of the student.

Sealer of Weights, Etc.

The County Commissioners are having a picnic all their own in balloting for some one to fill the new office created by the last Legislature, Sealer of Weights and Measures. The impression prevails that the salary provided by the law of $1000 and expenses is going to make a very good position for the work required. Among the duties to be performed will be to visit the seven or eight hundred places of business in the county where commodities are sold by weight or measure and inspect and see to it that all weights and measures are standard and destroy such as are not.

The County Commissioners were not in a hurry to select a sealer, but three weeks ago began the balloting. There have been about twenty-five applications for the position, one-half by written application and the other half verbally.

On the first balloting day the following each received one vote: Harry Martin, George Raffensperger, Horace W. Kline, T. F. Rhodes, Luther Rice and Bell Weaver. At the second session of balloting the vote was one each for Martin, Raffensperger and Kline, and at the session on Tuesday of this week, the same result was reached. Altogether twelve ballots have been taken and the end is not yet in sight.

Narrow Escape from Drowning.

Miss Leah Jacobs, residing with her brother, Samuel Jacobs, at East Berlin, had a narrow escape from being fatally burned one day last week. While assisting at butchering Miss Jacobs' dress took fire from the blaze under a bottle, and soon she was a mass of flames. Fortunately the [illegible] at hand and succeeded in extinguishing the flames, but [illegible] most of her clothing [illegible] badly. She was badly burned [illegible] the body and limbs but [illegible] was improving.

If You Are A Trifle Sensitive

About the size of your shoe [illegible] to know that [illegible] we wear shoes a size or [illegible] Allen's Foot-Ease into them. Just the thing for dancing pumps and for breaking in new shoes. Sold everywhere 25c. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Advertisement.

—Horace Stewart, who has been spending some time at his home in Baltimore, has gone to [illegible]

Proclamation

[illegible] Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables in the different Boroughs and Townships in the County of Adams—Greeting:

KNOW YE, that in pursuance of a precept to me directed under the hand and seal of the Honorable S. McC. Swope, President of the General Courts of Common Pleas, in the 51st Judicial District, consisting of the County of Adams and Fulton, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of Capital and other offenders therein, and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and W. Howard Dicks and Jno. Scott Stroup, Esqs., Judges of the same Co. of Adams. You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your own proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations and other remembrances, before the Judges aforesaid, at Gettysburg, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden in the County of Adams aforesaid on the Fourth Monday of January next it being the 26th day at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day then and there to do those things to which your official offices appertain.

SEAL. GIVEN under my hand at Gettysburg on the 16th day of Dec., in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

G. R. THOMPSON, Sheriff.

List of Jurors

GRAND JURORS.

List of Grand Jurors drawn December 16, 1913, for the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, to be held at Gettysburg in and for the County of Adams, the Fourth Monday of January, A. D., 1914.

Adams, W. S., fruit grower, Menallen Twp.
Bigham, Wm., farmer, Freedom Twp.
Barchear, J. B., auctioneer, Union Twp.
Benner, Oliver, gent, Gettysburg 1st ward.
Barner, E. H., porter, Gettysburg, 3d ward.
Feiser, M. D., carpenter, New Oxford Bor.
Goodelberger, J., Berwick Twp.
Hale, George, farmer, Franklin Twp.
Holtzworth, J. A., liveryman, Gettysburg, 2d ward.
Hantz, Henry, farmer, Reading Twp.
Kragy, H. L., farmer, Conewago Twp.
Krug, John E., farmer, Oxford Twp.
McCauslen, Isaac, farmer, Menallen Twp.
Musselman, J. E., banker, Gettysburg 3rd ward.
Orner, E. S., butcher, Arendtsville Bor.
Oyler, J. Price, farmer, Straban Twp.
Rose, John J., farmer, Freedom Twp.
Stork, A. K., cigarmaker, Littlestown Bor.
Showers, G. W., farmer, Menallen Twp.
Shambrook, D. C., farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Tate, John W., farmer, Tyrone Twp.
Wherley, Henry, farmer, Mt. Joy Twp.
Wisler, Samuel M., farmer, Highland Twp.
Wavel, Wm., laborer, Gettysburg 3rd ward.

PETIT JURORS.

List of Petit Jurors drawn Dec. 16, 1913, for the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, to be held at Gettysburg, in and for the County of Adams the Fourth Monday of January, A. D., 1914.

Bell, Robert, farmer, Straban Twp.
Bucher, Harry G., farmer, Franklin Twp.
Bucher, Charles W., farmer, Mt. Joy Twp.
Bittle, Samuel, farmer, Germany Twp.
Berger, Peter, farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Bowers, Harry, merchant, Littlestown Bor.
Baldwin, Joseph, farmer, Menallen Twp.
Carbaugh, Wm. H., mfg., Oxford Twp.
Clapsaddle, Emanuel, farmer, Hamilton Twp.
Carl, W. C., farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Deardorf, Z. M., farmer, Berwick Twp.
Day, G. W., restaurant, York Springs Bor.
Drocher, Harry J., farmer, Conewago Twp.
Echolts, Clayton, farmer, Straban Twp.
Eline, Wm., contractor, Littlestown Bor.
Frock, T. E., laborer, Gettysburg 2nd ward.
Gingrich, J. H., farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Gardner, John W., laborer, Huntington Twp.
Hilbish, Jacob M., clerk, New Oxford Bor.
Houck, H. R., farmer, Butler Twp.
Hedgeworth, H., liveryman, Gettysburg 2nd ward.
Hafer, Chas., cigarmaker, Abbottstown Bor.
Himes, Prof. Harry, gent, Gettysburg 3d ward.
Kimple, James, farmer, Franklin Twp.
Keefer, John, cigarmaker, Littlestown Bor.
Kindig, Irvin, farmer, Union Twp.
Krouse, Wm., farmer, Menallen Twp.
Lerch, David G., farmer, Straban Twp.
Mehring, J. Frank, gent, Littlestown Bor.
Myers, John L., farmer, Hamiltonban Twp.
Myers, Adam L., watch, Gettysburg 3d ward.
Richter, C. H., farmer, Berwick Twp.
Rice, Weybright, farmer, Biglerville Bor.
Rife, Clinton, farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Reese, John F., laborer, Hamiltonban Twp.
Shank, Webster, laborer, Huntington Twp.
Shryock, Harry, laborer, Fairfield Bor.
Straley, James G., farmer, Mt. Joy Twp.
Sunday, Wm., gent, East Berlin Bor.
Stavely, Lewis, cigarmaker, Littlestown Bor.
Smith, R., cigarmaker, McSherrystown Bor.
Shriver, Eugene C., laborer, Gettysburg 1st ward.
Singley, John E., farmer, Hamiltonban Twp.
Steinour, Frank, clerk, Gettysburg, 3rd ward.
Winebrenner, T. J., clerk, Gettysburg 3rd ward.
Watson, W. F., farmer, Hamiltonban Twp.
Weybright, Oliver, farmer, Freedom Twp.
Zimmerman, J. B., farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.

LICENSES.

The following applications for liquor license have been filed in my office with the requisite number of signers, and will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Adams County, on Friday the 9th day of January, 1914.

TAVERN.

Chas. R. Abbott, Abbottstown Boro.
Jacob G. Wilson, Arendtsville Boro.
Anton Schlosser, Littlestown Boro.
Frank Bosman, McSherrystown Boro.
R. E. Sprenkle, East Berlin Boro.
Walter J. Kuebel, East Berlin Boro.
Geo. J. Kohl, Fairfield Boro.
J. A. Ring, Mgr., Gettysburg, 1st ward.
Amos J. Collins, Gettysburg 1st ward.
Wm. Hersh, Admr. Ham Estate, Gettysburg 2nd ward.
Peter M. Bruner, Gettysburg 2nd ward.
John D. Kane, Gettysburg 2nd ward.
Wm. H. Brown, Gettysburg 3rd ward.
Mrs. Elise Baugherman, Gettysburg 3rd ward.
Geo. W. Riffle, Littlestown Boro.
John D. Meyers, Littlestown Boro.
Mrs. Martha J. Ocker, Littlestown Boro.
Howard J. Mummert, McSherrystown Boro.
Joseph F. Eline, McSherrystown Boro.
C. S. Weaver, McSherrystown Boro.
Chas. T. Hersh, New Oxford Boro.
Geo. F. Grove, New Oxford Boro.
Chas. A. Hamilton, York Springs Boro.
Michael W. Hoke, York Springs Boro.
Abner B. Kurtz, Franklin Twp.
Frank G. Hemler, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Chas. Strausbaugh, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Harry F. Devine, Oxford Twp.
S. V. Bushman, Reading Twp.
Frank McThomas, Straban Twp.
John Robertson, Cumberland Twp.

RESTAURANT.

Peter F. Eichhart, East Berlin Boro.
Oliver Klinefelter, Gettysburg 2nd ward.
Rudolph J. Fuchs, McSherrystown 2nd ward.
R. H. Eline, McSherrystown 1st ward.

WHOLESALE.

John Kimple, Gettysburg 1st ward.

BOTTLERS.

Theo. Kunzel, Mgr., Gettysburg 2nd ward.
WM. E. [illegible]

NOTICE.

[illegible]

All Year Poultry Show, Admission Free

READ THE COMPILER

Another Christmas Club
...AT...
The Gettysburg National Bank

You will need money next Christmas, so why not join our club and until the next Holiday Season you will have saved a snug little lump that has not caused you the least inconvenience to accumulate?

Small weekly payments that you will never miss, at the end of the year will constitute a fund that will render your Christmas shopping easy.

Over 300 Christmas Checks were distributed this year to the members and they amounted to $8,000. The 1914 club promises to be bigger and better than ever.

Call at the bank and we will be glad to explain to you our plan.

It does not cost you a cent to join and there are several classes of payments, so that you may select the one that best suits your purse.

The Savings Fund opens on DEC. 29th.
Hundreds Were Made Happy in 1913.

Why not be one of the happy ones when next Christmas rolls around? MAKE YOUR CHRISTMAS A MERRY ONE.

The Gettysburg National Bank
Gettysburg. - - - - Penna.

Dougherty & Hartley

AS THE NEW YEAR
1914

with its Procession of Days moves forward, there will be the same almost countless needs for clothes and items of wearing apparel, for Ladies, Misses, Children and Men, and for the many household necessities, the bedding, carpet, table linens, etc. The renewing and replenishing must go with the years and our big line of Dry Goods is the opportunity we offer you for the care of those needs.

SERVICE

in the past is the promise of the kind and quality of the dependable service we will ever aim to give you, an up-to-date service at the most reasonable prices. With this renewing promise, we send To all our Friends, Customers and Patrons Very Best Wishes for

:-: A Happy New Year :-:

Dougherty & Hartley

NEW : YEAR : RESOLUTION

Why : not : Resolve : to : Buy : Your Supplies : of

Groceries — Paints and Oils
Hardware — Building Supplies
Queensware — Farm Implements

from the

GETTYSBURG DEPARTMENT STORE

Our Constant Aim
Will be to maintain the finest Stock in town in our line with our well known Standard of Efficiency of Service.

With Best Wishes
to all Our Patrons and Friends for a
Happy New Year

Gettysburg Department Store

SUBSCRIBE For The COMPILER.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

GREAT BIGLERVILLE SHOW

GREATEST DISPLAY OF POULTRY EVER MADE IN COUNTY

Attendance of 2800 for the First Two Days of the Show.

The Big Show of the Biglerville Agricultural, Horticultural and Poultry Association opened on Wednesday, Dec. 31, and is now in full blast.

There is an exhibition of chickens, turkeys, geese, apples potatoes and corn of which Biglerville and the whole country can be justly proud. It is worth the seeing by any citizen interested in the development of his own county and specially will be of value to our people engaged in the raising of poultry and the farm products displayed. There should be a large attendance during the remainder of the show, closing Saturday evening, January 3.

The silver cup prizes will unquestionably surpass anything of the kind offered by an association at its second annual exhibition. The exhibition of the new silver cups in the window of Penrose Myers for several days last week attracted much attention and the display of these cups is worth seeing, surpassing that of last year, shown in accompanying picture. The association is offering a very long list of cash prizes that proved attractive and called out a big exhibition entry.

The judges began their work on Wednesday morning and by middle of the afternoon had finished their work on all exhibitions except the poultry and that was well advanced at the close of the day.

O. C. Rice, Secretary of the association, has been thinking nothing but show and working for the success of the show for weeks.

The following is a list of winning birds in show, the figures in front indicate the five prize winners in class and end figures the entry number.

POULTRY

Barred Plymouth Rock

Cock

1 Chas. E. Test, 4
1— 2 Samuel S Miller, 12
3 C. J. Rausher, 40
4 C. A. Hershey, 44
3— 5 C. Guy Myers, 45
5— 6 C. Guy Myers, 45
7 J. A. Hollinger, 47
4— 8 Geo. G. Hollinger, 54
2— 9 W. G. Overbaugh, 71
10 A. E. Sheely, 78

Hen

11 Edgar A. Potts, 12
12 C. A. Hershey, 44
1— 13 C Guy Myers, 45
2— 14 C Guy Myers, 45
3— 15 C. Guy Myers, 45
4— 16 C. Guy Myers, 45
5— 17 J. A. Hollinger, 47
18 J. A. Hollinger, 47
19 J. Raymond Snyder, 77

Cockerel

20 Chas. E. Test, 4
21 Chas. E. Test, 4
22 Samuel E. Miller, 10
4— 23 Edgar A. Potts, 12
24 Edgar A. Potts, 12
25 David Weaver, 15
26 David Weaver, 15
27 Dr. M. T. Dill, 19
28 Dr. M. T. Dill, 19
29 Dr. M. T. Dill, 19
30 Dr. M. T. Dill, 19
31 C. J. Rausher, 40
32 C. J. Rausher, 40
33 C. J. Rausher, 40
34 C. A. Hershey, 44
35 C. A. Hershey, 44
1— 36 C. Guy Myers, 45
37 C. Guy Myers, 45
5— 38 J. A. Hollinger, 47
3— 39 J. A. Hollinger, 47
40 J. A. Hollinger, 47
2— 41 Geo. G. Hollinger, 54
42 Geo. G. Hollinger, 54
43 Geo. G. Hollinger, 54
44 Geo. G. Hollinger, 54
45 Geo. G. Hollinger, 54
46 A. E. Sheely, 78
47 A. E. Sheely, 78
48 John Rice, 103

Pullets

49 Chas. E. Test, 4
50 Chas. E. Test, 4
51 Chas. E. Test, 4
1— 52 Edgar A. Potts, 12
53 Edgar A. Potts, 12
54 Dr. M. T. Dill, 19
55 Dr. M. T. Dill, 19
5— 56 C. J. Rausher, 40
57 C. A. Hershey, 44
58 C. A. Hershey, 44
2— 59 C. Guy Myers, 45
3— 60 C. Guy Myers, 45
4— 61 C. Guy Myers, 45
62 C. Guy Myers, 45
63 J. A. Hollinger, 47
64 J. A. Hollinger, 47
65 W. H. Overbaugh, 71
66 J. Raymond Snyder, 77
68 A. E. Sheely, 78
69 A. E. Sheely, 78
70 A. E. Sheely, 78

Pen

4— 71 C. J. Rausher, 40
1—72 C. Guy Myers, 45
2— 73 C. Guy Myers, 45
3— 74 Robert C. Miller, 59
75 Geo. G. Hollinger, 54
76 J. Raymond Snyder, 77
3— J. A. Hollinger, 47

White Plymouth Rock

Cock

5— 77 I. S. Orner, 29
1— 78 Hoch & Frederick, 35
2— 79 Hoch & Frederick, 35
4— 80 Geo. D. Sheely, 73
3— 81 J. H. Zeider, 74

Hen

2— 82 Hoch & Frederick, 35
4— 83 Hoch & Frederick, 35
1— 84 Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46
3— 85 Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46
5— 86 Geo. D. Sheely, 73
87 Geo. D. Sheely, 73
1— 89 C. H. Flickinger, 94

White Indian Runner

Cock

901 J. M. Reinecker, 49
902 J. M. Reinecker, 49
2— 903 Mrs. I. R. Tanger, 50

Cockerel

5— 88 I. S. Orner, 29
90 I. S. Orner, 29
1— 91 Hoch & Frederick, 35
2— 92 Hoch & Frederick, 35
3— 93 Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46

4— 93 Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46
94 Geo. D. Sheely, 73

Pullet

5— 95 I. S. Orner, 29
96 I. S. Orner, 29
1— 97 Hoch & Frederick, 35
2— 98 Hoch & Frederick, 35
3— 99 Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46
4—100 Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46
101 Geo. D. Sheely, 73
102 Geo. D. Sheely, 73

Pen

103 I. S. Orner, 29
1—104 Hoch & Frederick, 35
3—105 Hoch & Frederick, 35
2—106 Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46
4—107 Geo. D. Sheely, 73

Buff Plymouth Rock

Cock

1—108 Joseph E. Hertz, 83

Hen

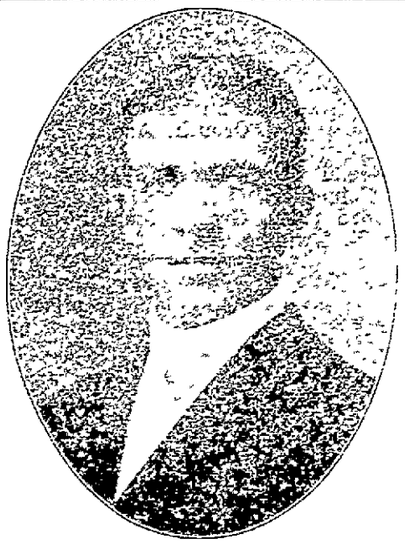
4—109 John A. Bair, 56
1—110 Joseph E. Hertz, 83
2—111 Joseph E. Hertz, 83
3—112 Jesoph E. Hertz, 83

Cockerel

2—113 John A. Bair, 56
1—114 Joseph E. Hertz, 83

Pullet

5—115 John A. Bair, 56
4—116 John A. Bair, 56



O. C. RICE, Secretary.

1—117 Joseph E. Hertz, 83
2—118 Joseph E. Hertz, 83
3—119 Joseph E. Hertz, 83

Silver Laced Wyandotte

Cock

1—120 E. E. Raffensberger, 26
2— J. Austin Kline, 52

Hen

1—121 E. E. Raffensberger, 26

Pullet

1—122 E. E. Reffensberger, 26
2—123 E. E. Raffensbereger, 26
3—124 E. E. Raffensberger, 26
4—125 E. E. Raffensberger, 26

Golden Laced Wyandotte

Cock

1—126 J. Hoke Slaybaugh, 16

Hen

1—127 A. W. Hartlaub & Son, 61

Cockerel

1—128 J. Hoke Slaybaugh, 16
2—128 J. Hoke Slaybaugh, 16
129 A. W. Hartlaub, 61

Pullet

130 J. Hoke Slaybaugh, 16
1—131 A. W. Hartlaub, 61
2—132 A. W. Hartlaub, 61

White Wyandotte

Cock

1—133 Harvey Raffensberger, 27
2—135 Harvey Raffensberger, 27
3—136 Harvey Raffensberger, 27
137 Geo. W. Hill, 91
4—138 C. A. Hershey, 44
139 H. F. Slagle, 63

Hen

1—140 Harvey Raffensberger, 27
2—141 Harvey Raffensberger, 27
3—142 Paul Leidy, 86
143 Geo. W. Hill, 91
144 Geo. W. Hill, 91
5—145 C. A. Hershey, 44
4—146 H. F. Slagle, 63

Cockerel

1—147 Harvey Raffensberger, 27
2—148 Harvey Raffensberger, 27
3—149 Paul Leidy, 86
150 Geo. W. Hill, 91
4—151 C. A. Hershey, 44
5—152 H. F. Slagle, 63

Pullet

1—153 Harvey Raffensberger, 27
2—154 Harvey Raffensberger, 27
4—155 Paul Leidy, 86
156 Paul Leidy, 86
157 Geo. W. Hill, 91
158 Geo. W. Hill, 91
5—159 C. A. Hershey, 44
3—160 H. F. Slagle, 63

Pen

1—161 Harvey Raffensberger, 27
162 Geo. W. Hill, 91
2—163 C. A. Hershey, 44
3—164 C. A. Hershey, 44

Buff Wyandotte

Cock

1—165 J. Austin Kline, 52
2—166 J. Austin Kline, 52

Hen

1—167 J. Austin Kline, 52
2—168 J. Austin Kline, 52

Cockerel

1—169 J. Austin Kline, 52

Pullet

1—170 J. Austin Kline, 52

Silver Penciled Wyandotte

Cock

1—171 J. Austin Kline, 52

Partridge Wyandotte

Cock

1—172 E. J. Stiles, 48
2—173 E. J. Stiles, 48
3—174 E. J. Stiles, 48
4—175 E. J. Stiles, 48

Hen

1—175 E. J. Stiles, 48
2—176 E. J. Stiles, 48
3—177 E. J. Stiles, 48
4—178 E. J. Stiles, 48

Cockerel

1—179 E. J. Stiles, 48
2—180 E. J. Stiles, 48
3—181 E. J. Stiles, 48
4—182 E. J. Stiles, 48

Pullet

1—183 E. J. Stiles, 48
2—184 E. J. Stiles, 48
3—185 E. J. Stiles, 48
186 E. J. Stiles, 48

R. C. R. I. Reds

Cock

187 Beyer & Morrison, 5
5—188 Curtis W. Peters, 17
189 Albert Washinger, 25
190 E. D. Heiges, 34
1—191 E. J. Stiles, 48
2—192 M. A. Trone, 53
193 M. A. Trone, 53
3—194 H. J. Van Dyke, 64
4—195 H. J. Van Dyke, 64

Hen

196 W. G. Horner, 1
197 Beyer & Morrison, 5
4—198 Albert Washinger, 25
3—199 E. D. Heiges, 34
200 E. J. Stiles, 48
2—201 M. A. Trone, 53
5—202 M. A. Trone, 53
1—203 H. J. Van Dyke, 64

Cockerel

4—204 W. G. Horner, 1
205 W. G. Horner, 1
206 W. G. Horner, 1
207 W. G. Horner, 1
208 W. G. Horner, 1
209 Beyer & Morrison, 5
210 Beyer & Morrison, 5
211 Geo. W. Peters, 11
212 Geo. W. Peters, 11
213 Curtis W. Peters, 17
214 Mrs. Cal. Hoffman, 24
215 Albert Washinger 25
3—216 E. D. Heiges, 34
217 R. E. Mickley, 42
218 R. E. Mickley, 42
219 R. E. Mickley, 42
2—220 M. A. Trone, 53
221 M. A. Trone, 53
222 M. A. Trone, 53
223 John L. Gibbs, 55
1—224 H. J. Van Dyke, 64
225 H. J. Van Dyke, 64
226 H. J. Van Dyke, 64

Pullet

227 W. G. Horner, 1
228 Beyer & Morrison, 5
229 Beyer & Morrison, 5
230 Geo. W. Peters, 11
231 Geo. W. Peters, 11
232 Mrs. Cal. Hoffman, 24
233 Albert Washinger, 25
234 Albert Washinger, 25
3—235 E. D. Heighes, 34
4—236 E. D. Heighes, 34
5—237 E. D. Heighes, 34
238 R. E. Mickley, 42
239 R. E. Mickley, 42
240 R. E. Mickley, 42
241 John L. Gibbs, 55
242 M. A. Trone, 53
243 M. A. Trone, 53
244 M. A. Trone, 53
1—245 H. J. Van Dyke, 64
2—246 H. J. Van Dyke, 64
247 H. J. Van Dyke, 64
248 H. J. Van Dyke, 64
249 H. J. Van Dyke, 64
250 H. J. Van Dyke, 64

Pen

3—250 W. G. Horner, 1
252 W. G. Horner, 1
252 Beyer & Morrison 5
4—254 Albert Washinger, 23
2—255 E. D. Heiges, 34
1—256 M. A. Trone, 53

S. C. R. I. Reds

Cock

1—257 E. J. Stiles, 48
2—258 W. H. Banks, 97

Hen

2—259 E. J. Stiles, 48
1—260 W. H. Banks, 97
3—261 David Brown, 18
4—262 David Brown, 18

Cockerel

4—263 E. D. Heighes, 34
1—264 E. J. Stiles, 48
3—265 E. J. Stiles, 48
2—266 W. H. Banks, 97

Pullets

4—267 E. D. Heiges, 34
268 E. J. Stiles, 48
267 E. J. Stiles, 48
1—269 W. H. Banks, 97
270 W. H. Banks, 97
2—271 David Brown, 18
5—273 David Brown, 18
274 David Brown, 18

Pens

1—275 E. J. Stiles, 48
3—276 W. H. Banks, 97
2—277 David Brown, 18

Light Brahma

Cock

1—278 J. M. Reinecker, 49
2—279 J. M. Reinecker, 49

Hens

1—280 J. M. Reinecker, 49
2—281 J. M. Reinecker, 49
3—282 J. M. Reinecker, 49
4—283 J. M. Reinecker, 49

Blue Andalusians

Cock

1— 284 C. H. Flickinger, 94
2— 285 C. H. Flickinger, 94
286 D. S. Sterner, 105

Hen

1— 287 C. H. Flickinger, 94
2— 288 C. H. Flickinger, 94
3— 289 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Cockerel

1— 290 C. H. Flickinger, 94
2— 291 C. H. Flickinger, 94
292 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Pullets

1—293 C. H. Flickinger, 94
2— 294 C. H. Flickinger, 94
3— 295 C. H. Flickinger, 94
296 D. S. Sterner, 105
297 D. S. Sterner, 105
298 D. S. Sterner, 105
299 D. S. Sterner, 105
300 D. S. Sterner, 105

S. C. Brown Leghorns

Cock

1— 301 John Hartman, 23
2— 302 J. D. Grim, 100
3— 303 J. D. Grim, 100
304 H. W. Fohl, 106

Hens

305 H. W. Fohl, 106
306 H. W. Fohl, 106
5— 307 James Lawyer, 21
308 James Lawyer, 21
309 James Lawyer, 21
310 James Lawyer, 21
311 James Lawyer, 21
3— 312 John Hartman, 23
4— 313 John Hartman, 23
314 John Hartman, 23
1— 315 J. D. Grim, 100
2— 316 J. D. Grim, 100

Cockerel

1— 317 J. D. Grim, 100
2— 318 J. D. Grim, 100

Pullets

319 H. W. Fohl, 106
320 H. W. Fohl, 106
321 John Hartman, 23
1— 322 J. D. Grim, 100
2— 323 J. D. Grim, 100
3— 324 C. E. Rice, 98
325 C. E. Rice, 98

Pen

326 H. W. Fohl, 106
327 James Lawyer, 21
328 John Hartman, 23
S 1— 329 J. D. Grim, 100

R. C. Brown Leghorn

Hen

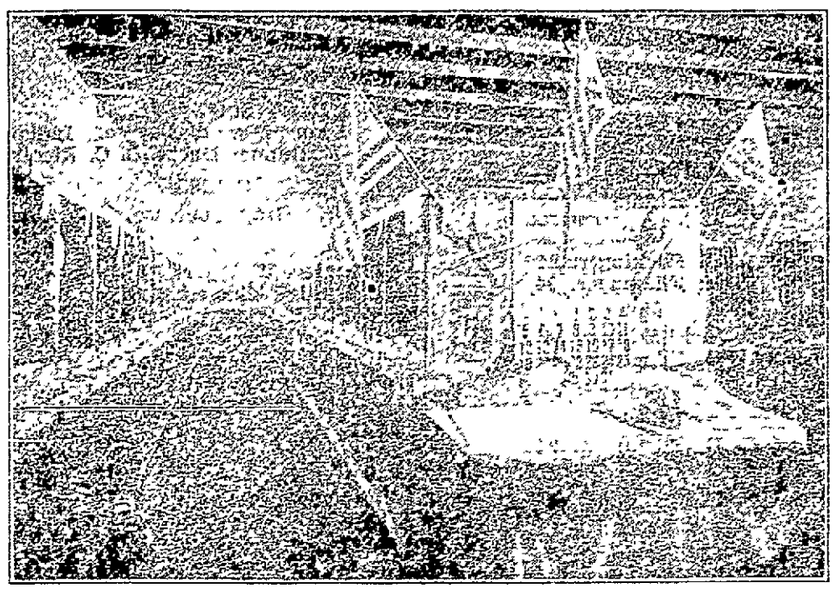
330 C. E. Sadler, 84

Cockerel

1— 331 Luther E. Sandoe, 36
332 C. E. Sadler, 84

Pullet

1— 333 Luther E. Sandoe, 36
2— 334 Luther E. Sandoe, 36
3— 335 Luther E. Sandoe, 36
336 Luther E. Sandoe, 36
337 C. E. Sadler, 84



POULTRY EXHIBITION, FIRST SHOW.

Pen

1— 338 Luther E. Sandoe, 36

S. C White Leghorn.

Cock

339 Adam Bennett 20
349 O. C. Rice, 30
3— 341 C. J. Rauscher, 40
4— 342 C. J. Rauscher, 40
1— 343 J. Austin Kline 52
5— 344 J. Austin, Kline, 52
345 C. E. Bosserman 96
2— Geo. Slaybaugh, 37

Hen

346 Adam Bennett 20
347 Adam Bennett, 20
348 Adam Bennett, 20
4— 349 Harvey Raffensperger, 27
350 Harvey Raffensperger, 27
351 J. C. Minter, 33
352 J. C. Minter, 33
2— 353 George E. Slaybaugh, 37
5— 354 George E. Slaybaugh, 37
355 George E. Slaybaugh, 37
356 George E. Slaybaugh, 37
357 George E Slaybaugh, 37
3— 358 C. J. Rauscher, 40
359 J. Austin Kline, 52
360 J. Austin Kline, 52
361 J. I. Mumper, 57
362 J. I. Mumper, 57
1—363 L. D. Plank, 92
364 C. E. Bosserman, 96
365 C. E. Bosserman, 96

Cockerel

366 Charles Stover, 9
3— 367 Adam Bennett, 20
5— 368 Adam Bennett, 20
369 Adam Bennett, 20
370 Adam Bennett, 20
371 Harvey Raffensperger, 27
372 Harvey Raffensperger, 27
4— 373 J. C. Minter, 33
374 J. C. Minter, 33
1— 375 O. C. Rice, 30
2— 376 George E. Slaybaugh, 37
377 George E. Slaybaugh, 37
378 George E. Slaybaugh, 37
379 George E. Slaybaugh, 37
380 C. J. Rausler, 40
381 J. M. Reinecker, 49
382 J. M. Reinecker, 49
383 J. Austin Kline, 52
384 J. I. Mumper, 57
385 E. H. Plank, 65
386 E. H. Plank, 65
387 E. H. Plank 65
388 Jos. H. Sheely, 72
389 Jos. H. Sheely, 72
390 L. D. Plank 92
391 C. E. Bosserman, 96
392 C. E. Bosserman, 96
393 Geo. P. Myers, 102

Pullets

394 Charles Stover, 9
395 Charles Stover, 9
396 Charles Stover, 9
397 Charles Stover, 9
398 Adam Bennett, 20
399 Adam Bennett 20
400 F. K. Walter, 22
401 F. K. Walter, 22
402 F. K. Walter 22
403 Harvey Raffensperger, 27
404 Harvey Raffensperger, 27
405 J. C. Minter, 33
406 J. C. Minter, 33
407 O. C. Rice, 30
408 O. C. Rice, 30
409 O. C. Rice, 30
1— 410 George E. Slaybaugh, 37
2— 411 George E. Slaybaugh, 37
4— 412 George E. Slaybaugh, 37
3— 413 George E. Slaybaugh, 37
414 C. J. Rauscher, 40
415 J. Austin Kline, 52
416 John A. Bair, 56
417 John A. Bair, 56
418 E. H. Plank, 65
419 E. H. Plank, 65
420 E. H. Plank, 65
421 Jos. H. Sheely, 72
422 Jos. H. Sheely, 72
423 L. D. Plank 92
424 L. D. Plank, 92
425 L. D. Plank, 92
426 C. E. Bosserman, 96
427 C. E. Bosserman, 96

Pen

428 Adam Bennett, 20
429 Harvey Raffensperger, 27
430 O. C. Rice, 30
431 George E. Slaybaugh, 37
432 George E. Slaybaugh, 37
433 C. J. Rauscher, 40
434 Oyler & Spangler, 62
435 E. H. Plank, 65
436 L. D. Plank, 92
437 C. E. Bosserman, 96

R. C. White Leghorn

Cock

1— 438 Geo. P. Myers, 102

Hen

439 Geo. P. Myers, 102

Cockerel

1—440 Curtis W. Peters, 17

Pullet

1— 441 F. K. Walter, 22

S. C. Buff Leghorns

Cock

1— 442 J. R. Hantz, 82

Hen

1— 443 J. R. Hantz, 82
2— 444 J. R. Hantz, 82

Cockerel

1— 445 J. R. Hantz, 82
446 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Pullet

1— 447 J. R. Hantz 82
3— 448 J. R. Hantz 82
2— 449 C. H. Flickinger, 94

R. C Buff Leghorns

Hen

1— 450 C. H. Flickinger, 94
2— 451 C. H. Flickinger, 94
3—452 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Cockerel

2— 453 J. R. Hantz, 82
1— 454 C. H Flickinger, 94

Pullet

1— 455 J. R. Hantz, 82
3— 456 J. R. Hantz 82
2— 457 C. H. Flickinger, 94

S. C. Black Minorcas

Cock

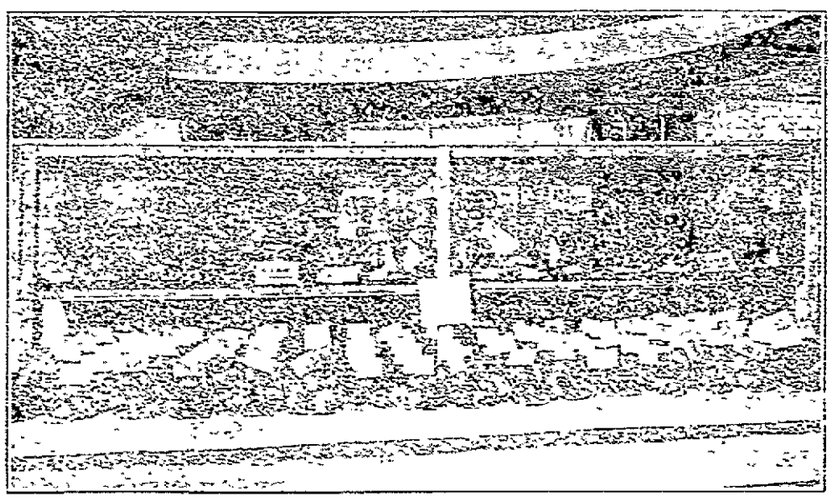
1— 458 C. Guy Myers, 45
2— 459 Chas. M. Weikert, 66

Hen

3— 460 C. Guy Myers, 45
4— 461 C. Guy Myers, 45
5— 462 C. Guy Myers, 45
1— 463 Chas. M. Weikert, 66
2— 464 Chas. M. Weikert 66
465 Chas. M. Weikert, 66

Cockerel

4— 466 S. E. Strasbaugh, 8
467 Geo. W. Peters, 11
3— 468 C. Guy Myers, 45
669 C. Guy Myers, 45
1— 670 Ralph Smith, 58
2— 671 Chas. M. Weikert, 66
5— 672 Chas. M. Weikert, 66
673 Chas. M. Weikert, 66



CUPS OF FIRST SHOW

Pullet

3— 674 S. E. Strasbaugh, 8
675 Geo. W. Peters, 11
676 Geo. W. Peters, 11
2— 677 C. Guy Myers, 45
4— 678 C. Guy Myers 45
679 C. Guy Myers, 45
1— 680 Ralph Smith, 58
5— 681 Chas. M. Weikert, 66
682 Chas. M. Weikert, 66
683 Chas. M. Weikert, 66

Pen

684 Chas. M. Weikert, 66

Ancona

Cock

1— 685 M. A. Shue, 93

Hen

2— 686 York Valley Poultry Yards, 81
1— 687 York Valley Poultry Yards, 81
1— 688 M. A. Shue, 93
3— 689 M. A. Shue, 93

Cockerel

1— 690 York Valley Poultry Yards, 81
2— 691 York Valley Poultry Yards 81
3— 692 A. P. Wagner, 89
4— 693 M. A. Shue, 93
5— 694 M. A. Shue, 93

Pullet

1— 695 York Valley Poultry Yards, 81
2— 696 York Valley Poultry Yards, 81
5— 697 A. P. Wagner, 89
2— 698 M. A. Shue, 93
4— 699 M. A. Shue, 93
700 M. A. Shue, 93

S. C. Buff Orpingtons

Cock

701 Wm. Howe, 13
1— 702 C. Guy Myers, 45
2— 703 M. H. Banks, 97

Hen

3— 704 Old Forge Poultry Farm, 3
2— 705 Wm. Howe, 13
1— 706 C. Guy Myers, 45
4— 707 C. Guy Myers, 45

Cockerel

1— 708 Old Forge Poultry Farm, 3
709 Wm. Howe, 13
710 Wm. Howe, 13
2— 711 C. Guy Myers, 45
712 C. F. Tanger, 68
713 C. F. Tanger, 68
714 C. F. Tanger, 68
715 Geo. A. Taylor, 70

Pullet

716 Old Forge Poultry Farm, 3
1— 717 Wm. Howe, 13
718 Wm. Howe, 13
3— 719 C. Guy Myers, 45
4— 720 C. Guy Myers, 45
721 C. F. Tanger, 68
2— 722 Geo. A. Taylor, 70
5— 723 M. H Banks, 97

S. C. Black Orpingtons

Cock

2— 724 J. A. Hollinger, 47
1— 725 Lutz Bros., 76

Hen

2— 726 R. T. Sandoe, 2
1— 727 J. A. Hollinger, 47
4— 728 J. A. Hollinger, 47
3— 729 Lutz Bros., 76
5— 730 Lutz Bros., 76

Cockerel

731 R. T. Sandoe, 2
732 R. T. Sandoe, 2
4— 733 Geo. W. Peters, 11
734 Geo. W. Peters, 11
735 Geo. W. Peters, 11
736 Miss Eva M. Boyer, 32
737 J. Melvin Warren, 41
3— 738 J. A. Hollinger, 47
5— 739 J. A. Hollinger, 47
740 J. A. Hollinger, 47
1— 741 Lutz Bros., 76
2— 742 Lutz Bros., 76

Pullet

2— 743 R. T. Sandoe, 2
4— 744 R. T. Sandoe, 2
745 R. T. Sandoe, 2
746 R. T. Sandoe, 2
747 Geo. W. Peters, 11
748 Geo. W. Peters, 11
749 Geo. W. Peters, 11
750 Miss Eva M. Boyer, 32
751 J. Melvin Warren, 41
752 J. Melvin Warren, 41
3— 753 J. A. Hollinger, 47
754 J. A. Hollinger, 47
1— 755 Lutz Bros., 76
5— 756 Lutz Bros, 76

Pen

757 R. T. Sandoe, 2
2— 758 McCammon & Myers, 75
1— 759 Lutz Bros., 76

S. C White

Cock

4— 760 R. T. Little, 7
3— Ira P. Taylor, 101
2— 761 Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46
1— 762 Lutz Bros., 76

Hen

763 R. T. Little, 7
764 J. C. Minter, 33
2— 765 Pine Grove Poultry
4— 766 Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46
5— 767 Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46
1— 768 Lutz Bros., 76
3— 769 Lutz Bros., 76

Cockerel

770 R. T. Little, 7
771 R. T. Little, 7
772 J. C. Minter, 33
773 J. C. Minter, 33
1—774 Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46
2— 775Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46
5— 776 Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46
3— 777 Lutz Bros., 76
4— 778 Lutz Bros., 76
779 W. W. Detter, 79
780 W.W. Detter, 79
781 W. W. Detter, 79
782 W. W. Detter, 79
783 W. W. Detter, 79

Pullet

784 R. T Little, 7
785 R. T. Little, 7
786 Adam Bennett, 20
787 Adam Bennett, 20
4— 788 J. C. Minter, 33
789 J. C. Minter, 33
790 J. C. Minter, 33
791 J.Melvin Warren, 41
792 J. Melvin Warren, 41
793 J. Melvin Warren, 41
2— 794 Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46
5— 795 Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46
796 Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46
1— 797 Lutz Bros., 76
3— 798 Lutz Bros., 76

Pen

799 Pine Grove Poultry Farm, 46
800 W. W. Detter, 79

Polish

White Crested Black Polish

Cock

2— 801 McCammon & Myers, 75
1— 802 Robert B. Foltz, 80

Hen

1— 803 McCammon & Myers, 75
2— 804 McCammon & Myers, 75
3— 805 McCammon & Myers, 75
4— 806 McCammon & Myers, 75
5— 807 Robert B. Foltz, 80
808 Robert B. Foltz, 80

Cockerel

1— 809 McCammon & Myers, 75
2— 810 McCammon & Myers, 75

Pullet

1— 811 McCammon & Myers, 75
2— 812 Robert B. Foltz, 80
3— 813 Robert B. Foltz, 80
4— 814 Robert B. Foltz, 80

Pen

1— 815 McCammon & Myers, 75

DUTCH

Silver Campines

Cock

1— 816 I. R. Tanger, 51

Hen

1— 817 I. R. Tanger, 51
2— 818 I. R. Tanger, 51

Cockerel

2— 819 I. R. Tanger, 51
1— 820 Edward E. Dekel, 87

Pullet

821 F. K. Walter, 22
822 F. K. Walter, 22
1— 823 I. R. Tanger, 51
2— 824 I. R. Tanger, 51

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

An Old School Dominie.

I examined the contents of the satchel of a schoolboy of tender years the other day and found it to contain sixteen books of study. The textbooks covered a wide curriculum, and the perusal of them awakened in me sympathy for the schoolboy, together with a feeling of thankfulness that my own schooldays had been passed in a more stern if less strenuous age, when taws were more in evidence than textbooks.

I mentioned this subject to an old Highlander whose schooldays date away back to the "hungry forties," and he assured me that in those days he trudged to school with a Bible in one oxter and a peat for the schoolroom fire in the other. The Bible was the only book possessed by each of the scholars, and it had to serve for all purposes. As a reading book place names occurred which baffled alike the tongues of schoolmaster and pupils to pronounce. The master never was known to admit defeat, however, for, recognizing that "discretion is the better part of valor," he would extricate a balking reader by observing sagely: "Pass it on, my lad. Ye'll never be there."—Glasgow News.

They Both Wore Beards.

"It's a strain in bindery work not to make mistakes," a girl worker told Mary Van Kleeck, the author of "Women in the Bookbinding Trade." "A book is easily spoiled. I know a girl that put a picture of Longfellow in a copy of 'As You Like It.' Nobody knew it until she looked in another girl's book that had a picture of Shakespeare. 'Well,' she said, 'that doesn't look like the picture I pasted. He was a funny looking man, but no as funny as that.'"

The reader who has come to a full stop in the middle of a book or of a magazine article because the "signatures" are mixed may be in no forgiving mood with the girl who doesn't know Longfellow's beard from Shakespeare's, but he may have some sympathy with the fatigue and monotony of factory work. Another girl put it tersely: "When you do one thing all day you lose the feeling in your fingers. You are likely to pick up two sheets at a time."

The Future of the Windmill.

The great possibilities of the windmill of the future, as outlined by scientists, reads like a fairy tale. It will be and is now used not only to irrigate millions of acres of desert land, but it can be used to produce electric power which can be stored away and kept for future use in lighting the house, cooking, heating and furnishing the water supply. Even the weekly washing and ironing may be done by means of the windmill. Among other ideas suggested by scientists is the establishment along all the roads in the country of electrical windmill storage places where any one driving a motor car may stop, drop a coin in the slot, replenish the supply and keep on going. In fact, the possibilities of this latest adaptation of the windmill are so great as to make an enumeration of the many things for which it may be used almost impossible.—London Opinion.

When the Sea Was Fresh Water.

The ocean was once merely brackish and not salt, as it is now. This was when the earth was in its first youth and before there was any land showing at all or any animal life in the water. At this time the water was gradually coming from its original state of steam and the salts were slowly undergoing the change from gases into solids. Then came the appearance of [illegible] later on rivers, which gradually washed down more and more salts, while at the bottom of the ocean itself chemical action was constantly adding more brine to the waters. At present it is estimated that there are in the world's oceans 7,000,000 cubic miles of salt, and the most astonishing thing about it is that if all the salt could be taken out in a moment the level of the water would not drop one single inch.

Queer Name For a Flower.

Every one knows that wild flowers are known in various districts by local appellations. Some of them are pretty, many are curious, others merely quaint. But there is one pretty wild flower, the ordinary white arabis, beloved of bees, a low growing flower, which edges many garden paths. At Guildford, in Surrey, England, it is known as "wet come home the husband he be never so drunk." The origin of the name is not apparent. It is believed to have gained the name because the flower comes out so white of night.

Nothing but Work.

One very well known character at Oxford used to say that modern undergraduates were a degeneration to their predecessors, who had constantly employed him when they went out with gun or rod. "There's a very idle set of gentlemen at the university nowadays," he said. "They never shoots, they never goes a-fishing. They does nothing but sit indoors and read, and then morning they sleep."

To the Point.

"That was a very apt phrase to mark the jockey made when they passed him from under his mount when it stumbled and fell on him."

"What was the remark?"

"'This is a horse on me.'"—Baltimore American.

Modern Dancing.

Clara—They say that one evening's dance is equivalent to walking ten miles. Maud—That was the old style. Now it's equivalent to climbing about 100 trees.—Life.

Patience is the most necessary thing in this world.—Confucius.

Mary Renton, 3 year old, was painfully scalded last week one day at the home of her grandfather, I. D. Knouse near Biglerville, when she fell backward into a kettle of hot pudding broth.

An Ideal Woman's Laxative

Who wants to take salts, or castor oil, when there is nothing better than Dr. King's New Life Pills for all bowel troubles. They act gently and naturally on the stomach and liver, stimulate and regulate your bowels and tone up the entire system. Price, 25c. At all Druggists. H. E. BUCKLEN & Co. Philadelphia or St. Louis.

Advertisement.

JOHN GREENAWAY of the Hanover Cordage Co., recently received from a Brooklyn attorney word that he would share in the estate of an uncle who recently died in that city. His share will probably be between $200,000 and $300,000.

ONE way to relieve habitual constipation is to take regularly a mild laxative. Doan's Regulets are recommended for this purpose. 25c a box at all drug stores.

Advertisement.

THE parochial school building in McSherrystown had to be closed last week on account of a break in a water pipe of the steam heating plant. It is likely that it will be a month before repairs can be made.

His Stomach Troubles Over.

Mr Dyspeptic, would you not like to feel that your stomach troubles were over, that you could eat any kind of food you desired without injury? That may seem so unlikely to you that you do not even hope for an ending of your trouble, but permit us to assure you that it is not altogether impossible. If others can be cured permanently, and thousands have been, why not you? John R. Barker, of Battle Creek, Mich., is one of them. He says, "I was troubled with heartburn, indigestion, and liver complaint until I used Chamberlain's Tablets, then my trouble was over." Sold by All Dealers.

Advertisement.

AN examination for rural carrier will be held at Gettysburg on January 10th, to fill the vacancy made by the recent death of M. O. Bream, rural carrier from the Idaville postoffice.

ITCHING piles provoke profanity but profanity won't remove them. Doan's Ointment is recommended for itching, bleeding or protruding piles. 50c at any drug store.

Advertisement.

EX-COMMISSIONER James B. Taylor who followed farming and blacksmithing at Five Points in Huntington township, for many years, has moved to the home of his daughter, Mrs. Harry C. Pitzer near Aspers, where he will reside.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

A number of fine marketable turkeys were stolen right before Christmas from farmers around York Springs. Among those visited by the thieves were Thomas Cashman, David Yohe, Willis Myers, John L. Kauffman and Levi Stallsmith.

DR FAHRNEY'S teething Syrup is the best remedy for any sickness baby gets, no matter how young or how old. Try it.

Advertisement.

A large surprise party was given at the home of Geo. H. Murtorff near Idaville last week, in honor of Mrs. Geo. H. Murtorff. About 90 friends enjoyed the pleasant evening.

MOST disfiguring skin eruptions, scrofula, pimples, rashes, etc., are due to impure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters as a cleansing blood tonic, is well recommended. $1.00 at all stores.

Advertisement.

MYRAL ASPER, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Asper of Huntington township, has returned from an extended tour of the United States. After he graduated from S. S. N. S. about a year ago he decided to tour the country in that time he has visited 19 States.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

MISS CAROLINE SAUNDERS of Emmitsburg has been given a verdict of $600 by a Frederick jury, against Felix Stouffer of Emmitsburg, whom she sued for $2000 for breach of promise to marry.

Stomach Trouble Cured.

If you have any trouble with your stomach you should take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Mr J. P. Klode of Edina, Mo., says: "I have used a great many different medicines for stomach trouble, but find Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets more beneficial than any other remedy I ever used." For sale by The Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

WM. PITZNAGLE of Gettysburg shot a wild goose along Rock Creek that measured 65 inches from tip to tip. It was one of a flock of about thirty.

Chronic Constipation Cured.

"Five years ago I had the worst case of chronic constipation I ever knew of, and Chamberlain's Tablets cured me," writes E. F. Fish, Brooklyn, Mich. For sale by All Dealers.

Advertisement.

MRS. C. W. BAUER of Hanover has been in a serious condition as the result of taking a quantity of carbolic acid in mistake for a divine. She has been in ill health for 12 years. Physicians were called and antidotes administered which will probably save her life although her mouth and throat are horribly burned.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACK, HIPS, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Two Days In One.

Two hours in bed in the early evening is an effective health recipe for the busy man whose day begins early in the morning and lasts till late at night. The "two night," which consists simply of going to bed from 5 till 7 o'clock, was described by a London medical man who prescribed it for a business man whose manifold interests had been compelling him to crowd two days work into one to the detriment of his health.

"My patient now has two distinct days and two distinct recuperation periods every twenty four hours," the doctor explained. "He begins work with his secretary an hour before most business men are thinking of getting up in the morning. At 5 o'clock in the afternoon his first day's work ends, and he goes to bed for two hours' complete rest. At 7 o'clock he is up again, baths, dresses and dines. He is then fresh for another four or five hours business or social duties. His two rest periods combined give him almost nine hours in bed. The 'patient' gets through a greater amount of work and enjoys better health." London Mail.

Standardization.

Standardization is not by any means the new and revolutionary thing that efficiency engineers and scientific management fakers would have you believe. Standardization is, in fact, as old as the hills.

Take wheels: buggy wheels, for example. They are all the same standard size, and they are painted in just a few standard colors. When a buggy wheel breaks you don't have to get one made to order. You replace it at any shop. It's standard size.

All circus rings the world over are precisely the same diameter to an inch no matter what may be the size of the tent itself. Thus the circus rider knows the angle at which he must lean. The angle of safety in Oshkosh is the angle of safety in Copenhagen.

Ladders are standardized. The hod carrier, with his heavy load, need never watch his step, for every step or rung on a builder's ladder is seven inches.—New York Tribune.

Presidents and Their Messages.

The custom of presidents of the United States reading their messages to congress prevailed up to the first term of Thomas Jefferson, who discontinued it. Various explanations for Jefferson's departure from the custom of Washington and John Adams have been advanced, the most popular being that Jefferson felt that it savored of royalty, seeing that the king of England went in person to parliament and read his address from the throne. Another explanation was that Jefferson's voice was notably weak. Jefferson himself said in making the change, "I have had principal regard to the convenience of the legislature in the economy of time to their relief from the embarrassment of immediate answers on subjects not yet fully before them and to the benefits thence resulting to the public affairs." Magazine of American History.

His Wardrobe a Coffin.

Some twelve or fifteen years ago there dwelt in the north country an old gentleman with whom formerly I had some acquaintance of remarkable intelligence, an occasional writer on economic subjects, says a correspondent in London Notes and Queries. I am not aware that he was "eccentric," but I was told that he had a coffin made for himself and kept it upended in his bedroom or dressing room. I asked a near relative of his not long ago if this story was correct. He said yes, that it was done to save pain and trouble at death; that the coffin—I think it stood in an alcove or recess—was fitted with hooks and was used as a hanging wardrobe, I think, with a curtain before it.

Drums In the Making.

The process of making drums reveals the same minute division of labor that is shown in all modern manufacturing. How minute this is may be shown by the fact that a single workman is able to turn out more than 2,000 pieces a day of some of the parts. The making of the heads is an interesting process. The sheepskins arrive in a partially dressed state and are at once scraped and dried. The wooden barrel of the drum is made by a machine, which takes a log of wood and peels from it somewhat as a skin is peeled from an apple.—"The Trail of the Bulldog."

The Cure.

"In love with that penniless young scamp, are you?" said old Roxley. "Well, I propose to cure you of that."

"You can't," retorted the willful young girl. "I'm determined to marry him."

"That's it exactly. I propose to let you do it."—Exchange.

A Movable Feature.

"You have your father's eyes, girlie."

"Aw, go on!"

"And your mother's hair."

"S-sh! If mother hears you she'll make me take it off."—Pittsburgh Post.

Joy.

He—How did you enjoy the sermon? She—Oh, ever so much! I had on a new hat and gown, and I sat just in front of that horrid Miss Briggs.

That They Are.

Oliver—Men are more valuable than women. Olivet—What nonsense! Oliver—It's a fact. Every man has his price, but brides are given away.

Where Descent Counts.

Blobbs—Hogg is an idiot to boast about his descent. Don't you think so? Hogg—Yes, unless he happens to be an avia- [illegible] person is an idiot to boast of his descent.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., TOLEDO, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Advertisement.

MISS BLANCHE HARMAN of near Bermudian is a patient in the York Hospital, suffering with typhoid fever.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

This remedy has no superior for coughs and colds. It is pleasant to take. It contains no opium or other narcotic. It always cures. For sale by All Dealers.

Advertisement.

HARRY ASPER of Bermudian butchered a heavy weight porker that tipped the beam at 515.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

E. C. HOFFMAN of Hanover has sold the farm along the York pike, known as the Osborne farm, of 162 acres, to Oyler & Spangler of Gettysburg.

TAKING baby up at night is often the cause of bad colds. Use Dr Fahrney's Teething Syrup and stay in bed, 25c.

Advertisement.

THE Canning Factory at Orrtanna has closed its first season having used 27,540 bushels of apples. The railroad also shipped from that station nearly 15,000 barrels of apples.

Wonderful Cough Remedy.

Dr. King's New Discovery is known everywhere as the remedy which will surely stop a cough or cold. D. P. Lawson of Endson, Tenn. writes: "Dr King's New Discovery is the most wonderful cough, cold and throat and lung medicine I ever sold in my store. It can't be beat. It sells without any trouble at all. It needs no guarantee." This is true, because Dr King's New Discovery will relieve the most obstinate of coughs and colds. Long troubles quickly helped by its use. You should keep a bottle in the house at all times for all the members of the family. 50c and $1.00. At Druggists or by mail. H. E. BUCKLEN & Co., Philadelphia or St. Louis.

Advertisement.

CHARLES BAUGHER of Abbottstown has sold his property in Hamilton township to Amos Mummert of Hanover. Terms private and possession given in the Spring.

Best Cough Medicine for Children.

"I am very glad to say a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes Mrs. Lida Dewey, Milwaukee, Wis. "I have used it for years both for my children and myself and it never fails to relieve and cure a cough or cold. No family with children should be without it as it gives almost immediate relief in cases of croup." Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is pleasant and safe to take, which is of great importance when a medicine must be given to young children. For sale by All Dealers.

Advertisement.

AT present there are four Greens in the Lancaster county jail charged with stealing turkeys. They are all colored.

FOR earache, toothache, pains, burns, scalds, sore throat, try Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil, a splendid remedy for emergencies.

Advertisement.

QUINCY JACOBS of Fairfield reports a calf that weighed 126 pounds at birth.

For Frost Bites and Chapped Skin.

For frost bitten ears, fingers and toes; chapped hands and lips, chilblains, cold sores, red and rough skins, there is nothing to equal Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Stops the pain at once and heals quickly. In every home there should be a box handy all the time. Best remedy for all skin diseases, itching eczema, tetter, piles, etc. 25c. All druggists or by mail. H. E. BUCKLEN & Co. Philadelphia or St. Louis.

Advertisement.

TRAMPS, who used the place as a shelter, are supposed to have caused a fire which resulted in the complete destruction of the barn on the farm in Cumberland township, recently sold by Frank Monahan to Marion Sanders of near Fairfield. No one is living on the place at the present time.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

EX-SHERIFF Fred. Morrison of Huntingtown, is suffering from a large carbuncle on his neck.

Fever Sores.

Fever sores and old chronic sores should not be healed entirely, but should be kept in healthy condition. This can be done by applying Chamberlain's Salve. This salve has no superior for this purpose. It is also most excellent for chapped hands, sore nipples, burns and diseases of the skin. For sale by The Peoples Drug Store.

Advertisement.

Biglerville
Poultry, Apple, Corn and Potato Show

December 31st, 1913
Jan. 1st, 2d, 3d, 1914

Get your Poultry Ready for the Big Show.

Save your best 10 ears of corn for the large cash premium.

Also save your potatoes.

Catalogue will be ready by Dec. 1

Write to

O. C. RICE, Sec.,

FOR INFORMATION AND CATALOGUE.

Entries close Saturday, Dec. 20th

NOTICE.

A. Cobean, R. Smith, T. Warren, to D. McConaughy, Admr. of Quinton Armstrong. Mortgage dated June 4, 1851, and recorded in Mortgage Book D, page 219, in the office of Recorder of Deeds and Mortgages in Adams County.

To any person or persons holding or claiming to hold said mortgage; or holding or claiming to hold a certain bond secured by said mortgage, said bond given and dated June 4, 1851, for the sum of $193.39 and payable April 1, 1853, notice is hereby given that application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County to have satisfaction entered upon said mortgage and that a rule has been entered upon all parties interested to appear and answer the petition at January term of said Court beginning on the 4th Monday of January, 1914; and that in default of said appearance and answer, the said Court will order a decree or satisfaction of said mortgage to the full intent and purpose of the Act of Assembly approved June 10th, 1881.

G. R. THOMPSON, Sheriff.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the stockholders of the Gettysburg National Bank that an election of nine directors to serve one year, will be held at their banking house on TUESDAY, JAN. 13, 1914, between the hours of 1 and 3 p. m.

E. M. BENDER, Cashier.

ELECTION NOTICE.

An election for thirteen directors of the Liberty and Independent Mutual Fire Insurance Association will be held at the office of the Company in Gettysburg, SATURDAY, JAN. 3, 1914, between the hours of 1 and 3 p. m.

D. P. DELAP, Secretary.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the stockholders of the Citizens' Trust Company of Gettysburg that an election of fourteen directors to serve for one year will be held at the banking house of said corporation in Gettysburg, on MONDAY, JAN. 12, 1914, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 12 m.

R. WM. BREAM, Trustee.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of George F. Witter, late of Straban township, Adams County, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

WILLIS A. WITTER, Carlisle, Pa.
SAMUEL H. WITTER, New Oxford, R. 1.
Executors.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the stockholders of the First National Bank of Gettysburg that an election of eight directors to serve one year, will be held at their banking house on TUESDAY, JAN. 13, 1914, between the hours of 1 and 3 p. m.

J. E. MUSSELMAN, Cashier.

ELECTION NOTICE.

An election for eleven members of the Adams County Mutual Fire Insurance Company will be held at the office of the Company in Gettysburg on MONDAY, JAN. 5, 1914, between the hours of 1 and 2 p. m. The Executive Committee will meet at 10 o'clock a. m. on the same day.

H. C. PICKING, Acting Sec.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the policy holders of the Gettysburg Mutual Fire Insurance Company for the purpose of electing sixteen managers for the ensuing year and transacting such other business as may properly come before it will be held on MONDAY, JAN. 12, 1914, at 10:30 o'clock a. m. at the office of John D. Keith, Esq., in the borough of Gettysburg, County of Adams, State of Pennsylvania.

W. E. KAPP, Secretary.

For Sale.

10 shares of stock of Citizen's Trust Co. Inquire at COMPILER office.

Advertisement.

THE THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION OF THE NEW YORK WORLD

Practically a Daily at the Price of a Weekly. No other Newspaper in the world gives so much at so low a price.

This is a time of great events, and you will want the news accurately and promptly. All the countries of the world steadily draw closer together, and the telegraph wires bring the happenings of every one. No other newspaper has a service equal to that of the World and it relates everything fully and promptly.

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Ely's Cream Balm is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.
It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Liquid Cream Balm for use in atomizers 75 cts.
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ELY'S CREAM BALM FOR COLD IN HEAD, CATARRH, HAY-FEVER, HEADACHE. TRADE MARK. ELY BROS. NEW YORK

A WOMAN'S DAY
It begins early, and ends late. It is full of work from sun rise to bed time. Being constantly on her feet, she often has kidney trouble without knowing it. She has backache. It is hard for her to get up in the morning, she is so tired and worn out. She does not sleep well, has poor appetite and is nervous. Her bladder gives her trouble too.
Foley Kidney Pills
will cure all that, and make her again STRONG, WELL and VIGOROUS. Get Foley Kidney Pills at the nearest drug store and START TAKING THEM TO-DAY. They cost less than the doctor and do more. The genuine Foley Kidney Pills are sold only in the yellow package.

Electric Bitters
Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weaknesses they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.
FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE
it is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

AS YOU FEAR CANCER
TUMOR GROWTH LUMPS
you will be glad to know of the successful non-surgical system of treatment. No knife, x-ray, vapor or serum.
[illegible] a clergyman and G. A. R. veteran. [illegible] God that I went 800 miles to the Ringer Cancerorium and Sanitarium. I had a tumor on cheek and lip, one of 15 years duration. Other cancer doctors failed. My face is well. Scars hardly noticeable. A wonderful cure without knife or loss of blood under Dr. S. Andral Kilmer's De-Cancerizing system. [illegible] I saw ladies being treated for breasts as large as saucers, who went away [illegible]. Write for Dr. S. Andral Kilmer's Book with my picture and report. Gratitude [illegible] to be of benefit to sufferers, impel me to publish this for the public good."
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[illegible] for treatment, or Write to Binghamton Cancerorium and Sanitarium, Binghamton, N. Y.
[illegible] Free Red Book full of proofs and testimonials, illustrations and claims [illegible] marvelous recoveries from operations, carcinoma or cancer.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

ON THURSDAY, the 8th day of January, 1914, the undersigned executors of the last will and testament of George F. Witter, late of Straban township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, by virtue of a order of the Orphans' Court of said county, will sell the following described real estate:

No. 1. [illegible] situate in New Oxford, adjoining property of [illegible] on the south side of [illegible] street, adjoining property of [illegible] on the north side of [illegible] street, adjoining property of [illegible] on the east and adjoining property of [illegible] on the west, consisting of a good barn, [illegible] and other outbuildings.

No. 2. [illegible] to be sold in the borough of New Oxford, Adams county, Pa., fronting on [illegible] street and adjoining lands of [illegible] Hoffman on the west and Frank Herbick on the east and running back to a public alley, improved with a double two story frame house, for occupancy of two families, and other outbuildings.

Sale will commence at 1 o'clock p. m. on tract No. 1, and immediately after the sale of tract No. 1 tract No. 2 will be offered on the premises in New Oxford will begin at [illegible] o'clock p. m. when attendance will be given and terms made known by

WILLIS A. WITTER
SAMUEL H. WITTER
Executors.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR RHEUMATISM, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

HAVING purchased the well known KEYSTONE ROLLER MILLS, I am prepared to do a general milling business. Highest cash prices paid for grain of all kinds. Patronage of the Public is Solicited.

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If so let us supply the building materials—Lumber, Roofing, Slate, Terra Cotta Tiling, Patent Wall Plasters. Dealer also in COAL, WOOD and PREPARED COKE

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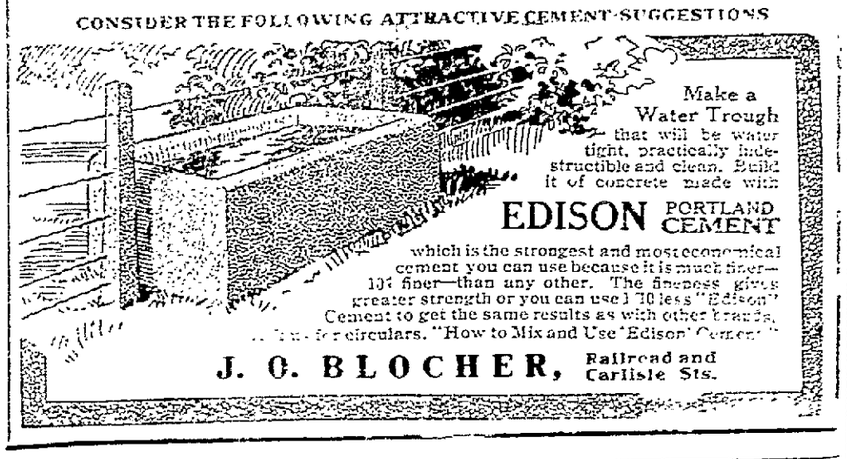

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which is the strongest and most economical cement you can use because it is much finer—10% finer—than any other. The fineness gives greater strength or you can use 10% less "Edison" Cement to get the same results as with other brands. Write for circulars, "How to Mix and Use 'Edison' Cement."

J. O. BLOCHER, Railroad and Carlisle Sts.

"Do You Spank Your Baby?"

Babies are cross when they are comfortable, and you must soothe their delicate nerves. Follow the example of wise mothers and give them

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The standard American remedy for infant complaints. Prevents Cholera Infantum, corrects Constipation and Colic, makes Teething simple and safe. 25 cents at Druggists. Trial bottle free if you mention this paper. Made only by DRS. D. FAHRNEY & SON, HAGERSTOWN, MD.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Ellen Wentz, late of Gettysburg Borough, Adams County, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

WM. McSherry, Atty. WM. P. WENTZ, EDWARD F. WENTZ, MARTIN D. WENTZ, Executors.

LICENSE NOTICE.

In the Court of Quarter Sessions of Adams County:

It is ordered that all applications for licenses for the sale of vinous, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors, wholesale or retail, for the year 1914, will be heard on FRIDAY, the 9TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1914, at 10.30 a. m., at which time all persons applying or making objections to applications, will be heard by evidence, petition, remonstrance or otherwise. There must be no communication at any time with the Judges personally upon the subject, by letter or any other private way. The petition verified by affidavit of applicant, shall be in conformity with the requirements of the Act of Assembly. Judgment Bond shall be executed in the penal sum of $2,000, with no less than two responsible freeholders of the county where the liquors are to be sold, as sureties, each of them to be a bona fide owner of real estate in said county, worth, over and above all incumbrances the sum of $2,000, or other legal security to be given. Bond conditioned for the faithful observance of all the laws relating to the selling or furnishing of liquors, and to pay all damages which shall be recovered against the licensee, and all costs, fines, and penalties, which may be imposed on him under any indictment for violating said laws and the sureties may be required to appear in court, and justify upon oath. The court shall in all cases refuse the application whenever in the opinion of the court, having due regard to the number and character of the petitioners for and against such applications, such license not necessary for the accommodation of the public and entertainment of strangers and travelers, or that the applicant is not a fit person to whom such license should be granted.

Petitions to be filed with the Clerk of the Courts not later than SATURDAY, the 13th day of DECEMBER, 1913. Objections and remonstrances to be filed not later than THURSDAY, the 1st day of JANUARY, 1914. Upon sufficient cause being shown or proof being made to the court that the party holding a license has violated any law of the Commonwealth relating to the sale of liquors, the court shall, upon notice being given to the person licensed, revoke the license.

By the Court.
S. McC. SWOPE,
Pres. Judge.

WM. E. OLINGER, Clerk Q. S.

COMPOUND

Dandelion Liver Disks

For Dizzy Livers

Recommended for Torpid or Sluggish Livers, Constipation, Dizziness and Stomach Troubles caused through inactivity of the Liver.

A purely vegetable compound
Useful in kidney affections
Positively no mercury
Easy, mild and gentle in action

40 DOSES, 25 CENTS

At all druggists

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PROMPTLY RELIEVED BY THE ENGLISH REMEDY
BLAIR'S PILLS
SAFE, & EFFECTIVE. 50c & $1
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1719 Spring Garden St., (formerly 225 N. 6th St.) Phila., Pa. Ehr Deutscher Arzt, Only German Specialist. The German Treatment, the only Guaranteed Cure for Specific Blood Poison, others can't Cure, all use Mercury & Arsenic, worse than the Disease itself, it's a curse to humanity. All Skin & Private Diseases, Eczema, both sexes, Abuses, Weaknesses, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, Drains, Atrophy, Piles, Losses, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Laxitude & Stricture, no cutting, Kidney, Bladder, 46 yrs. practice & 6 yrs. Hosp. Dgs. in Germany. Book Free, 7 to 8 a.m., evening Sundays. City & Country Advertising Frauds, Box 564 and 8 Sun. 8-12.

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Leave Gettysburg at 10.28 A. M., connecting with Chicago Limited at Highfield. Arrive Pittsburgh 8.05 P. M., and Chicago 8.10 A. M. next day. Modern train of through sleepers, observation and club cars and coaches attached.

-Trees for Sale-

I have 9000 Peach and 2000 Apple Trees ready for planting, that I will sell at reasonable prices, in small or large lots.

-G. E. Spangler.-

Fruit Trees For Sale.

Buy your fruit trees at home. You save agents' commissions. They are better because fresher. Fruit experts always advise to buy close to home. The Adams County Nursery has the finest lot of fruit trees to offer. Address H. G. Baugher, Prop. Adams Co. Nursery, Aspers, Pa.

Advertisement.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Edward A. Baker, late of Mt. Joy Township, Adams County, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

ALTA R. BAKER,
Executrix,
Gettysburg, R. 8

FARM AND MILL FOR SALE

FARM consisting of 100 Acres more or less, with 20 acres of timber, located on the road leading from Mummasburg to Gettysburg, 2½ miles from the former place. The farm is improved with an eleven room dwelling, large bank barn, wagon shed, ice house, wind pump and out-buildings. All fencing is in good condition. There are 400 apple trees, 10 yrs. old.

MILL PROPERTY, consisting of a 45 horse roller mill and saw mill in first-class condition with all necessary water rights. Will be sold together or separately to suit purchaser.

Apply to
DAVID RHODES,
R. F. D. Fairfield, Pa.

WANTED: A housekeeper—three small girls in family. Good wages. Write Chas. W. Rider, McSherrystown. 11-17

Advertisement.

ELECTION NOTICE.

An election for thirteen Directors of Mummasburg Mutual Fire Protection Society will be held at the office of the Company in Gettysburg, on SATURDAY, JAN. 3, 1914, between the hours of 12 and 5 p. m.

J. F. HARTMAN, Secretary.

Eyes of the Starfish.

At the end of each arm in the common starfish there is a little red eye. It is sheltered at the base of the terminal tube foot, which has become altogether sensory. The eye or eye cushion shows little cups, each closed by a lens, lined by red, rodlike sensory cells, clothed externally by supporting cells and containing a transparent watery substance. Hofmann Plessner made a number of experiments at Heligoland in order to discover how much a starfish sees with these "eyes" or eye spots. The answer is, not very much. It does not form an image nor does it perceive a moving object. But it has considerable sensitiveness in distinguishing different degrees of light and shade. Even the skin of the starfish is responsive to differences of illumination in the immediate vicinity, but by means of its "eyes" the starfish becomes aware of distant illumination that differs, either positively or negatively, from that of the immediately surrounding area.—New York World.

Just as Well Off.

A man had his next door neighbor arrested on a charge of willfully damaging a chicken.

The judge looked at the charge with mingled amusement and surprise, and when the plaintiff was put on the stand he asked him what damage had been done to the bird.

"My next door neighbor caught the chicken in his garden," answered the plaintiff, "and wrung its neck."

"I see," returned the judge. "What was the chicken worth alive?"

"It was worth 75 cents," answered the plaintiff.

"What was it worth dead?" questioned the judge.

"Seventy-five cents," replied the plaintiff.

"I fail to see where any appreciable damage was done," said the judge. "The case is dismissed."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Ancient Unions and Trusts.

About the year 190 B. C. Thyatira came under the power of Rome, and, though in the days of the republic it suffered much from oppression and extortion, great commercial prosperity came to it with the inauguration of the empire. About the time that St. John wrote the Revelation it was at the height of its wealth and prosperity as a business city. It is known that there were more trade guilds in Thyatira than in any other city of Asia, for inscriptions tell us that there were guilds of linen workers, wool workers, dyers, bronze smiths, potters, bakers, tanners and slave dealers. The selling of ready made garments was an important business of Thyatira, but whether there were the accompaniments of sweatshops, long hours and scanty pay we are not told.—Christian Herald.

Genesis of the Phonograph.

As long ago as 1895 Sir W. H. Preece, then director of the British postoffice telegraphs, sent messages without wires across the sound of Mull when the submarine cable was broken down. Sir William was also present at the birth of the phonograph. In 1877 he spent Independence day with Edison at his house in New York, and in discussing the telephone he remarked to the great American inventor, "Then if what you say is true it will be possible to reproduce the human voice." Edison shut his eyes, said nothing, and the conversation changed. On the voyage home Sir William worked out a phonograph in theory, but, not being a mechanic, left it as an idea. In less than a month Edison sent Sir William Preece a phonograph, the first that came to England.—London Graphic.

Did as She Asked Him.

A teacher in a tenement district hurried from the school to find the mother of a pupil who had been taken ill.

"Can you show me where Mrs. Angelo Scandale lives?" she inquired of a cherub transplanted from the sunny south to a dark, sunless alley.

"Yes, teach', I show you," and a willing, sticky hand dragged her on with such speed as to make her stumble over an Italian dame seated on the threshold. After the teacher's breathless flight toward the clouds the little hand stopped tugging.

"There where Mees Scandale live," indicated the horizontal arm and finger, "but she downstair sitting on the step," finished the smiling lips.—New York Globe.

Breed and Feed the Horses.

Show me a well bred horse and a poorly fed one and I will show you a poor horse. Show me a poorly bred one and a well fed one and I will show you a fair horse. Show me a well bred one and a well fed one and I will show you a market topper.—Wallace's Farmer.

Quaint Description.

Admiral Dewey once described quaintly in Washington a man who was a borrower and a sponger.

"He is one of those chaps that one occasionally meets," the admiral said, "who use all their friends as coaling stations."

Remembered Him.

"Did your uncle remember you when he came to make his will?"

"Yes. He remembered me so well that he left my name out altogether."—Buffalo Express.

Relationship.

Governess—If I were cousin german to you, what relation would my father be to you, Mildred? Small Mildred—Dutch uncle.—Chicago News.

The difference between one boy and another consists not so much in talent as in energy.—Thomas Arnold.

In the Enemy's Uniform

A Story of Secret Service and Hairbreadth Escapes

By THOMAS R. BEAN

When I was serving with my regiment, the -th Pennsylvania cavalry, in the Army of the Potomac a portion of my company was detailed to serve as General Gregory's escort, and I was placed in command. We were separated from the regiment, making our camps with the headquarters camps, and were under the general's direct command. We furnished him with orderlies and messengers, performed any scouting or other service he required and while campaigning acted as his bodyguard.

One day I was directed to report in person to the general in his tent. He told me that a company of Confederates had ridden right into our lines, thinking we were their friends, and had been captured. He was in need of information as to where the enemy were, what force they had and what they were doing. The country people—his only source of information—were in sympathy with the Confederates and utterly unreliable. He had conceived the idea of sending out a scouting party right into the enemy's camps, if necessary dressed in the uniform of the captured Confederates, to bring him the information he desired and had sent for me to consult about the matter.

Generals don't usually consult with the lieutenants commanding their bodyguard, but a commander cannot order a subordinate on secret service. For that purpose volunteers are called for. General Gregory asked me if I would be willing to act on his plan, and, although I knew that a Yankee soldier caught within the enemy's lines in his uniform would be hanged for a spy, I consented to perform the service. He sent me back to the escort to call for a dozen volunteers, which I had no difficulty in obtaining. Then I returned to him for instructions.

After an hour's talk with the general over crude maps of the vicinity furnished by Union citizens, during which I was informed that the men whose uniforms we were to use belonged to the -th North Carolina cavalry, I went back to camp, and the uniforms and side arms were sent there by the general's order. I chose the uniform of a sergeant rather than an officer, since the former is not so prominent as the latter and less likely to be identified. My men all dressed as privates, using arms marked "C. S. A." and horses branded with the same letters.

A Union citizen guided us to a wooded hill, from which we could look down on the camp of a brigade of Confederates. It was after taps, and the tents of the enlisted men were in darkness within, though they were bathed in the light of a moon that was nearly full. Here and there a candle was burning in an officer's tent, and a cluster of tents standing by themselves, most of them containing lights, evidently constituted the headquarters of the commanding officer and his staff. I remained awake till all the lights had been put out, then lay down with my head on the root of a tree for a few hours' sleep.

Shortly before sunrise we descended from the hill and rode leisurely along the road to the camp. I waited till I had seen the guard relieved and the new sentinels were quietly walking their beats. Approaching the man whose beat lay across the road, he challenged us.

"Who comes there?"

"Dispatch bearers on our way southward," was my reply.

Seeing we wore the gray, he passed us, and we rode through the camp, attracting no especial attention.

I believed the brigade we had passed through to contain about 3,000 men, with a battery of artillery and a battalion of cavalry. They were evidently a detached force, stationed on the road between the hills to prevent the passage of an enemy. I charged every man of my command to remember this, for no one could tell which of us would get back with the information.

About a mile south of the brigade the road turned to the eastward and the country opened up. The level ground was covered with different camps of the enemy, but we were not obliged to ride through any of them and gave them all a wide berth. Whenever we saw a man or body of men coming, if we could turn out of their way without seeming to do so purposely to avoid them we debouched. But most of those we met did not know us and had no reason to inquire who we were.

I saw a cloud of dust ahead and when I couldn't get a glimpse of what was beneath it made up my mind that it was kicked up by a general and his staff. I looked about for a wood or some other place in which to avoid a meeting, but there was nothing at hand. I could not turn aside without letting down the rails of a fence which extended on either side, so I was obliged to go forward and run the risk of being questioned.

Sure enough, those we met were a general with his staff. He reined in and asked who we were. I told him that we were of the -th North Carolina cavalry. Then he asked what we were doing away from our regiment, and I told him the company to which we belonged had been captured, but we, having been detached on a reconnoitering expedition, had fortunately escaped.

"Where are you going now?" he asked.

"We are going on a roundabout course to rejoin our regiment."

I watched the general, holding my breath in terror lest he pursue his inquiries to a point beyond my knowledge. He thought awhile, then asked me to what corps I belonged. I knew the names of several of the generals in the Union front and named one of them. Then my questioner asked me to name my division and brigade commander, and I "couldn't remember."

"You men are stragglers," he said in reply, "and likely bent on pillaging or some other reprehensible conduct. I consider it my duty to send you back to your command."

Our hearts sank within us. When returned to the regiment to which we claimed to belong we would be proved impostors and our real identity would come out. The officer had but a dozen men in his escort, but needed no large force to send with us, for any resistance would be mutiny, and mutiny is punishable with death. He detailed a corporal and four men to see that we returned to our command and rode on.

Had we not been in the enemy's lines with a halter hanging over us the situation would have been laughable. Five unsuspecting Confederates were intrusted with guarding a dozen daring men who would rather die by a bullet than a rope. I said nothing to my men nor they to me. We rode meekly between the corporal and two of his men in front of us and two bringing up the rear. But by a look I signed to my subordinates to remain submissive till I should assume the initiative.

It behooved me to make a break for life before being returned to our supposed command. I kept my eyes open and presently saw a large field of tents a short distance ahead. On leaving our guards we must go through a cornfield to a wood on the other side of the field. I did not long delay action, for I saw a troop of cavalry coming on the road before us.

"Corporal," I said, "we're bearing important dispatches from the commander in chief and don't propose to be interrupted. We're going to leave you, and you may as well let us go, for if you fire on us we shall return your fire."

With that I put spurs to my horse, calling on my men to follow me. The corporal and his men were so surprised that they stood paralyzed till we had got several hundred feet away, then gave chase, firing over our heads as they came. As bad luck would have it, the horse of Bob Robbins, one of my men, stumbled and fell, shooting his rider over his head. I turned and rode back to him, but too late. The troopers were on him, and my other men had got so far away that if I attempted to save Robbins I would be captured myself. So I fled.

As for the five Confederates, we saw nothing more of them. We had seen all of the enemy we cared to see and were eager to get back to camp. But every way we turned we encountered the enemy, and, since we were now outlawed, we dare not meet them. We hid in a thick wood during the afternoon, hoping to make our way to our own lines under cover of the night. We lighted a bivouac fire and lay down. So long as we could pass for Confederates we were in no danger, but our narrow escape from detection had got on our nerves. None of us slept since we expected to move at dawn.

About midnight we heard a movement in the underbrush, and suddenly out of the darkness came Robbins. He had been taken to the provost marshal and questioned till he was so wound up that he broke down and confessed himself to be a Yankee soldier. He was sent under guard after dark to general headquarters and on the way broke from those in charge of him. In the darkness he had gained the wood we were in and came upon us accidentally.

His coming brought a new danger for he had confessed himself a spy and would incriminate us. However as soon as it was dawn we mounted our horses, one of the men taking Robbins up behind him, and started to make our way back to our lines. We were not far from them, but were obliged to go a very roundabout way. During our travels we suddenly descried a body of Confederate cavalry about our own strength riding toward us.

Again the halter tightened about our necks, and we prepared to fight desperately for our lives. The commander, a young second lieutenant, rode up to us, and I saw at once that he had not met us before.

"A spy has escaped, and we are looking for him. Have you seen anything of him?"

I was about to reply in the negative, when I noticed him looking sharply at Robbins. I changed my tactics.

"Seen him?" I exclaimed. "We've got him."

"Good."

"We're bringing him to our general."

"Why, we've seen no spy. He's your prisoner."

"No, you want him. We made the capture and propose to get the credit of it. Forward!"

We rode on, leaving the young officer staring at us. Presently, turning, I saw him riding in another direction.

We got safely back to camp and gave the general the result of our reconnoissance.

"Your Confederate uniform," he said, "was an element of strength and at the same time an element of weakness."

Musical Possibilities.

Modern composers who lack the faculty of creating original melodies sometimes try to console themselves with the reflection that the melodic possibilities have been exhausted. How far this is from being true Dr. Ralph Vaughan Williams shows: "Even with such a short musical form as the Anglican single chant, which consists in its simple statement of the notes, no less than 60,000,000 different melodies are possible, without regarding the multitudinous differences formed by passing and auxiliary notes, harmonies and rhythmical accentuation. Supposing only one in a hundred of these tones to be musically interesting, we have a possible repertory of 600,000 single chants. And if this be true of such a simple and restricted form of melody, with what overwhelming force does it apply to longer and more important compositions?" The chromatic scale yields over 6,000,000,000 possibilities in the construction of melodies.—Chicago News.

London's First Stone Bridge.

London only gained its true position and importance when the first bridge replaced the ferry across the Thames. The first stone bridge there seems to have been begun in 1176; there had previously been a wooden structure. It is said that King John, pleased with the bridges that he saw in France, brought over a skilled French workman, and he decided to raise the necessary revenue from the rent of houses built upon this bridge. Its arches were narrow, sometimes causing accidents to boats passing beneath; and occasionally whole blocks of houses, falling into disrepair, would topple over into the stream. There were twenty arches, one forming a drawbridge. Many reasons made a drawbridge desirable—not only the passing of masted vessels, but the power of raising it against an enemy.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Air Pressure In Tunnels.

The effects of air resistance are well shown in the twelve and a half mile Simplon tunnel, where an exceptionally high amount of energy is required for running the electric trains. The tunnel, which is fifteen feet wide and eighteen feet high, with a sectional area of 250 square feet, has a ventilating current of 3,530 cubic feet of air per second, maintained by two blast fans at the Brigue end and two exhaust fans at Iselle. Trains going with this current encounter less resistance than in open air up to fifteen and a half miles an hour, but at higher speeds or in the opposite direction the resistance is much greater than outside. Coasting by gravity down the seven per 1,000 maximum gradient, a train, even though going with the current, cannot exceed thirty-five miles an hour on account of the braking by the air.

Queer Tricks of Memory.

In later life Emerson's memory played him some strange tricks. James Cabot, his biographer, says that he met him one day in the streets of Boston apparently at a loss for something and asked him where he was going. "To dine," said Emerson, "with an old and very dear friend. I know where she lives, but I hope you won't ask me her name." Then he went on to describe her as "the mother of the wife of the young man—the tall man—who speaks so well," and so on until Cabot guessed to whom he was referring. This failing led to a pathetic scene at Longfellow's funeral. After gazing long at the face of his lifelong friend as he lay in his coffin Emerson said to a bystander, "That gentleman was a sweet, beautiful soul, but I have entirely forgotten his name."

An Old Ruse.

The influence of women in Louis XV.'s day was all powerful. The men, in consequence, feared them. It became the fashion for women to dash about Paris in cabriolets, driving often somewhat rashly, and increased accidents were put down to this cause. Gabriel de Sartines, minister of police, dared not forbid any woman to drive in Paris, so he caused an edict to be issued prohibiting their doing so until they were forty years old. "After this declaration," notes Mrs. Bearne in "A Court Painter and His Circle," "there was not a cabriolet to be seen driven by a woman."

Hot Remedy.

Cayenne pepper is said to be a reliable and effective means of preventing seasickness.

A slice of bread is first buttered and sprinkled with the pepper and is then folded over so that it can be eaten without burning the mouth and throat.—Popular Mechanics.

One of the Family.

Mrs. Duff no new maid—But, Mary, there are only two in the family, Mr. Duff and myself. Why have you set places for three? The New Maid—Sure, ma'am, it was the cook that told me you had a player player in the house.—Harper's Weekly.

Her Yearning.

She—Do you love me as much when you are absent from me? He (fervently)—I love you more, darling. She—Oh, why can't I be with you then?—Boston Transcript.

Equality in Iceland.

Men and women are political equals in Iceland. The nation numbers 70,000 people and is governed by representatives elected by men and women together.

On the great clock of time there is but one word—Now.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

3— 825 I. R. Tanger, 51
4— 826 Edward E. Eckel, 87
5— 827 Edward E. Eckel, 87

Golden Campines

Cockerel

828 Edward E. Eckel, 87

Pullet

829 Edward E. Eckel, 87
830 Edward E. Eckel, 87

FRENCH

Mottled Houdans

Cockerel

1— 831 McCammon & Myers, 75

Pullet

1— 832 McCammon & Myers, 75
2— 833 McCammon & Myers, 75

Pen

1— 834 McCammon & Myers, 75

GAMES

Pit Game

Cock

1— 835 J. Austin Kline, 52

Hen

1— 836 J. Austin Kline, 52

Pullet

1— 837 J. Austin Kline, 52

Pen

1— 838 J. Austin Kline, 52

ORNAMENTAL GAMES

Dark Cornish

Cockerel

1— 839 C. E. Rice, 98

Pullet

2— 840 C. E. Rice, 98
1— 841 C. E. Rice, 98

MISCELLANEOUS

White Silkies

Cock

1— 842 McCammon & Myers, 75

Hen

1— 843 McCammon & Myers, 75
844 McCammon & Myers, 75

Cockerel

1— 845 McCammon & Myers, 75

Pullet

2— 846 McCammon & Myers, 75
1— 847 McCammon & Myers, 75

LAKENVELDER

Cock

1— 848 J. H. Heiges, 60

Hen

2— 849 J. H. Heiges, 60
1— 850 J. H. Heiges, 60
3— 851 J. H. Heiges, 60

Cockerel

1— 852 J. H. Heiges, 60
2— 853 J. H. Heiges, 60

GUINEAS

Pearl

Cockerel

1— 854 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Pullet

1— 855 C. H. Flickinger, 94

White Guineas

Cock

2— 856 C. H. Flickinger, 94
3— 857 C. H. Flickinger, 94
1— 858 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Hen

3— 859 C. H. Flickinger, 94
1— 860 C. H. Flickinger, 94
2— 861 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Pullet

1— 862 C. H. Flickinger, 94
2— 863 C. H. Flickinger, 94
3— 864 C. H. Flickinger, 94

BANTAMS

Rose Comb Black

Cock

1— 865 McCammon & Myers, 75
2— 866 Harry E. Bair, 90

Hens

1— 867 McCammon & Myers, 75
2— 868 McCammon & Myers, 75
3— 869 McCammon & Myers, 75
4— 870 McCammon & Myers, 75
5— 871 Harry E. Bair, 90
872 Harry E. Bair, 90

Cockerel

3— 873 McCammon & Myers, 75
4— 874 McCammon & Myers, 75
1— 875 Harry E. Bair, 90
2— 876 Harry E. Bair, 90

Pullet

5— 877 McCammon & Myers, 75
1— 878 Harry E. Bair, 90
2— 879 Harry E. Bair, 90
3— 880 Harry E. Bair, 90
4— 881 Harry E. Bair, 90

Pen

1— 882 McCammon & Myers, 75

White Cochin

Cock

1— 883 E. C. Smelser, 98

Hen

1— 884 E. C. Smelser, 98

Black Cochin

Cock

1— 885 McCammon & Myers, 75

Hen

4— 886 McCammon & Myers, 75
2— 887 McCammon & Myers, 75
3— 888 McCammon & Myers, 75
2— 889 McCammon & Myers, 75
5— 890 McCammon & Myers, 75

Cockerel

1— 891 McCammon & Myers, 75
892 McCammon & Myers, 75

Pullet

1— 893 McCammon & Myers, 75

Buff Cochin

Cock

3— 894 Lewis Swartzbaugh, 88
1— 895 Lewis Swartzbaugh, 88
2— 896 Lewis Swartzbaugh, 88

Hen

1— 897 Lewis Swartzbaugh, 88
2— 898 Lewis Swartzbaugh, 88
3— 899 Lewis Swartzbaugh, 88
Best display Bantams McCammon & Myers.

TURKEYS

Bronze

5— 960 U. H. Cromer, 43
1— 961 U. H. Cromer, 43
2— 962 U. H. Cromer, 43
3— 963 C. A. Hershey, 44
964 I. R. Tanger, 51
1— 965 E. H. Plank, 65

Hen

5— 966 U. H. Cromer, 43
1— 967 U. H. Cromer, 43
2— 968 U. H. Cromer, 43
3— 969 C. A. Hershey, 44
970 C. A. Hershey, 44
1— 971 I. R. Tanger, 51
972 E. H. Plank, 65
973 E. H. Plank, 65

914 E. H. Plank, 65

Cockerel

4— 915 David Brown, 18
916 David Brown, 18
2— 917 U. H. Cromer, 43
3— 918 C. A. Hershey, 44
919 C. A. Hershey, 44
920 I. R. Tanger, 51
921 I. R. Tanger, 51
1— 922 E. H. Plank, 65
5— 923 E. H. Plank, 65
924 E. H. Plank, 65

Pullet

925 U. H. Cromer, 43
2— 926 C. A. Hershey, 44

Pullet

4— 927 I. R. Tanger, 51
928 I. R. Tanger, 51
5— 929 E. H. Plank, 65
1— 930 E. H. Plank, 65
3— 931 E. H. Plank, 65

Red Narragansetts

Cock

1— 932 C. E. Bosserman, 96

Buff

Cockerel

1—933 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Pullet

1— 934 C. H. Flickinger, 94
2— 935 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Slate

Cock

1— 936 C. H. Flickinger, 94
2— 937 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Hen

1— 938 C. H. Flickinger, 94
2— 939 C. H. Flickinger, 94

White

Cock

1— 940 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Hen

1— 941 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Cockerel

1— 942 C. H. Flickinger, 94
2— 943 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Pullet

1— 944 C. H. Flickinger, 94
2— 945 C. H. Flickinger, 94

DUCKS

Buff Orpingtons

Cockerel

2— 946 C. F. Tanger, 68
1— 947 C. F. Tanger, 68
3— 948 C. F. Tanger, 68

Pullet

1— 949 C. F. Tanger, 68

White Muscovy

Cock

2— 950 C. H. Flickinger, 94
1— 951 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Hen

3— 952 C. H. Flickinger, 94
1— 953 C. H. Flickinger, 94
2— 954 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Cockerel

3— 955 C. H. Flickinger, 94
1— 956 C. H. Flickinger, 94
2— 957 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Pullet

2— 958 C. H. Flickinger, 94
3— 959 C. H. Flickinger, 94

1015 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Pullet

3—1016 I. R. Tanger, 51
2—1017 I. R. Tanger, 51
4—1018 I. R. Tanger, 51
1—1019 C. H. Flickinger, 94
5—1020 C. H. Flickinger, 94
1021 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Pen

1—1022 I. R. Tanger, 51
2—1013 A. W. Hartlaub & Son, 61
3—1024 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Pencilled

Cock

1—1025 G. E. Tanger, 67

Hen

1—1026 G. E. Tanger, 67

Cockerel

1—1027 A. W. Hartlaub & Son, 61
2—1028 G. E. Tanger, 67

Pullet

3—1029 A. W. Hartlaub & Son, 61
2—1030 A. W. Hartlaub & Son, 61
1—1031 G. E. Tanger, 67
2—1032 G. E. Tanger, 67

Pen

1—1033 Harry Singley, Jr., 99
For best display of Indian Runner Ducks, O. C. Rice.

GEESE

Gray Toulouse

Cock

4—1034 Geo. W. Peters, 11
3—1035 Eli P. Garretson, 31
5— 1036 Eli P. Garretson, 31
1—1037 Leroy Walters, 39
2—1038 E. H. Plank, 65
1039 Adam Bennett, 20

Hen

1—1040 Leroy Walter, 39
2—1041 E. H. Plank, 65
3—1042 Adam Bennett, 20
4—1043 Adam Bennett, 20

PIGEONS

Blue Homers with records

Cocks

3—1044 Harry E. Bair, 90
2—1045 Harry E. Bair, 90
1—1046 Harry E. Bair, 90

Hen

3—1047 Harry E. Bair, 90
2—1048 Harry E. Bair, 90
1—1049 Harry E. Bair, 90

White

Cock

1—1050 Harry E. Bair, 90
3—1051 Harry E. Bair, 90
2—1052 Harry E. Bair, 90

Hen

2—1053 Harry E. Bair, 90
1—1054 Harry E. Bair, 90
3—1055 Harry E. Bair, 90

Yellow

Cock

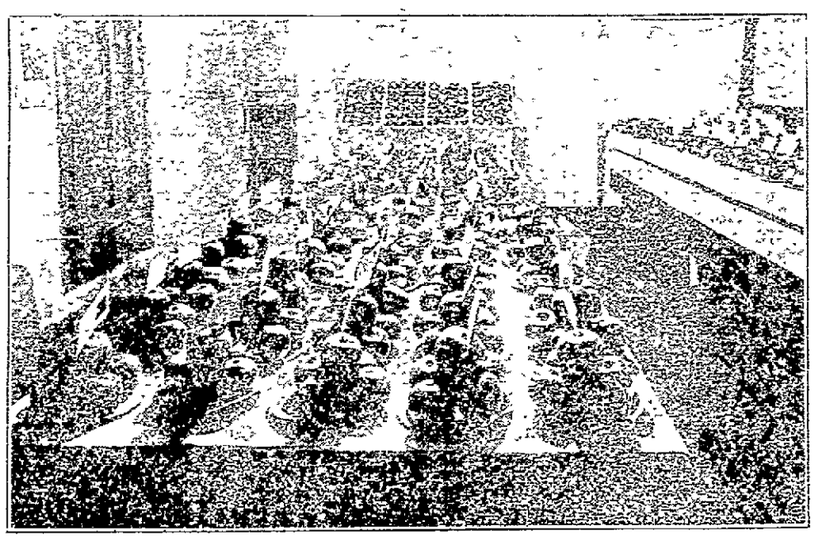
1—1056 Harry E. Bair, 90

Hen

1—1057 Harry E. Bair, 90
B. C. Homers (Without Records)

Cock

2—1058 Edwin Schlosser, 6
3—1059 Edwin Schlosser, 6



APPLE DISPLAY, FIRST SHOW

5— 964 O. C. Rice, 30
1— 965 O. C. Rice, 30
3— 966 E. H. Plank, 65
4— 967 E. H. Plank, 65
968 E. H. Plank, 65
969 E. H. Plank, 65

Hen

1— 970 J. M. Reinecker, 49
3— 971 J. M. Reinecker, 49
972 J. M. Reinecker, 49
973 J. M. Reinecker, 49
974 J. M. Reinecker, 49
975 J. M. Reinecker, 49
2— 976 Mrs. I. R. Tanger, 50
977 Mrs. I. R. Tanger, 50
978 O. C. Rice, 30
979 O. C. Rice, 30
980 O. C. Rice, 30
981 O. C. Rice, 30
5— 982 E. H. Plank, 65
4— 983 E. H. Plank, 65
984 E. H. Plank, 65
985 E. H. Plank, 65

Cockerel

3— 986 A. W. Hartlaub & Son, 61
1— 987 O. C. Rice, 30
4— 988 O. C. Rice, 30
2— 989 O. C. Rice, 30
5— 990 O. C. Rice, 30

Pullet

3— 991 A. W. Hartlaub & Son, 61
992 A. W. Hartlaub & Son, 61
1— 993 O. C. Rice, 30
2— 994 O. C. Rice, 30
4— 995 O. C. Rice, 30
5— 996 O. C. Rice, 30

Pen

1— 997 O. C. Rice, 30
2— 998 O. C. Rice, 30
999 O. C. Rice, 30
4—1000 E. H. Plank, 65
2—1001 E. H. Plank, 65
1—1002 W. H. Black, 95

Fawn and White

Cock

2—1003 T. F. Rhodes, 14
3—1004 T. F. Rhodes, 14
1—1005 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Hen

4—1006 T. F. Rhodes, 14
3—1007 T. F. Rhodes, 14
1—1008 C. H. Flickinger, 94
2—1009 C. H. Flickinger, 94

Cockerel

2—1010 I. R. Tanger, 51
4—1011 I. R. Tanger, 51
1—1012 I. R. Tanger, 51
5—1013 C. H. Flickinger, 94
3—1014 C. H. Flickinger, 94

1—1060 Harry E. Bair, 90

Hen

2—1061 Edwin Schlosser, 6
3—1062 Edwin Schlosser, 6
1—1063 Harry E. Bair, 90

A. O. C. Homer

Cock

1—1064 Leroy Walter, 39

Hen

1—1065 Leroy Walter, 39

White Show Homer

Cock

1—1066 Harry E. Bair, 90

B. Chequen Show Homer

Cock

1—1067 Harry E. Bair, 90

Fantail

Cock

—1068 A. W. Hartlaub & Son, 61

DRAGOONS

Red Dragoons

Cock

1—1069 Harry E. Bair, 90

Black

Cock

2—1070 Harry E. Bair, 90
1—1071 Harry E. Bair, 90
3—1072 Harry E. Bair, 90

Hen

2—1073 Harry E. Bair, 90
1—1074 Harry E. Bair, 90
3—1075 Harry E. Bair, 90

White

Cock

1—1076 Harry E. Bair, 90

Hen

1—1077 Harry E. Bair, 90

Yellow

Cock

1—1078 Harry E. Bair, 90

Hen

1—1079 Harry E. Bair, 90

Magpies

Black

Cock

1—1080 Harry E. Bair, 90

Hen

1—1081 Harry E. Bair, 90

White Runts

Cock

1—1082 McCammon & Myers, 75

Hen

1—1083 McCammon & Myers, 75

Blue Runts

Cock

1—1084 Harry E. Bair, 90

Black Runt

Hen

2—1085 Harry E. Bair, 90

Red Carneaux

Cock

1—1086 N. L. Bonebrake, 85
2—1087 Harry E. Bair, 90
3—1088 Harry E. Bair, 90
4—1089 Harry E. Bair, 90

Hen

1—1090 N. L. Bonebrake, 85
4—1091 Harry E. Bair, 90
2—1092 Harry E. Bair, 90
3—1093 Harry E. Bair, 90

Yellow Carneaux

Cock

1—1094 N. L. Bonebrake, 85
2—1095 Harry E. Bair, 90

Hen

1—1096 N. L. Bonebrake, 85
2—1097 Harry E. Bair, 90

A. O. C. Carneaux

Cock

1—1098 N. L. Bonebrake, 85

Hen

1—1099 N. L. Bonebrake, 85

Ideal White Pigeons

Cock

3—1100 J. C. Shank, 38
1—1101 J. C. Shank, 38
2—1102 J. C. Shank, 38

Hen

3—1103 J. C. Shank, 38
2—1104 J. C. Shank, 38
1—1105 J. C. Shank, 38

Silver Maltese

Cock

1—1106 W. H. Crum, 69
3—1107 W. H. Crum, 69
2—1108 W. H. Crum, 69

Hen

1—1109 John A. Bair, 56
2—1110 John A. Bair, 56
4—1111 W. H. Crum, 69
3—1112 W. H. Crum, 69

White Maltese

Cock

3—1113 W. H. Crum, 69
1—1114 N. L. Bonebrake, 85
2—1115 N. L. Bonebrake, 85

Hen

3—1116 W. H. Crum, 69
4—1117 W. H. Crum, 69
5—1118 W. H. Crum, 69
1—1119 N. L. Bonebrake, 85
2—1120 N. L. Bonebrake, 85

Black Maltese

Cock

1—1121 N. L. Bonebrake, 85

Hen

1—1122 N. L. Bonebrake, 85

Blue Maltese

Cock

2—1123 W. H. Crum, 69
1—1124 N. L. Bonebrake, 85

Hen

1—1125 N. L. Bonebrake, 85

Red Maltese

Cock

1—1126 N. L. Bonebrake, 85

Hen

1—1127 N. L. Bonebrake, 85

A. O. C. Maltese

Cock

1—1128 N. L. Bonebrake, 85
2—1129 N. L. Bonebrake, 85
3—1130 A. P. Wagner, 89

Hen

1—1131 N. L. Bonebrake, 85
2—1132 N. L. Bonebrake, 85
3—1133 A. P. Wagner, 89

White King

Hen

2—1134 Harry E. Bair, 90
1—1135 Harry E. Bair, 90
3—1136 Harry E. Bair, 90

APPLES

Class 1

First Prize for best barrel of apples—Geo. P. Myers.

Class 3.

For best single box of apples, any variety.

First, Stayman—Tyson Bros.

Second Stayman—Eli P. Garretson.

Class 4.

For best three boxes of any three varities.

First Prize, York Stripe, York Imperial and Grimes Golden—Tyson Bros.

Second, Baltzley, Baldwin and Cheese—Eli P. Garetson.

Class 5

For best plate of any variety mentioned in following

First Prize, Baldwin, Eli P. Garretson: Second John S. Rice.

First Prize, Jonothan, E. H. Snyder & Son: Second, John S. Rice.

First Prize, Grimes Golden, O. C. Rice: Second O. C. Rice.

First Prize, Summer Rambo, Eli P. Garretson..

First Prize, York Stripe, O. C. Rice: Second O. C. Rice.

First Prize, Stayman, Eli P. Garretson: Second, O. C. Rice.

First Prize, Paragon, Eli P. Garretson.

First Prize, Ben Davis, John S. Rice: Second John S. Rice.

Second Prize, Smokehouse Eli P. Garretson.

First Prize, York Imperial, John S. Rice: Second Geo. P. Myers.

Class 6

For best three plates of any three varieties.

First Prize, Smokehouse, English Red Streak and Red Doctor, O. C. Rice.

Second Prize, Paradise, Baldwin and Cheese, Eli P. Garretson.

Class 7

For the best five plates of any one variety.

First Prize, York Imperial, Eli P. Garretson.

Second Prize, Grimes Golden, O. C. Rice.

Class 8

For the largest number of correctly named varieties, five specimens of each.

First Prize, 20 varieties, Eli P. Garretson; Second Prize, 19 varieties E. H. Snyder.

The Silver Cup, the Association Trophy, was won by Eli P. Garretson for the best display.

CORN

Class 1

For best ten ears of any variety.

First, C. A. Hershey; Second, C. A. Hershey; Third, Joseph B. Twining.

Class 2

For best ten ears of Yellow Dent.

First, C. A. Hershey; Second E. H. Snyder & Son; Third, Geo. W. Wagner..

Class 3

For best ten ears of White Capped Yellow Dent.

First, Willie L. Worley; Second, W. G. Horner; Third, Willie L. Worley.

Class 4

For best ten ears of White Dent.

First, O. C. Rice; Second, Edward Blocher; Third, O. C. Rice.

Class 5

For best ten ears Ninety-Day type.

First, C. A. Hershey; Second, James F. Bell; Third, C. S. Pittenturf.

Class 6

For best ten ears of Flint.

First, Joseph B. Twining.

POTATOES

For best half bushel of potatoes.

First prize, Drouth, Abe McCauslin.

Second prize, Green Mountain, J. M. Reinecker.

Third prize, Green Mountain, Joseph B. Twining.

The Two "Dark Days."

There are two "dark days" mentioned in the annals of New England. The first occurred on Oct. 21, 1716, when it suddenly became so dark soon after noon that the people were forced to use artificial lights to do their ordinary work. This strange condition of the atmosphere lasted about three and a half hours. Again, on May 19, 1780 there was a remarkable darkening of the atmosphere, but the phenomenon did not come on so suddenly as that of the earlier date. The darkness in this latter instance began between 10 and 11 o'clock on the morning of the day named and lasted throughout the day. The darkness extended from the northeastern part of New England westward as far as Albany and southward to Pennsylvania. The most intense part of the strange darkness now extended to Massachusetts, notably in the seaboard. It is said to have come from the southwest but there is no mention of it made in the history of Ohio or the Virginias. The exact cause still remains one of the unexplained mysteries.

"Warned Off" the Turf.

To be "warned off" is the most severe sentence that can be imposed on any one in England connected with the turf. Not only does it debar a man from owning, training or riding horses, but until the committee decides to revoke the punishment prevents him even from showing himself on any race course. This is so owing to the fact that the decision of the national hunt committee is registered automatically by the racing authorities in France and Ireland and of course by the Jockey club. Like the national hunt committee, the stewards of the Jockey club also reserve to themselves the right of summoning any rider whom they suspect of sharp practices or even carelessness to appear before them and, unless the explanation given proved satisfactory, to "suspend" or punish the offender in some other way.—London Answers.

Turner's Carelessness.

Perhaps the most prolific painter who ever lived was the great Turner. When he died his house in Queen Anne street, which he had not occupied for a long time, was found to be full of masterpieces all going to rack and ruin. Even the famous "Crossing the Brook," one of the priceless treasures of the National gallery in Trafalgar square, was there, with large pieces chipped off it. Many of Turner's masterpieces which he had refused to sell for "love or money" were almost ruined by the damp coming from defective windows and ceilings. There were, besides the oil paintings, literally thousands of water color drawings "chinking about the place," any one of which would draw a little fortune at this moment from the pocket of an American millionaire. By his will he left them all to the nation.—London Spectator.

Speed of Flying Ducks.

How fast do ducks fly? is a question that sportsmen have long debated. A correspondent of Forest and Stream throws some dynamite into it. Business requires him to ride frequently on a railroad in New York state that skirts a large lake. Wild fowl, startled by the train, will sometimes fly for a long distance parallel to the track at a speed the same as that of the train, hence it was easy, by timing them and getting the speed rate of the train from the conductor, to learn how fast the birds were going. The rate varied from twenty-seven miles an hour to a little over fifty. The belief of gunners that ducks sometimes travel at the rate of a mile a minute is therefore not far from the truth.

No College Degree In Brazil.

Brazil now has a law forbidding the establishment of universities because "the conferring of academic distinctions is contrary to the principles of the democracy." There are many institutions in Brazil where medicine and law are taught and these give certificates of proficiency to pupils who complete the course in a satisfactory manner. But, however well qualified he may be, no Brazilian can get a degree in his own country of doctor of medicine or of law.

Big Eyes, Big Brain.

Professor Laugier, a French scientist, has discovered that the size of the brain in animals is in exact proportion to the size of the eyes. The bigger the eyes the bigger the brains! Of course this only applies to each class of animal. A tiger may have bigger eyes than a man for instance but it doesn't follow that it has a bigger brain. But the tiger with big eyes is more cunning and brainy than a tiger with small eyes. Professor Laugier made this remarkable discovery when studying the habits of the fish known as the dorade or gilthead. There are two kinds of dorade, one pink and the other gray. The gray fish has a much smaller eye than the pink one. The scientist cut open a large number of these fish in his experiments and was struck by the fact that the large eyed fish always had the largest brain. He promptly followed up this discovery by testing other animals. He found, for example, that the little tree frog had a much larger eye than the larger marsh frog and had also a larger brain. He asserts that the same rule applies among higher animals.

Joaquin Miller in London.

Joaquin Miller is especially felicitous in his description of mountains and sea. His phrasing is strong and, though sometimes strained, vivid and true:

Afar the bright Sierras lie
A swaying line of snowy white,
A fringe of heaven hung in sight
Against the blue base of the sky.

And this is aptly descriptive of the ocean foaming on the shore:

The ocean's thin and hoary hair
Is trailed along the silvered sands.

After the late Lord Houghton climbed the attic stairs to Joaquin's room and found him sleeping under a buffalo robe the crude young westerner became a familiar figure in London social circles. He did not abandon his frontier costume, but invaded London drawing rooms with trousers tucked into his boots and his tawny hair and beard flowing uncut over a scarlet shirt. He afterward settled in Washington as a journalist and in 1887 removed to California.—Westminster Gazette.

Slander In Pantomime.

An amusing trial of two families in the County Mayo, the Sweeneys and the Caseys, was before the justices at Killimagh on Saturday. Mr. McGinley, district inspector of constabulary, elucidating its incidents.

One of the Caseys having been ordered to wear spectacles, Sweeney, for ridicule, paraded before their house in a pair of tin goggles. Two Caseys next appeared. One dropped a purse, which the other seized and ran away with. This, said the inspector, was to indicate that a Sweeney had been sent to a reformatory for purse stealing.

Two Sweeneys "mollated" in the street by one of them, with dramatic flourish, aiming a wooden gun at the other. This meant, said the inspector, that a Casey, a water bailiff, had been indicted for shooting at a man.—London Mail.

The Value of Accuracy.

We strive so much to know everything that we lose sight of the fact that accuracy is more important than knowledge since knowledge that is misty and fragile is a poor guide. But it is not only that what we know should be true as that the fact that accuracy is one of the most important elements of character. Vague ideas tend to make a weak character since character is only another name for truth. So that in the education of every man and child accuracy should be made a vital part. One of the tests for entrance to the Naval academy is, or was, an addition of a column of figures to ascertain the quantity of carelessness, if any, the applicant has in his character. It should be made an important item in our education to require accuracy.—Ohio State Journal.

Where Sherlock Holmes Lived.

The cattle show was regularly held in Baker street for many years before its removal to the Agricultural hall. Baker street takes its name from Sir Edward Baker, a friend of the Mr. Portman who gave his name to Portman square and to whom the land belonged. The street has had its share of famous inhabitants. Bulwer Lytton was born and Mrs. Siddons died there. Pitt lived at its north end, and Henry Grattan, the orator, died there in 1820. And have you noticed how very small a street Baker street is?—London Globe.

Naturally.

"I wonder," said Mrs. Gaddy, "why those inquisitive people across the street are always looking into our windows?"

"Maybe," suggested her sharp tongued husband, "it's to find out why you are always looking into theirs".—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Keeps His Word.

"Yes, sir," said Jenkins: "Smithers is a man who keeps his word; but then, he has to."

"How is that?" asked Johnson.

"Because no one will take it."

An Old Firm.

"Who painted Subbubs' house?"

"He told me the name of the concern. I think he said it was done by Fitz & Startz."—Boston Transcript.

Sure Enough.

Stillions—What do you consider the first requisite of a good husband? Cynicus—A good wife.—Philadelphia Record.

The hero is commonly the simplest and obscurest of men.—Thoreau.

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